NOVEMBER 27, 1906.

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WINTER RESORTS.
WINTER RESORTS
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Competent clerks are always in attendance in this bureau who will gladly give not only general but specific information about the resorts and routes of travel.

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Will open for the reception of guests Dec. 12th.
Formal Opening January 5th.
New York Office at Fifth Avenue Hotel.
C. A. LINSLEY.

The Shoreham
Washington, D. C.
American and European Plan.
Metropolitan Standard of Excellence.
JOHN T. DEVINE, Prop.

AROUND THE WORLD
A small, high-class party, limited to twelve members, will leave New York January 5, S. S. Cedric, traveling eastward. Most liberal arrangements. Program ready. Frank C. Clark, 1 Broadway, New York.
J. D. O'Leary, 103 Adams St., Chicago.

SACRED HEART SANITARIUM Milwaukee Wis.
Offers comfort, rest and help. Skilled attention and splendid facilities. A cheerful, homelike place of recuperation. Write for booklet B.

Now is the best time to do Xmas shopping. Only 27 DAYS MORE.

The Chicago Daily Tribune.

Now is the best time to do Xmas shopping. Only 27 DAYS MORE.

VOLUME LXV.—NO. 285. WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1906—EIGHTEEN PAGES. * PRICE TWO CENTS.

ROOSEVELT FIRM ON NEGRO ISSUE.

Tells Colored Leaders He Will Not Modify Army Order Unless Additional Facts Appear.

CABINET DIVIDES ON ROW

Part Played by Gen. Ainsworth in Case Results in Much Criticism About War Department.

BY RAYMOND.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 27.—[Special.]—President Roosevelt is firmly convinced of the justice of his decision regarding the wholesale discharge of three companies of the Twenty-fifth infantry, who were stationed at Brownsville at the time of the disturbance there Aug. 13.

Although his action in punishing the innocent as well as the guilty is not in harmony with civil law, he believes it a necessary piece of military discipline and he will not modify it, no matter what public opinion may be, unless entirely new facts are presented to him.

He does not care to hear deductions from known facts or arguments as to his duty in the matter. He will be glad to consider any new facts or presentation of actual conditions at Brownsville which are at variance with official reports on which he based his action. The president feels confident that in the long run the colored people will understand his action was not in any way based upon the race question and to justify this belief he points to his persistence in securing positions for Crum, Anderson, and other colored men in spite of the opposition of southern senators.

May Issue a Statement.

It is likely the president may issue some sort of statement within a few days, giving his conception of the military discipline and necessity he believes existed for such radical action as the summary discharge of three whole companies of United States soldiers because of the action of ten or a dozen of them.

The president evidently regrets his loss of standing among colored people and may do something to show them that he is still their friend and that his judgment would have been much more swift in the case of white troops. He intimates, in fact, that he delayed final action only because the men were colored and because some of his advisers feared that his action would be misconstrued by colored people, exactly as it has been misunderstood.

The more serious criticism which has come from white people in regard to the president's violation of an old legal principle by the punishment of men admitted to be innocent both of deed and guilty knowledge does not seem to have reached him yet, and, in any event, as explained at the outset, he is so convinced of the wisdom of his action that he could not possibly be induced to change it so long as the facts remain as they are now supposed to be.

Little Encouragement for Negroes.

This statement of the president's position does not afford much encouragement to colored people. It is not an official statement in any sense, but merely a general running summary of the conversation the president had with Charles W. Anderson, colored collector of internal revenue, New York, and Emmett J. Scott, private secretary to Booker T. Washington, and subsequent talks with a number of other people.

The president gave up half an hour or more to the two colored men, but he gave them little or no comfort except to tell them in so many words that if they could produce any new facts, or if in any way they could locate the guilty parties and thus separate the innocent from the guilty, he at once would take the matter up, and if he had the power, of which there may be grave doubt, would restore the discharged men to their places in the army. He insisted, however, that he did not have the time, nor even inclination, to talk the matter over personally.

He directed, therefore, that the people who wished to protest against his action should submit their views in writing and present them in the ordinary way through the war department. He reiterated to all his callers that his mind was made up on the abstract justice of his order, and that he would, under no consideration, listen to mere deductions, theories, or arguments.

Aware of Racial Unrest.

This decision of the president seems to be as nearly final as anything could be, and it is made in spite of the fact that there is an extraordinary condition of ferment and unrest among colored people throughout the country.

The president was aware of the fact that Senator Tillman was expected to speak in Chicago tonight under police guard, and he expressed the greatest solicitude lest there might be some hot heads who would provoke riot, resulting in bloodshed.

The case of the negro troops was discussed at length at the cabinet meeting today, and it can be stated with considerable positiveness that the cabinet is by no means unanimous in sustaining the president. Several of the lawyers in that body, while recognizing the necessity of enforcing discipline in the army by methods which would not be tolerated in a civil court, think the president went too far in depriving veteran soldiers of the benefit of repeated enlistments, and particularly in preventing their filling out the term of service which would enable them to retire on a modest competence for the remainder of their lives.

This result has been held out to every soldier in the United States army as an inducement for reenlisting, and the ground is taken by several of the president's advisers that it is unfair to deprive a man of his life insurance, which is practically what this order does, without any trial, without any overt act on his part, and without any proof or even suspicion that he had any guilty knowledge before or after the outbreak which lasted for ten minutes at midnight in Brownsville last August.

Gen. Ainsworth as Factor.

The statement was made today in discussing the case that the original orders to investigate the outrage and the subsequent steps were taken by Maj. Gen. Fred C. Ainsworth, military secretary of the army. He directed the matter to be taken up by the office of the inspector general and it is the understanding around the war department that he, in conjunction with the assistant secretary of war, prepared the papers and presented the case to President Roosevelt in such a light that he felt compelled to take the action he did. It

(Continued on page 4, column 3.)

SUMMARY OF The Daily Tribune.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1906.

THE WEATHER—
FORECAST—Fair Wednesday and probably Thursday, not much change in temperature, fresh westerly winds, becoming variable.
Sunrise, 6:56; sunset, 4:22. Moonset, 4:37 a. m.
CONDITIONS YESTERDAY.
Temperature, max. 42, min. 37, mean 40, normal for the day 32. Excess since Jan. 1, 900.
Precipitation for 24 hours to 7 p. m., trace. Deficiency since Jan. 1, 2.77 inches.
Wind, N. W., max. 24 miles an hour, at 8:15 a. m.
Relative humidity, 7 a. m. 84%, 7 p. m. 77%.
Barometer, sea level, 7 a. m. 30.29, 7 p. m. 30.40.

LARGEST 2 CENT CIRCULATION IN THE WORLD.

TELEPHONE CENTRAL 100.

WASHINGTON.

President Roosevelt remained firm in refusal to modify order dismissing negro troops unless further evidence was introduced; cabinet divided on wisdom of executive position. Page 1.

President Roosevelt promised sailors of Louisiana he would go after uniform insulters with big stick. Page 3.

Foreign questions engrossed President Roosevelt's attention; many problems discussed concerning Morocco, Newfoundland, Santo Domingo, Cuba, and Japan. Page 4.

LOCAL.

Senator Tillman of South Carolina "went the limit" in discussing negro question in Orchestra hall and no one interfered; roasted Mayor Dunne. Page 1.

Two Chicago deer hunters believed to have perished in blizzard on north shore of Lake Superior. Page 1.

Police will attempt to prevent overcrowding of the elevated and surface cars. Page 1.

Storm of protests greeted Veliva's threats in meeting held in Chicago tabernacle. Page 3.

Willie Wieland, pupil of school for crippled children, appealed to Chicago boys and girls to feed park squirrels and birds Thanksgiving day. Page 5.

School Trustee Kuflewski admitted using pull in trying to obtain appointment of three teachers. Page 5.

Phone expert testified that adequate service can be given to Chicago at one-half present charges. Page 5.

Supt. Cooley spoke on school methods at Methodist banquet. Page 3.

Chicago Automobile club took action seeking prosecution of Joy Morton's chauffeur. Page 6.

Clarence Darrow boomed as democratic candidate for mayor. Page 6.

Justice shops prepared to close for good. Page 6.

Executive committee of Sunday Closing league will decide today whether to take legal action against the mayor. Page 9.

Taking of testimony begun in trial of George B. McReynolds. Page 18.

DOMESTIC.

Philadelphia woman arrested, charged with having poisoned five persons to obtain life insurance. Page 1.

Hill hinted at monster trust of railroads in west, which he was to head, but which he frustrated by refusing to enter scheme. Page 2.

Pittsburg chamber of commerce to appeal to president for revenge on Secretary Shaw. Page 2.

Union Pacific and Gould lines accused of land graft in Salt Lake hearing. Page 3.

Steamer J. H. Jones foundered in Lake Ontario; twenty-five persons known to have been on board; other vessels wrecked in lake storm. Page 6.

Directors of Illinois Central railroad will meet in New York today to decide on question of settling state's claim for $3,000,000 back compensation. Page 7.

Board of equalization declared property in state is not taxed over 70 per cent of value; Chicago banks cited as worst examples. Page 7.

Experts at Gillette trial testified Grace Brown was dead when put in lake. Page 7.

U. S. engineers, after hearing arguments in favor of fourteen foot waterway between Chicago and St. Louis, promise to bring it before coming session of congress. Page 11.

FOREIGN.

France sent fleet to Tangier to stop reign of anarchy in Morocco; two killed in attack by tribesmen. Page 4.

Corps of nobility made appeal for changes in Russian election laws. Page 4.

NEW YORK.

Lawrence Lewis, young poet and author, discouraged at failures, committed suicide. Page 4.

Taking of testimony in trial of George Burnham Jr., counsel for Mutual Reserve Life Insurance company, begun in Supreme court. Page 4.

Fine of $18,000 imposed on American Sugar Refining company for accepting rebates from the New York Central railway. Page 4.

TRADE AND INDUSTRY.

Annual report of Union Pacific showed assets of $100,000,000 over and above liabilities; total wealth of company is $450,000,000. Page 11.

New York financial news.	Page 12.
South Water street news.	Page 12.
Local commercial news.	Page 13.
Local financial news.	Page 15.
Real estate news.	Page 17.

SPORTING.

President Murphy of the Chicago Nationals wrote open letter to President Hermann of Cincinnati club regarding spring exhibition games. Page 10.

Juggler, belonging to Burlew-O'Neill stable, won feature event at New Orleans, not having lost a race at the southern meeting. Page 10.

Capt. W. H. Brown of Pittsburg bought nearly all the valuable stock sold at the dispersal sale of the late S. S. Brown's property. Page 10.

Hyde Park High school compelled to cancel tomorrow's football game with Englewood High school. Page 10.

Jack O'Brien and Tommy Burns fight tonight at Los Angeles for heavy weight pugilistic championship title. Is likely to be a hard battle. Page 10.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
BOSTON	Kinbiana	Devonian.
BOSTON	Winifredian	Ivernia.
BREMEN	K. W. II	
CHERBOURG		Yorck.
CHERBOURG		Rhein.
GENOA	B. Ayre	Sicilia.
GLASGOW		Laurentian.
GLASGOW		Mongolian.
LIVERPOOL	Ionian	Indian.
LIVERPOOL		Saxonia.
LONDON	Minneapolis	Columbian.
MARSEILLES	Neustria	
MONTREAL		Manitoba.
NEW YORK	N. Prince	
NEW YORK	Statendam	Main.
NEW YORK	Ocean H.	Carpathia.
NEW YORK	Madonna	Smolensk.
PHILADELPHIA	Noordland	
PLYMOUTH	Pennsylvania	
ST. JOHN	Parisian	
STRANRAI	Elaina	
SYDNEY	Ventura	

POLICE TO CHECK TRACTION DANGER

Will Prevent Overcrowding of Cars on Elevated and Surface Lines if the Law Permits.

STIRRED BY GIRL'S DEATH

Coroner's Jury Declares Defective Gate on Metropolitan Train Caused Fatal Accident.

The police, afoot and mounted, will assume a measure of control over the operation of traction lines in Chicago. Granting the expected "permission" from the corporation counsel, the force under Chief Collins will undertake the task of preventing the overcrowding of all "L" trains and the blockading of surface cars within the loop, beginning this evening.

The tragic death of Miss Magdalene de Tomaso, the result of overcrowding and a defective gate on a train on the Metropolitan "L" in the rush hour Monday morning, apparently had no moral effect on those who were in charge of the operation of the cars. Nearly every car of every train which passed round the loop last evening was crowded not only beyond the point of comfort but to the point of endangering the passengers.

It was the trainman's inability to operate the gate of his car that was responsible for the death of Miss Tomaso, but no precautions have yet been taken to prevent the overcrowding of car platforms. Passengers hung over the gates of the cars, making it difficult and in some cases impossible for the trainmen to open and close them. That nobody else was killed was more the result of chance than precautions to prevent the recurrence of the De Tomaso accident.

Authority of Law Expected.

The fight to prevent overcrowding began early in the morning. There was a conference between Chief of Police Collins and the city's traction expert, Maurice F. Doty. Previous complaints had been made to the police chief that the overcrowding of "L" cars was a menace of life and limb, but he was hampered by ordinance power.

"If you will tell me how to proceed and name the number of policemen necessary to carry on the work, I will stop the overcrowding of elevated trains," Chief Collins said to Dr. Doty.

"I am not sure of our power myself, but I will get an opinion from the corporation counsel and begin tomorrow evening," replied Dr. Doty.

The request for an opinion did not reach the corporation counsel's office until evening. Assistant Corporation Counsel Mackay Hoyne said the city has the power to prevent the overcrowding of cars when it is deemed necessary in the interest of public safety. Just how far the police may go will be recited in a written opinion to be delivered this morning and under which the police will act during the rush hours.

To Limit Number of Passengers.

It is planned to place uniformed policemen on every station of the loop. Just how many passengers will be permitted on each car has not been decided, but Dr. Doty suggested that not more than one and one-half times the seating capacity of each car should be acceptable as safe.

That every car leaving the loop during the rush hour in the evening had far overlapped the "safe" limit under this stipulation was plain. The average seating capacity of the cars used in the elevated trains is fifty-six. Dr. Doty, accordingly, would permit but eighty-four passengers on such cars. A count of the passengers on the cars showed that the average was between 125 and 135, while some cars, with their overcrowded platforms, carried as many as 150 and 160.

Car Gate Found Defective.

The inquest over the body of Miss Tomaso resulted in a verdict exonerating the trainmen but criticising the condition of the train appliances.

"If the appliances necessary for the proper manipulation of the gate had been in good order the guard would have been able to open the gate, even against the company's rules, and saved her life," was the wording of this part of the verdict.

"As I understand it, two things prevented you from averting the accident—the defective gate lever and the overcrowded condition of the platform?" said Ald. William E. Dever, addressing Guard Anthony Seneca in the course of the inquest.

"Exactly," replied the trainman.

An attorney for the elevated railroad company endeavored to show by the trainman that the girl's fall was caused by an effort of one of the passengers to hold her on the car, thus drawing her off the platform of the station. This did not shake the man's testimony, however.

Blockades to Be Prevented.

It is planned to divide the police forces for the supervision of surface and elevated car traffic into two squads—the mounted police to prevent teamsters from blockading surface cars and patrolmen to prevent the overcrowding of "L" trains.

Mounted policemen are to be stationed at every important street intersection within the loop and on both the north and west sides of the river. Every teamster who arbitrarily blockades street car tracks will be arrested if he refuses to move out on the first order of the policeman.

Trouble with teamsters has been most prevalent on the North Clark and Wells street lines south of Michigan street and throughout the loop. On the west side the teamsters tie up street car traffic at will east of Desplaines street to the river. Mounted policemen will be stationed at short intervals along these lines.

Congestion on Union Loop.

Reporters for THE TRIBUNE who investigated conditions on elevated trains in the evening found conditions practically the same on every line. With trains creeping slowly around the loop, the rear of some trains but a few feet ahead of the motor car of the next train, every car crowded far beyond its capacity, and thousands of passengers pouring on to the platforms and clamoring to be permitted to board the already filled cars, the condition could not have been more chaotic.

On the Metropolitan trains the crowding was worse at the Marshfield avenue station than at any of the loop stations. The superintendents of this and all of the other lines placed the responsibility for the crowding on the fact that the platforms on the loop are not long enough.

It is a significant fact, however, that the station at Marshfield avenue is longer than any of those on the loop, and, as it is on the

(Continued on page 5, column 2.)

BRAVE, BUT NOT FOOLHARDY.

"Well, gents, I suppose you know I've seen some purty stirring times. I invented bravery. I don't know what 'fear' means except from hearsay. I'm round shouldered from wearing hero medals.

"My right leg was bitten off by cannibals down in the Caroline islands. I lost my other leg at Bull Run, and I needed it, too. One of my ears was burnt off while saving women and children during the Chicago fire. I lost an eye in Tibet; the grand lama seared it out with a red hot iron.

"One of my ears was eaten off by a hungry rattlesnake. I'm so full of bullets that I always get weighed by Troy weight. My index finger was frozen off when I was with Nansen and another finger was shot off at Lucknow in '57. I think you might say that I've got considerable nerve, BUT—

"I draw the line on these crowded elevated road platforms. I'm brave, but I'm not foolhardy. Excuse me from them."

WOMAN SLAYS 5 FOR $1,000?

Husband and Two Children Are Among Alleged Victims.

POISONED FOR INSURANCE.

Grewsome Series of Murders Revealed by Arrest in Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, Pa., Nov 27.—[Special.]—Bridget Carey, 32 years old, was arrested tonight upon the most grewsome charge ever made against a woman in this state—the murder of five persons, including her husband and two children, for $1,000, the sum of the insurance on their lives.

The police are positive that the woman is guilty of the murders charged against her and equally positive that she planned the sacrifice of other lives to collect insurance carried on them. The officers who arrested her in her home tonight found the third and youngest of her children near death, showing exactly the same symptoms as shown just before the end by the five who died in her house.

The woman ran a boarding house and made a practice of persuading her boarders to take out policies in her name. She paid also the premiums on small policies she had persuaded some of her neighbors to take out. From what the police already have learned the woman had fairly entered upon a practice of wholesale murder for insurance.

Five Die in Eleven Months.

In eleven months it is alleged these have been her victims:

CAREY, PATRICK, her husband, aged 35 years; insured for $250.
CAREY, MARY, a daughter, aged 8 years; insured for $115.
CAREY, ANNIE, a daughter, aged 6 years; insured for $115.
COOK, PATRICK, a boarder; insured for $215.
COOK, CECELIA, a boarder; insured for $215.

The woman's arrest followed an investigation made into the deaths of her two girl children, which occurred last week. It was said at the time that their deaths were caused by eating poisoned candy or candy that contained deleterious substances. An analysis of candy such as the children are said to have purchased showed that it contained no poisonous substance and when Coroner's Physician Wadsworth made an analysis of the stomachs of the children he found the little girls died from arsenical poisoning.

Slays Two Girls for $250.

According to Captain of Detectives Donaghy it was learned that the children were insured for $125 each and that Mrs. Carey collected this amount after their deaths. The police officials say they learned that the woman had secured rat poison and on further investigation found that Patrick and Cecelia Cook, brother and sister, who lived with Mrs. Carey, had died within a few months under suspicious circumstances. The woman's husband died ten months ago.

Miss Cecelia Cook had been the lessor of the boarding house and Mrs. Carey was a tenant. The police officials say that Miss Cook was insured for $200 in favor of Patrick Cook, her brother, and that on Aug. 13 she died. Patrick had been insured for $500 in favor of his sister. He collected the insurance on her policy after her death and Mrs. Carey took up the lease of the house.

Thereupon Patrick Cook made his insurance in favor of Mrs. Carey and shortly thereafter was stricken ill and died.

Gets Death Certificate Easily.

When Miss Cook died a physician who had attended her was visited by Mrs. Carey, the police say, and asked to sign a death certificate for insurance attesting that she died of heart disease. As he had previously attended her for heart trouble and knew that she was liable to die at any moment he signed the certificate, though he had not been in attendance on the woman just prior to her death. Miss Cook died on Aug. 13, and on Sept. 17 her brother died suddenly in much the same manner as his sister.

The police officials say that Mrs. Carey secured the insurance. After the death of the children the police learned that the woman's husband died suddenly about ten months ago, and from physicians who were called in at various times during the illness of the alleged victims they were urged to make a rigid investigation.

In an effort to avoid publicity no effort was made to arrest the woman until late tonight. It was after 10 o'clock when Detective Joe Miller and Isaacs, with Frank Paul, a coroner's deputy, arrived at Mrs. Carey's house with a warrant charging her with suspicion of having murdered her husband and two children.

Panic Among Her Neighbors.

The woman answered the door herself.

From the moment that the charge against Mrs. Carey became known the entire district was in a turmoil. The boarders in her house became frantic. Almost all of them had agreed to have their lives insured for her benefit.

One of the boarders, Mrs. Mullen, after hearing of the arrest, ran into the street crying:

"O, my, I was insured by that woman, and I suppose I was next to go."

Other boarders ran about the neighborhood telling of Mrs. Carey's arrest and of the manner in which she had their lives insured. Mrs. Mullen was almost frantic. The insurance upon her life had been placed only ten weeks ago, and was the highest of any that figures in the case. The policy upon her life was for about $300 and Mrs. Carey had been paying 25 cents a week in premiums she said.

TOKIO DEFEATS M. O. PLAN.

Assembly Vetoes Proposition That City Purchase and Manage Street Railways.

TOKIO, Nov. 27.—In the municipal assembly here today the proposition that the city purchase the street railways and manage them as a municipal undertaking was defeated.

FAMOUS RUINS WIPED OUT.

Yuba Dam Mining Camp, Given Prominence by Bret Harte's Poem, Destroyed by Fire.

Marysville, Cal., Nov. 27.—The ruins of Yuba Dam, once a famous mining camp, and made more famous by Bret Harte's poem, were destroyed by fire early this morning.

CHICAGOANS DIE IN WOODS.

Deer Hunters Perish in Blizzard; Perhaps Eaten by Wolves.

GUIDES GIVE UP SEARCH.

J. S. Lincoln and D. R. Caldwell Lost in Wilds Above Grand Marais.

Buried under the snow in the woods twelve miles north of Grand Marais are the bodies of J. S. Lincoln and D. R. Caldwell, both of Chicago. Either that or the men, lost in a snow storm, have been devoured by wolves.

Their exact fate is unknown. All that is known is that they disappeared in the blizzard that covered the desolate region along the north shore of Lake Superior with six feet of snow, and that search parties which have been working for a week have given them up for lost.

J. S. Lincoln was vice president of the Abbott Machine company, 50 St. John's court. D. R. Caldwell was a traveling salesman employed by the company.

F. H. Smith, 214 Elmwood avenue, Oak Park, treasurer of the company, was to have accompanied Lincoln and Caldwell to Grand Marais. Some time ago the three men planned a moose hunt in that region. At the last minute Mr. Smith was prevented from going. Last night he said he no longer entertained any hope for the safety of Lincoln or Caldwell. He will start today for Grand Marais to institute a search for their bodies.

Camp Intact; Men Gone.

With two veteran guides, Lincoln and Caldwell left Duluth for Grand Marais more than two weeks ago. They pitched their camp twelve miles north of Grand Marais and had hunted with little success for some days, when their supplies became exhausted and the guides left the camp to secure supplies. The guides left the camp a week ago last Thursday. The next day the northern shore of Lake Superior was swept by a terrific snow storm. In twenty-three hours four feet of snow fell.

The guides had difficulty in getting back to the camp on snowshoes. They found everything almost as they had left it, but both Lincoln and Caldwell were gone. The guides surmised that the men had gone hunting in their absence and had been caught in the blizzard and lost.

Guides and Indians Search in Vain.

The guides searched three days, and then returned to town and secured six others, one white man and five Indians, who know the country. They searched continuously until last night without result, covering a wide territory.

Sunday two more feet of snow fell, and it is believed the men will not be found until the snow melts in the spring.

Mr. Lincoln, Mr. Smith said last night, had lived in Chicago fifteen years. He was 45 years old and a graduate of Harvard. He was unmarried, and has no relatives in Chicago.

TILLMAN SPEAKS; NEGRO HIS TOPIC

"Pitchfork" Senator Gives His Views Unlimited Swing, with No Serious Interruption.

POLICE ARREST TWO MEN.

Doctrine of White Supremacy Has Hearing in Orchestra Hall, with Police Guard.

Senator Ben Tillman of South Carolina discussed the negro question last night at Orchestra hall in his way, "untamed" way, and discovered that speech was still "untrammeled" in Chicago. He "went the limit" and nobody interfered.

There were, in fact, occasional interruptions from interested auditors who seemed desirous chiefly of "drawing sparks" from the senator. Sometimes he answered tactfully, but once he gruffly told the interrupters to "shut up." The lecture, which was for the benefit of the Chicago Union hospital, was held under strong police protection, which was not called into action.

Doesn't Know the Mayor.

Mayor Dunne came in for a roasting from the "pitchfork senator." The mayor had not snubbed him, the senator said, by declining to act as chairman after having accepted, but the snub was administered to the charitable women who had arranged the lecture. The senator said he did not know the mayor, anyhow.

A race war that will begin with South Carolina, where the negroes already outnumber the whites by 250,000 and are becoming more numerous and capable of qualifying by education for the legal right to vote, was predicted by the senator.

That it would extend to the north he hinted when he told of the importation of negro voters to Delaware for the purpose of carrying the elections, and how the colored voters were able to turn the tide in political divisions in Illinois, New York, and other states.

Denounces Fifteenth Amendment.

He denounced the fifteenth amendment, which does not permit the dominating whites to discriminate against the blacks. "How about that law?" asked a white man, who sat in an end seat in the front row and right under the speaker. He had been doing most of the interrupting.

"To hell with such a law!" shouted the senator.

There was a slight hissing, which was really the only serious demonstration of the evening that approached ill temper on the part of the audience.

In the course of the address Mr. Tillman said: "I never have advocated lynch law. I have justified it for one crime."

Audience in Laughing Mood.

The speaker was cheered for several minutes after he had been introduced by Miles S. Macon, and the audience repeated its cheers at intervals during the address, which lasted more than three hours. It was evident, however, that the people did not take everything he said as seriously as Mr. Tillman thought the importance of the subject demanded.

At times there was considerable laughter. For instance, the audience, which did not quite know what to do after the senator had consigned the fifteenth amendment to the place of condemned spirits, laughed when immediately afterward he pulled out his watch and in the calmest manner said in his southern accent:

"If you keep this up you'll be here until midnight, for I'm going to tell you the gospel according to Tillman."

Several Negroes Listen.

A good many negro men and women were scattered through the audience. Several of them sat in the boxes. They were most numerous in the gallery, and there the interruptions started. The audience grew extremely impatient at these interruptions, and cries of "Put him out," "Give Tillman a chance," "Don't stop your speech" were heard all over the house. The rear two rows of the balcony were filled almost exclusively with colored people. For the most part these people listened silently and with respect.

The senator apparently misunderstands the local judgeship situation, for he referred indirectly to what he termed the "counting out" of F. L. Barnett as follows:

"All our officials are white men, thank God," referring to South Carolina after gloating over the actions that disfranchised 120,000 colored voters, "but we never yet have stooped to the infamy of nominating a negro and then counting him out after election."

Two Disturbers Arrested.

At one time toward the end of the speech the senator was interrupted by a disturbance in the gallery. Isadore Gordon, a Russian cigarmaker, leaned over the balcony, and, shaking his fist, shouted: "You are not stating facts, you coward. Every one here knows that you lie."

For a moment Tillman hesitated. Policemen Tynan and O'Brien made their way to the angry disturber and despite his struggles he was lifted bodily from his seat and carried out.

While the policemen were struggling with Gordon, Eugene F. Manns, a negro plumber, 2942 State street, leaned over his seat at the rear of the gallery and started to hiss. Before he was reached by the police several persons in the gallery attempted to strike him, but he warded off their blows until he was rescued. When searched at the Harrison street station a huge piece of lead pipe was found in his possession. Several steel bolts also were taken away from him.

"I went to the hall expecting to see a disturbance," said Gordon. "I would like to have seen a shot fired that would launch Tillman floating skyward. Had it not been for the strong police force Tillman undoubtedly would have been shot at. He came here only to stir up race hatred and the bomb is not too good for such as he."

Manns and Gordon were placed in a cell at the Harrison street station and were charged with attempting to incite a riot. Gordon lives at Blue Island avenue and West Taylor street.

Senator Begins with Dunne.

The senator's address began as follows:

"Ladies and Gentlemen: Will you pardon me for a few brief personal allusions before I enter upon the serious business of the evening? Pursuing my private affairs, and trying to make a little money honestly, I have been engaged in delivering lectures or speeches, and when I received a letter from a lady of your city inquiring if I would consent to make a speech on behalf of the hospital fund I willingly and gladly consented to do so.

"I expected to come into Chicago, as I

have been going into other cities and towns, saving it to the management to attend to the audience, because it is none of my affair, and to discharge my part of the agreement, as I had hoped, to the satisfaction of those who might do me the honor to come out to hear me talk.

"Imagine, then, my astonishment, when, on looking up a Chicago paper some days ago, largely by accident, because I have been on the run continuously, coming from Montana through the Dakotas into Iowa in the last ten days—it was largely by accident I got hold of a paper from your city—imagine, I say, my astonishment to find that there was objection to my coming to Chicago to make a speech.

Says Objection Was Bitter.

"And not only objection, but such bitter and impudent discussion—O, I hardly know what to call it—presentation of the demand of a certain element of your citizenship that the good ladies of Chicago should cancel an engagement because forsooth it was contrary to the wishes of these distinguished fellow citizens of yours.

"And imagine further my astonishment to see day after day, as I have since I came in your neighborhood, column after column and morning after morning something about injunctions and buying off a lecture, putting up cash to gag me, and all that kind of stuff. And you will understand now and why it is I was wondering whether I was in America or whether I was in Russia.

"I have seen my name coupled with this and that and the other accusation and charge, and if I had been an anarchist fresh from some conspiracy to create civil war I could not have been worse attacked.

Would Exercise His Rights.

"And to cap the climax the Associated Press and the specials from this great city sent broadcast throughout the United States have called the attention of the country to the fact that a few thousand people in Chicago have made up their minds that a United States senator must do their will, and their beck and nod, rather than exercise his rights as a free man to speak wherever he pleases.

"On top of that comes a telegram which I have read in other papers that 'the pitch-fork senator' has been snubbed by the mayor of Chicago. Will you pardon me if I declare to you in all sincerity that I have not the honor of the acquaintance of the mayor of Chicago; that I never saw him; that I have not written to him; that I have requested nobody else to go to him to ask him to introduce me to any audience.

"How then and where does the snub come in? It seems to me if anybody is snubbed it is these gracious ladies who, in pursuance of a great charitable object, have asked this creature of a political hour to come for ward—Mayor Dunne!

Mayor's Presence Honor Senator?

"And then, when you consider the fact that on Monday next, at 12 o'clock, the gavel will fall in the hand of the vice president of the United States, and a roll will be called, and that my name will be on that roll and has been for twelve years, what honor could the presiding of this man over this meeting confer over me?

"Then, again, in that body, the United States senate, I have discussed the question which I shall discuss tonight, once, twice, thrice, at the fullest length and with the greatest possible freedom, and, what is more, with men in there who are all alive, who have proclaimed doctrines and ideas which I attacked, and not a man of them has ever dared to stand up and controvert my facts or dispute my arguments.

Goes Straight at Race Problem.

"I have been advertised, I understand, to discuss the annexation of Cuba. I did not have any notice of that until I got into the city three days ago; and, in view of the fact that I could not discuss that subject without discussing the race question—could not do it to save my life—what is the use of my resorting to subterfuge to bring in by indirect means what would necessarily come any way? I prefer to go at it hammer and tongs, straightforward, like a man; and therefore I shall discuss the race problem pure and simple, from an American standpoint and not from a Cuban standpoint.

"What I want you to know is that I, perhaps, realize the seriousness and the gravity of it more than any man in this house. I lay claim to be as well qualified, if not better qualified, to discuss this question as any man in America, for the simple reason that, aside from the immense amount of study and serious thought, I have read a great deal, and then I have had experiences which possibly no other man in this country has ever had.

Millions of Blacks.

"There are in this country some 8,500,000 or 9,000,000 people with African blood in their veins, called negroes. They love to call themselves Afro-Americans to indicate that some of them have studied a little Latin. These 9,000,000 people, we will say, are divided about this way: There are 1,000,000 with white blood in their veins in greater or less proportion, ranging all the way from one-eighth or possibly one-sixteenth of negro blood and the balance white, and from that down to one-sixteenth of white and fifteen-sixteenths black. About 700,000—in that neighborhood—they are rapidly increasing, thank God—live in the north; 8,000,000 live in the former slave states."

A voice—There ain't a black one in the whole push.

Senator Tillman—Where?

The Voice—In this audience.

Sees Two Negroes in Audience.

Senator Tillman—"There is one over yonder as black as the ace of spades. I am glad that I see two, one a genuine negro and the other a quadroon. I presume they have come here to see how successful their efforts at gagging me have been. Don't interrupt me so much by applause; let me go on and I will tell my plain, unvarnished story.

"Eight millions of them are pure blooded Africans; 700,000, or such a matter as 1,000,000, with mixed blood, and 5,000,000 or such a matter of those live in the south. Now, under the constitution as amended—the fourteenth and fifteenth amendments—these people have been given every right that the general constitution can confer that a white man has. That is the legal status."

Another voice—Not in Virginia.

Senator Tillman—Yes, sir everywhere. The fifteenth amendment—the fourteenth and fifteenth amendments have conferred upon the negroes every right that a white man has.

Another voice—Excepting intelligence.

Senator Tillman—"That is not a right. God gives that. Am I not right? And the right to vote is not conferred, because it is not a federal right."

A voice—How about Kentucky?

Says "Shut Your Mouth."

Senator Tillman—O, shut your mouth. You don't know the A, B, C of this thing; I have forgotten forty years ago more than you ever knew. The Supreme court of the United States has declared that the right to vote is not a federal right; that the states must settle that. But, mark you, in settling it we find the fifteenth amendment declares that every person born in the United States is a citizen of the United States; and then it goes on to say that no state shall enact any law that shall discriminate against a citizen of the United States on account of race or color.

"Therefore, that is why the constitutional amendment has not conferred suffrage on the negro; it has not conferred it on the white, and it has said that no state shall pass a law relating to suffrage or anything else which shall discriminate against any citizen of the United States because of his race or color. Therefore, the negro has every right that the white man has."

A voice—We will see about the truth of that.

Senator Tillman—We will see whether it is true a little later on. Don't get ahead of me now. This being the fact, the southern people, among whom 8,000,000 negroes live, when they undertake to deal with the question of suffrage, or the question of police, or the question of anything to protect their civilization are confronted by this prohibition, which says: "Make any rule you please, provided it applies to both races alike." Therefore, we cannot pass any law which mentions the color of the individual affected by it.

Negroes Majority in Some States.

"Now, having got that fact into your heads, how many of you know that in the six states of South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, and Louisiana, a group together around the south Atlantic and the gulf until you reach Texas—how many of you know that there are 30,000 more negroes in those six states than there are whites? How many of you know that in the state of South Carolina there are 230,000 more negroes than there are whites?

"You have got, we will say, 75,000 in Chicago. You have 2,000,000 in all the population. From the racket they kick up and have kicked up one would imagine that they were the 2,000,000 and you were the 75,000.

"I want this fact to settle into your minds and take root because it means something. I can liken our condition to this: We have got the white man's burden on our shoulders and it weighs more than we do. South Carolina and Mississippi are swimming for their lives. Georgia and the other three have got their necks out, but they are wading in deep water. And yet you and men like you (pointing to a man who had interrupted) undertake to pass upon our future. You make up your minds that equality before the law which the fifteenth amendment guarantees is right and should be enforced, notwithstanding it might result, and would result, in two states at least being dominated absolutely by negroes, while four of us will be so near that there will be practically an equal division of officers."

A voice—How about the law?

"To Hell with Such Law."

Senator Tillman—The law? To hell with such law.

"Now, then, let us see some more of this perplexing situation. Let us take five other states, Texas, Arkansas, Tennessee, North Carolina, and Virginia. Those five states have white majorities ranging from two to one of whites to negro to five or six to one, therefore there is no danger of absolute negro domination in any of them. But let me tell you just what has happened and what is likely to happen yet, because what has once occurred can surely come to pass another time.

"In 1892 populism ran riot in the south and west. In North Carolina a bright young populist named Marion Butler and a bright republican named Jedus C. Pritchard were sent to the senate. Sixty thousand white men took 100,000 negroes and beat 140,000 white men and elected those two brilliant young gentlemen. In other words, negroes and mountaineers and ultra cranky populists beat the white people who own practically all the property; pay all of the taxes, have nearly all of the intelligence, and integrity, and character, and they held the state for four years.

"Then the banner of white supremacy was thrown to the breeze. The cry was made, 'Rally to your colors. Be a white man or be a nigger. You have got to take your choice.' And North Carolina went democratic again.

North Faces Problem.

"Let us come on to the north. Take the state of Illinois, take the state of Indiana, take the state of Ohio, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, and New York. In each one of these states the number of negro votes is sufficient under any normal condition of politics to give the states to the republican party. Here you, in the near future, if not at this time, are face to face with this proposition that your great states will be dominated by these negroes, who will be hugged and kissed and cuddled and petted by your dandy politicians to get their votes.

"We all are interested in the settlement of this race problem and the question of how to settle it justly, fairly, and in accord with the dictates of humanity is uppermost in tonight's question. But I want to speak about the law, because the law as it has been written and as it is now in the statute books would doom me and mine to perpetual bondage to the African.

Denies Any Hatred of Race.

"Now I take occasion to say that those who think I hate the negro race are far wrong. I had a black 'mammy.' My play fellows were little negroes. I have a negro living with me who is about my age, and has been for thirty-five years as faithful to me and mine as any mortal can be to another. I would divide the last crust I have got with that negro, and, what is more, I would get my shotgun and go after any man who comes to impose on him. But I believe that they should remain in their place."

When the speaker approached the subject of sex in connection with the race problem he emphasized his points by waving his arms, slapping his hands, and shouting at the top of his voice.

Other Race Problems Settled.

"I stand here in the name of 17,000,000 white southern people and ask why, when you have settled the Indian and other race problems to your satisfaction by killing the Indians and shutting out the Mongolians, we should be compelled to settle the nigger question to suit your infernal hypocrites," said he.

"If you say we shall make South Carolina black, by heavens, we will make it red before we get through. If you think God made a nigger of as good clay as he made you I don't care, but I know he didn't make him out of as good clay as he made me.

"What has the nigger ever done for himself? Not one step forward in progress and civilization has he taken. Yet the fanatics of the north place him on an equality with the whites. What justification have you for it? Why treat him differently from the Indian and the Mongolians?

"It has been left for you smart aleeks to discover that the African is the equal of the Caucasian and the Anglo-Saxon. I know a colored man, and whatever brains and character he has he got from his white father. I mean Booker T. Washington. Have you ever read his book?

Glad Slavery Is Gone.

"I am not defending slavery. I am glad it's dead and gone. The war emancipated the white people of the south as well as the negroes. When I read Washington's glorified story of his coming up through slavery it puts me in mind of a book which might be written with a great deal of profit. It should tell the story of how the niggers have come out of barbarism through slavery.

"Whatever the niggers have today that is worth having they got it through slavery. In slavery they were taught religion and the virtues, and when they were freed the niggers were decent Christian men and women, better than all their brothers in Africa, who are still in barbarism.

"Then you thrust the ballot into his hand and instilled the poison in his mind that he was the equal of the white man. What have you done for the negro in forty years?"

"Everything," shouted a man in the gallery.

Quick as a flash the speaker turned and faced the man who interrupted.

"Sure you have," he shouted, shaking his fist in the air. "You have made him a ravisher of women."

This outburst of passion on the part of the senator was followed by a tremendous demonstration of approval by the audience. The crowd yelled, shouted, whistled, applauded, and laughed, the noise continuing for several minutes, while Senator Tillman stood in characteristic attitude with arms folded across his breast.

Predicts Bloodshed.

After the noise had subsided he continued:

"Unless this ravishing of white women stops I predict bloodshed both in the north and the south. It's the young vagabond niggers, who tramp and roam about from turpentine camp to sawmill, who commit these awful crimes, which are even below the brute animals. They are the blossoms of northern philanthropy. The riot in Atlanta was caused by this, and other riots will follow.

"I have been charged with advocating lynch law. I have justified lynch law for one crime, that is all. I don't believe in lynch law. But wherever this crime occurs, people lose all civilization. It peels off, just like a banana. We stand up then as men close to the original type. Any man who is worthy of the name must think what he must do before he passes judgment on the southern people who are face to face with those conditions.

"Now, I have advocated and am advocating, how that instead of lynching people for this crime it is our sacred duty to do whatever is possible to prevent this crime. I have gone far enough in my desperation, as the only thing which offers relief which, because of the fifteenth amendment standing in the way, I have urged our people, and I shall continue to urge if occasion offers, to enact a passport law such as they have in Russia and Germany.

Criticises the President.

"Now, as a general illustration of the injustice that is sometimes done—I don't like to say it, because of the known antagonism and antipathy that exists between us—but I stand here tonight and I tell you candidly that when President Roosevelt discharged those three companies in the way he did without a court martial and punished innocent men for the crime of some, he transcended the authority of the law, and he ought not to have done it.

"The fundamental principle of our law is that it is better that a thousand guilty men escape than one innocent man suffer. It was a fearful crime for those negroes to ride into Brownsville and use their army guns to shoot into the houses of citizens who were lying peaceably asleep and murder one and shoot another in the arm and cause the loss of the arm. The officers who had allowed things to go with such a loose hand are responsible for it. They ought to be court martialed for having allowed this condition of no discipline to arise.

Wants Constitution Amended.

"I want to see justice done and therefore I want something done by way of repeal of the fifteenth amendment or something else that will enable the southern people to protect themselves and to protect the negroes against their passions and put them under some control that will protect them and protect us, too.

"So I beg and plead with you to study this question, inform yourselves, get possession of the facts. I have not told you a third yet, but I can tell you no more tonight. But I tell you there are many aspects of it upon which I have not touched. I could tell you about my prognostication about what the American people will be 300 years from now unless we do something now, but I can't do it.

"I try to tell the truth. I like to be honest and fair. I want to be just to the negroes and everybody else, but I believe God almighty made me on a better plane than he made them, and so help me God I propose to maintain that position."

People in the Boxes.

Among those in the boxes were Mrs. Margaret Warren Springer, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Atwell, Miss Pauline Macreedy, Charles A. Coey, Mrs. A. J. Keeler, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Crane, Mr. Alexander De Nuber, Mrs. K. J. Stanley, Mrs. Addison Blakeley, Building Inspector and Mrs. E. F. Kelling, Mrs. E. E. Vaughn, Mrs. George Hamm, Mrs. F. E. Chandler, James H. Keeler, August Fox, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Alexander, Mrs. Almira Springer, Mrs. Mary T. Hager, Charles F. Hager, and Mrs. Mary E. Duddleston.

Seated on the stage were Dr. F. E. Culver, P. H. Hoban, A. A. Ashburn of Washington, D. C.; George W. Le Vin, George C. Le Vin, J. R. Vaughan, Dr. E. E. Vaughan, Miss Mabel Reiterman, and Miles F. Macon, who presided.

Curious Crowd Outside.

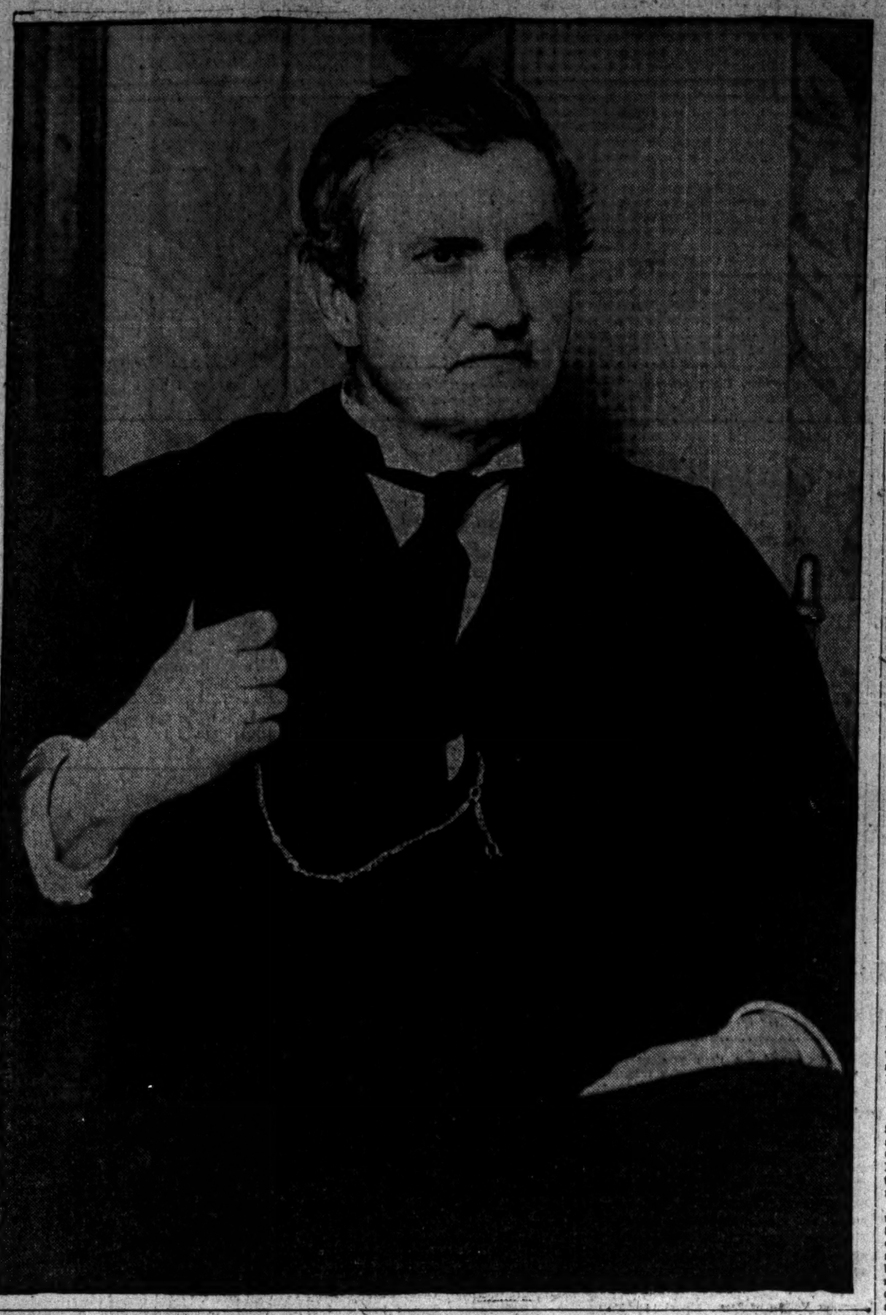
Not since it started on its peaceable musical career has the Thomas Orchestra hall seen such a curious throng as the one formed by the several hundred men and boys who gathered about its doors at 7 o'clock waiting for something to "break loose." Some cross sections of the crowd looked like fair material for a "mob," but the sixty police on guard kept order even if the outside of the place did look "mussy." Newsboys shouting an extra, "All 'bout 'tempted murder of Tillman" added thrills enough to suit the occasion.

Senator Tillman arrived in a closed carriage at 7:45 p. m. Contrary to rumors he was not attended by a police bodyguard, having sent out an irascible word from his room at the Great Northern hotel that he'd be "darned" if he would "stand for it." He was met at the entrance to the hall and hurried through the throng and downstairs and thence back to the stage, where he was landed in a small room furnished with a solitary chair and table and a pitcher of ice water. Detectives Tom Kane and William W. Howe guarded him from any possible outbreak of "race war."

At the close of the meeting Senator Tillman was bundled into a carriage and taken to the Annex, where he was tendered a midnight supper by C. A. Coey, Mrs. Margaret Warren Springer, and Mrs. A. J. Keeler.

Senator Ben Tillman, Who Discussed the Negro, with Heavy Police Guard in Attendance.

[From a photograph taken yesterday afternoon for THE TRIBUNE.]



SEEKS REBUKE FOR SHAW.

PITTSBURG WILL ASK PRESIDENT TO AVENGE "INSULT."

Angry at Declarations Made by Secretary, Cabinet Minister, and at His Action Toward Board Appointed to Confer with Him, Chamber of Commerce Plans to Seek Redress from Roosevelt—Will Insist They Be Given Respectful Hearing.

Pittsburg, Pa., Nov. 27.—[Special.]—There will be an echo to Secretary Leslie M. Shaw's visit to Pittsburg yesterday in the shape of an appeal to President Roosevelt to take his cabinet minister severely to task.

Members of the business men's organizations of the city were smarting today with the memory of Secretary Shaw's declarations. It is felt that the committee of nine appointed to confer with him on the question of post-office sites was treated with the scantest courtesy. President H. D. W. English of the chamber of commerce directors is especially aggrieved. It was under his nose Secretary Shaw snapped his fingers and said:

"You get your mind on my trolley. Let's have no false pretenses. I don't want to know your alliances. I don't want to hear about your committees. I know how such committees can be made up. You don't represent your association—I am assured of that."

Chamber of Commerce to Act.

As a result of Secretary Shaw's attitude the chamber of commerce has called a meeting for Friday, at which resolutions will be adopted calling upon President Roosevelt to insist upon Secretary Shaw giving the mercantile, manufacturing, and financial interests of Pittsburg not only a full, but a respectful hearing. If the president does not agree to such action, reflecting as it will upon his secretary of the treasury, he will be asked to have the selection of the postal building site held up until George B. Cortelyou succeeds Shaw.

The Pittsburgers will tell President Roosevelt they are at least sure of courtesy from Cortelyou, which they will declare was sadly lacking from Shaw. Resolutions, while they will be formally respectful, will have an undercurrent of insistance that it is believed will appeal to the president. Merchants and manufacturers associations will take similar action, and other organizations are expected to follow suit.

Church Club Scores Shaw.

As showing the feeling Secretary Shaw has engendered in the city, a heated session of the Church club of Pittsburg diocese of the Protestant Episcopal church, of which H. D. W. English is a member, was held this evening. President C. E. Childers referred to Secretary Shaw's remarks to English and declared that whatever part English had taken it was true and honest. The members of the club sprang to their feet and applauded Childers' statement and others made speeches of similar tenor.

Judge James H. Reed, chairman of the chamber of commerce, was outspoken today regarding the necessity for calling a meeting of the chamber of commerce.

"I think that a meeting should be called as soon as possible," said Judge Reed, "in order that the indignities cast upon the committee by Mr. Shaw may be resented. I have no interest one way or another in the selection of a site, and I think that I made that plain to Mr. Shaw yesterday afternoon."

Council Scandal to Be Exposed.

The council bribery scandal, in which $70,000 is intended to secure the passage of a franchise ordinance for the proposed Tube City railroad, is to be thoroughly ventilated. Mayor George W. Guthrie is in charge of the work the police is doing and frequent reports are being made to him.

More arrests will follow those of Common Councilman William A. Martin of the Sixteenth ward and President C. S. Cameron of the Pittsburg and Tube City railroad, who are charged with conspiring to bribe members of the select and common councils. A number of members of both branches of the councils are under surveillance by detectives, and any attempt to leave the city will be stopped by immediate arrest.

Forty-four members of the common council and twenty-five members of the select are supposed to be in the conspiracy. The police have the names of these men. Cameron is expected to turn state's evidence and surrender the list of councilmanic grafters to the police.

Of the $70,000 which went astray and caused all the trouble, $40,000 was to have been distributed among sixty-nine councilmen. The remaining $30,000 was to be given to three councilmen who acted as agents, it is declared.

TEACHER USES ROD ON BOY; FATHER SWEARS OUT WARRANT

Charles Loheit Charges Prof. T. W. O'Connors with Illegally Beating His Twelve Year Old Son.

Charles Loheit, 1037 West Seventy-seventh street, Harlem, yesterday swore out a warrant for the arrest of Prof. T. W. O'Connors, 7b South Marengo street, principal of the Harlem public school, for the alleged unlawful striking and assaulting of his child, Fred, 12 years old.

The mother says her boy was unable to attend school for several days and that he required medical attention.

Prof. O'Connors, when seen at his home last night, denied that he had beaten the boy. "I simply gave him a good spanking," he said. "The child had been committing misdemeanors and I had warned him several times."

LURED; SOLD; MAKES ESCAPE.

John Cotton, Negro, Charged with Receiving $5 for Polish Woman Imprisoned in Dive.

Charging that she had been lured to a disorderly house at 2524 State street early yesterday morning and sold to A. W. Doode, a negro, for $5, Frances Bauske, a young Polish woman, went to the Cottage Grove avenue station last night and asked that she be given protection. According to the story told by Miss Bauske she fled from the place after she had been held captive for more than twelve hours.

The police are looking for John Cotton, a negro, who, the girl asserts, promised her employment at the State street address. Cotton left after being given the money by Doode.

The young woman's clothing was torn almost to shreds, the result of her fight to escape. She was taken to the Post Graduate hospital, where her injuries were dressed, later being taken to the Harrison street annex.

BROKEN SKULL OVER TILLMAN.

Negro Gets Into Race Argument in Saloon—Fight Results and the Colored Man Is Hurt.

James Johnson, colored, 35 years old, was attacked and probably fatally wounded in a quarrel with B. Freeman, a saloonkeeper at 1429 State street, early last evening, when the latter attempted to eject him after an argument about Senator Tillman.

"Tillman is like every other white man," he is said to have called as he was being forced from the place. "They try to run the whole earth."

Returning to the saloon carrying a heavy stone Johnson was attacked by Freeman, who wielded a lead pipe. He was taken to the People's hospital, where it was said his skull is fractured. Freeman is being held at the Harrison street station with several companions of Johnson, who joined in the argument.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL.

Low Rates in Effect Nov. 26 and 29.

Excursion tickets, account of Thanksgiving, on sale the above dates, good for return until Dec. 3 inclusive. Particulars at I. C. city ticket office, 92 Adams street. Phone Cent. 6270.

HILL HINTS AT BIG RAILROAD TRUST.

Tells State Railroad Commission How He Balked the Western Combine.

ANGERED AT EXAMINER.

Attorney General Intimates He May Proceed Against the Great Northern.

St. Paul, Minn., Nov. 27.—[Special.]—A colossal combination of all the railroads in the west between the Canadian border and the Mexican line—this was the stupendous movement indicated today by James J. Hill. The movement was checkmated only by the refusal of one man to enter the combination. This man was himself.

Hill made this remarkable disclosure while testifying before the Minnesota railroad and warehouse commission. Wrought up to a high pitch, he asserted and reiterated the honesty of his purposes in his great transactions, especially during the last few years, and then made another almost equally remarkable disclosure.

The stockholders of the Great Northern road have received the equivalent of 147 per cent in dividends during the last year, made up of 7 per cent from earnings of the road, 40 per cent in the form of a stock dividend, and 100 per cent from the recent ore land deal, the last being almost a free gift by Mr. Hill to the stockholders, inasmuch as he rightfully could have held that profit for his personal account.

This was clearly demonstrated in the examination of Hill by Edward T. Young, attorney general, who had charge of the examination.

Questions Nettle Hill.

Hill's statements along this line were brought out by Young after severe cross examination. Some of the questions evidently nettled the railroad magnate. His venerable head shook and his finger trembled in unconscious demonstration of the depth and intensity of his feelings, as he replied to the pointed queries of his examiner.

In the intensity of his feelings he hinted at a plan for the combination of all western railroads, with himself at the head, which had not matured because of his refusal to take charge.

"I could have accepted," he said, "the management of all the railroad lines in the west between the Canadian boundary and Mexico, but I refused that I might continue in charge of my interests in the northwest and the development of this part of the country."

Hill, after much cross examination, admitted that the stock of the companies which the Great Northern had purchased still was held by the Great Northern.

"You may sell such stocks at any time," said Attorney General Young. "I suppose there is nothing to prevent you, and thus get double the money for these lines, as the Great Northern stock has already been issued and sold to cover their purchase price?"

May Attack Great Northern Stock.

"Yes; the heavens may fall down and crush every one on earth," replied Hill with some heat, "but I don't think they will."

Attorney General Young said today:

"As a result of the evidence secured in the examination of Hill, showing duplicate issues of capital stock for the Great Northern's branch lines, I am considering how to bring proceedings to compel the retirement of one set of the stock, either that of the branch line, which is still afloat and paying dividends, or that of the main line, issued for the purpose of buying a subsidiary company.

"The people are paying dividends on this double capitalization and one or the other issue is certainly water."

AGED MILLIONAIRE GUILTY; FINED FOR PROPERTY LEASES

Francis A. Ogden, Richest Man of Madison, Wis., Convicted of Renting Building for Disorderly Purposes.

Madison, Wis., Nov. 27.—[Special.]—Francis A. Ogden, eccentric millionaire, bachelor, and the richest citizen of Madison, this afternoon was found guilty in the Municipal court of leasing property for disorderly purposes. He was fined $100 and costs and immediately took an appeal.

It is the second time Ogden has been convicted of a like offense. The first instance was several years ago. Ogden then carried the case through the Supreme court and lost. In each instance he was prosecuted by the same official, the present city attorney, Aylward. Ogden owns two hotels in Madison. Some time ago the colored proprietor of one was arrested for keeping a disorderly house. On the testimony secured at the hearing Ogden was arrested and prosecuted. The evidence introduced showed that Ogden knew the character of the places and sanctioned them.

Tomorrow District Attorney Gilbert will cause his arrest under a state law. Ogden is over 70 years old. He owns property in Chicago.

SALOON CASE TO BE RETRIED.

Illinois Appellate Court Reverses Decision of Judge Holding Anti-Minor Law Unconstitutional.

Springfield, Ill., Nov. 27.—The Appellate court today reversed and remanded the case of the city of Lewistown against Hardy Fitch, Sidney Fitch, George Mann, John Mann, and "Jack" Dickson, minors, who were fined for entering saloons. Judge Thompson of the Greene county Circuit court held that an ordinance providing for the fining of minors who entered saloons and purchased liquor was illegal and unconstitutional.

OBITUARY.

JEAN DANIEL DEBS, father of Eugene V. Debs, former socialist candidate for president, is dead at Terre Haute, Ind. Mr. Debs was a native of Alsace, France, and was a friend and neighbor of August Bartholdi, sculptor of the statue of liberty. He was 85 years old.

E. E. FISHER of the firm of Fisher & Son, commission merchants of Chicago, was found lifeless in his bed in the Beaumont house, Green Bay, Wis. He was ill when he retired. The body was shipped to Chicago.

Rich Man's Wife a Suicide.

Pittsburg, Pa., Nov. 27.—While hospitals were being searched and the police were seeking for Mrs. Addison H. Gibson, 41 years old, wife of a wealthy oil operator of this city, the woman lay dead in her home. She had committed suicide with poison. Mrs. Gibson had been ill and of late had been despondent.

Dismiss Case of Feudist.

Lexington, Ky., Nov. 27.—Mose Feltner of Hamilton, O., the former Breathitt county feudist, was dismissed today at Beattyville by Circuit Judge Riddle on charges of confederating to secure the assassination of Judge James Hargis. This case had been called three times and the commonwealth's witnesses have failed to appear.

Manufacturers!

Montgomery, Ala., is exactly the place you've been looking for to build your factory or invest your money. There's a reason. Write to

The Commercial Club
Dept. 3
Montgomery, Ala.

THE HUB
Henry & Lytton

THE HUB will be closed all day tomorrow—Thanksgiving Day—and whatever clothes preparations you are obliged to make must be looked after today. You can save time, and annoyance, and uncertainty by coming straight to The Hub on arrising this morning, for we have the greatest display of Suits and Overcoats in the world—more than 14,000 of each.

We show Overcoats of every style and fabric at prices ranging from $10 to $35. We show the remarkably fine Overcoats of the Atterbury System at $20 to $65. We show the finest of Fur Overcoats at $15 to $250. These comprise the very finest workmanship, fabrics and tailoring that is possible, and we guarantee everything we sell.

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CARUSO WILL SING TONIGHT: PACKED HOUSE IS EXPECTED.

Outcome of Tenor's Appearance in "La Boheme" Tonight Not Feared by Queried or Accused Man's Defenders.

New York, Nov. 27.—[Special.]—Enrico Caruso attended rehearsal at the Metropolitan opera house this morning and later Herr Conried announced the tenor's voice was entirely well again and that he would sing in "La Boheme" tomorrow night. No precaution will be taken by the management of the opera house to prevent a demonstration. Caruso's friends believe his first appearance will call forth a great ovation. They have been making it a point to get seats for the performance. It is certain the house will be packed. Speculators say there has been a greater demand for seats for "La Boheme" than for any other performance of the opening week.

Police Commissioner Bingham took Third Deputy Mathot to task today for the interview in which he said that many prominent men, including a bishop, and several clergymen and lawyers, had been guilty of Caruso's offense.

"By gracious," said he as he brought his hand down on the desk, "my deputies will have nothing to say to the newspapers hereafter. I'll see to that."

The commissioner said Mathot had denied making some of the statements attributed to him.

'CARUSO' AT LINCOLN PARK ZOO

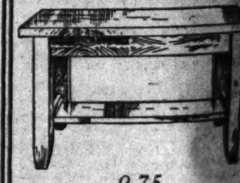
Cy De Vry Says Visitors Have Already Named One of Seven New Monkeys Just Received.

Seven additions to the monkey colony of the Lincoln park zoo arrived Monday night from Watertown, Wis., the property of Zeibel Bros.' menagerie. "Zeibel Bros. wanted warm winter quarters for the monkeys," said Cy De Vry, "and I agreed to take care of them until spring."

"One of them has been singled out by onlookers as 'Caruso,'" said the watchman in the birdhouse, where the new monkeys are kept. "See that big fellow? People have got him spotted, and Caruso is his name."

De Vry then became talkative and told wild yarns of keeping the morals of animal house visitors at par. It is several weeks since Mr. De Vry's name has appeared in the papers.

Mandel Brothers



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This beautiful library table 9.75

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Private Exchange 10—Local 129

LAND GRAFT LAI TO BIG RAILROA

Union Pacific and Gould L Accused of Resorting Many Illegalities.

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Call U. P. Standard Oil Aid.

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Best for rheumatism. Elmer & Amend's prescription No. 2351. Celebrated on its merits many offestual cures.

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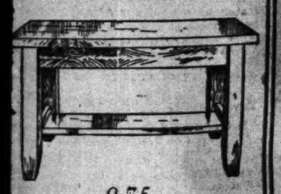

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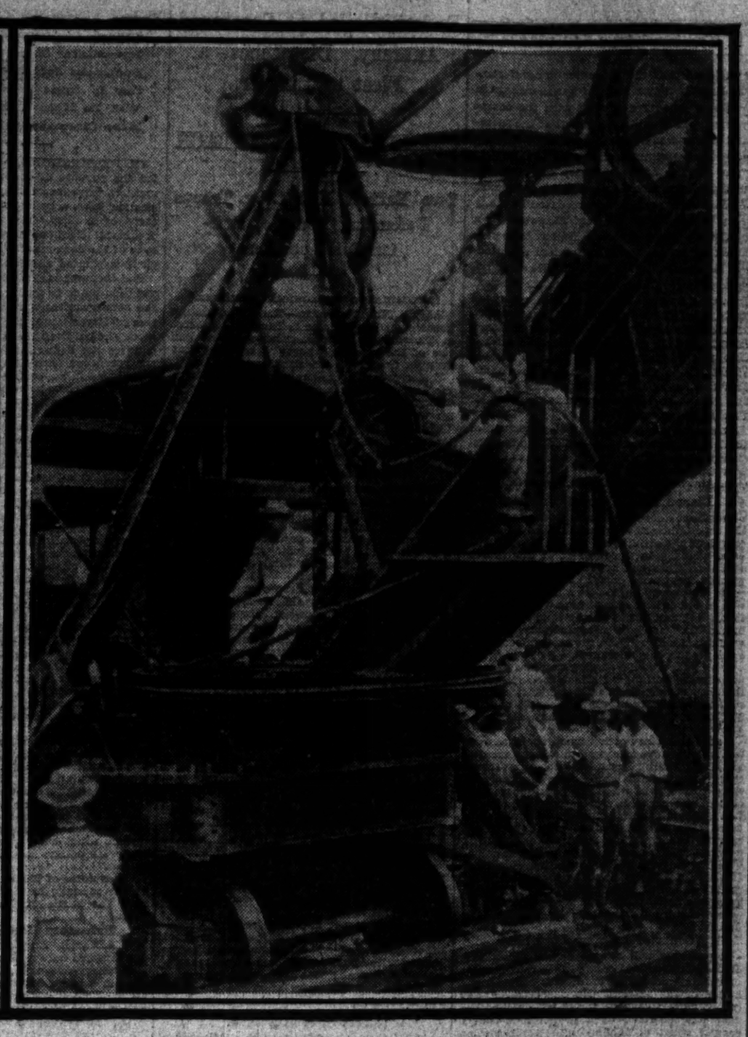
Rest for rheumatism. Eimer & Amend's Prescription No. 2861. Celebrated on its merits for many rheumatical cures.

President Roosevelt on His Inspection Tour of the Panama Canal.

[From a stereograph. Copyright, 1906, by Underwood & Underwood, New York.]

The president leaving a steamer for hurryup trip in the rain.



The president on the steam shovel at Pedro Miguel, Culebra Cut.

PRESIDENT PROUD OF TARS

TELLS CREW OF LOUISIANA THEY ARE A SPLENDID LOT.

In Farewell to Battleship's Men He Asserts That Wherever He Has Authority Uniform of Army and Navy Shall Be Respected—Executive Acts as Stoker, but Owing to Lurch of Vessel First Shovelful of Coal Goes Wide of the Mark.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 27.—In Washington at least it will not be healthy hereafter for the person who fails to respect the uniform of the sailor or the soldier. President Roosevelt himself is authority for this prediction.

In his farewell speech to the crew of the battleship Louisiana, which carried him to Panama and back, the president made this remark:

"I have been astounded and mortified at the attitude of certain of our people ashore in declining to allow Uncle Sam's men, when they have their uniforms on, to come into places of amusement. Outside of Washington I have no control over these places of amusement; in Washington I have, and any place of amusement to which admission is denied to reputable men who are behaving themselves who wear the uniform of the army or the navy will lose its license if it is in my power to cause the loss, and I think it is."

President Acts as Stoker.

President Roosevelt made himself solid with the crew of the Louisiana last Sunday morning by going down into the fireroom of the ship and firing one of the boilers. According to the story the president expressed to Capt. Couden a desire to go down among the firemen and stokers, so the executive was escorted down the ladder into the dark, grimy fireroom, where a brave, earnest lot of men endure excessive heat in order to keep the boilers hot.

After shaking hands all around and watching the firemen shovel coal into the big furnaces the president thought he would like to try his hand at the game. He was supplied with a shovel, introduced to a coal pile, and invited to shovel away. The door of the furnace under No. 3 boiler of No. 3 fireroom was thrown open and hot blasts struck the head of the nation full in the face. He turned to the coal pile, resolutely buried his shovel, and made a heave toward the yawning mouth of the furnace.

A sudden lurch of the ship upset all calculations, however, and the shot went wide of the mark. Instead of going into the open door the shovelful of coal struck hard against the boiler head and rattled upon the floor of the fireroom. The president laughed heartily at the failure of his first effort, but returned to the attack. A second shovelful found its mark and the president proudly received the congratulations of the regular firemen. He then shook hands all around again and climbed back to the deck.

Learns Ship and Men.

On his trip to and from Panama President Roosevelt mixed freely with the officers and men of the Louisiana. He was a guest at the chief petty officers' mess and attended a meeting of the battleship's branch of the Army and Navy union far down in the hold of the ship.

As the ship was passing Hatteras on the way home the president had the engineer department steam up and for three hours the vessel made a run of eighteen and a half knots, which is half a knot in excess of the contract requirements. At his request also a speed exhibition in loading the battleship's big guns was given.

President and Mrs. Roosevelt and the officers of the ship were the guests of honor at a vaudeville entertainment given by members of the crew earlier in the voyage.

It was on Sunday as the vessel was nearing the Virginia capes that the President delivered a speech to the crew in which he told them of what he had experienced and gave them some advice.

Thanks Officers and Crew.

His remarks were as follows:

"Captain, and officers, and enlisted men of the Louisiana: I wish to thank you for as pleasant and interesting a trip as any president has ever had on land or sea, and a profitable trip, too. Not only do I not see how any president but I do not see how any good American can fail to believe with all his heart in the United States navy, can fail to do all that in him lies for the officers and men of that navy, in order that the navy itself may be brought to a constantly increasing state of perfection as a formidable fighting machine. This is the third of our great ships on which I have spent some time; the other two being the West Virginia and the Missouri. I am very proud of the ships; I am even prouder of the men aboard the ships.

"I want to thank you for another thing—the entertainment the other night. It was first class; and as I have been with soldiers myself, and as I have boys at boarding school and college, it pleased me to see that there is so much human nature everywhere, and that there is always complaint about something in the commissary department. As regards that particular complaint, to judge from the dinner I had with the enlisted men on the Missouri and the dinner I had at the chief petty officers' mess here, I am afraid I cannot extend you much sympathy."

Points Duty of Enlisted Man.

President Roosevelt then referred to the attitude of certain of our people ashore and continued:

"The navy has made astounding advances in marksmanship during the last five years, and it has made it not only by developing the high quality of the individual man but by developing the team play, without which that individual man's prowess count for nothing.

"I congratulate you on your progress. Remember that the instant you become contented with it and think you have gone far enough and remain still, that instant you will begin to go back; and I believe implicitly that you will go forward. In conclusion, let me say how glad I am to be with you, how proud as the chief executive of the American people I am of you, and how heartily I believe in the character and quality of the officers and enlisted men of the American fleet. I greet you and thank you again."

Is Well Satisfied with Isthmus.

With but two exceptions, the president today expressed his complete satisfaction with the conditions of affairs on the isthmus of Panama as disclosed during his three days' inspection of the work in progress there. One of the exceptions, the president told his callers, related to the sanitary feature of the quarters for unmarried negro laborers, and this, he pointed out, under ordinary circumstances, will have been adjusted within a short time.

Roosevelt "Bluffed" at Panama?

Portland, Me., Nov. 27.—[Special.]—Writing to his father in this city, Edgar K. Wilson, a civil engineer employed on the Panama canal, says:

"A 'bluff' was worked when President Roosevelt was here. All the steam shovels, some of which had been idle most of the year, had steam up in anticipation of his arrival. One that long had been in disuse was industriously engaged in shoveling away at a bank, throwing dirt on the other side, when the president's special train passed."

CRUEL TO ROOSEVELT TURKEY?

Wisconsin Humane Society Leader Asks President to Change Manner of Killing Bird.

Milwaukee, Wis., Nov. 27.—[Special.]—Aroused from his slumbers late Sunday night by two women humanely disposed and horrified at the method of killing the president's Thanksgiving turkey, Zachariah Clayton, superintendent of the Wisconsin Humane society, has written the following letter to President Roosevelt:

To the Honorable Theodore Roosevelt, President, Washington, D. C.—Dear Sir: My attention has been called to the manner in which the turkeys are killed for the Thanksgiving dinner at the White house.

For humanity's sake kindly countermand that method of killing. ZACHARIAH CLAYTON,

Superintendent Wisconsin Humane society.

The way of killing the turkeys for the Thanksgiving dinners at the White house, as performed by Hiram Vose of Rhode Island since the days of Grant's presidency, is to split the roof of the bird's mouth with a sharp knife.

"The worst part of the practice," says Mr. Clayton, "is the effect it will have upon other killers of turkeys. If they know the president's turkey is killed that way they will use the same method."

JUDGE FINES HIMSELF IN COURT

Iowa Jurist Pleads Guilty to Violating Game Law and Imposes $20 and Costs.

Vinton, Ia., Nov. 27.—[Special.]—Judge Frank Lowe of this place today arraigned, fined, and assessed costs against himself for violating the state game laws in using a seine. Judge Lowe then fined his brother, both paying $20 and costs. The Lowes were indicted on four counts and both entered pleas of guilty. As a result of the novel legal procedure Deputy State Game Warden Henry Yordy of Waterloo has been indicted for extortion on an action brought by Judge Lowe's brother, and the judge in turn required $300 bond, furnished by State Warden G. E. Lincoln, Cedar Rapids.

School of Domestic Science, 29 State street. Cooking, Sewing, Millinery, Hygiene.

VOLIVA IN "HORNET NEST"

ANGRY TUMULT DISTURBS MEETING IN MICHIGAN AVENUE.

Dowie's Successor Refuses to Permit W. F. Piper, Overseer for Chicago, to Answer Charges and Flatly Accuses Him of Falsehood—Several Members of Congregation Protest at the Threats Made by the New Head of Zion's Religious Community.

Overseer Voliva of Zion City stepped into a veritable hornet's nest last evening when he attempted to make a speech in the tabernacle at Sixteenth street and Michigan avenue, ignoring the charges he insinuated last Sunday against Overseer W. F. Piper and endeavoring to intrench himself for life in the position formerly occupied by Dowie.

Three elements threw the meeting into an uproar of rebellion against him. Overseer Piper demanded a hearing before his people on the charges against him, and was turned down flat. An independent member voiced his protest against signing a card indorsing Voliva's policy, because it contained simply the words "yes" and "no," and might be used for other purposes than those announced upon which no discussion was allowed. A small contingent of Dowie adherents added to the excitement by occasional shouts of "Give it to him, Piper," "That's right, Piper; stick it into him."

Piper's Word Is Disputed.

Voliva's speech, which he called a "conversation," was delivered from a chair on a platform before which 100 Zionites were gathered. He discussed the principles of Zion as "the kingdom of God," and then began with veiled threats of ejecting certain persons from membership in it.

The first disturbance came when Overseer Piper stepped to his side and said:

"I have a question. Last Lord's day the announcement was made that the office of general overseer will be made of life tenure—"

"Who made it?" interrupted Voliva.

"I did, by your instruction."

"You had no right to do so."

"It was by your instruction."

"I contradict you flatly before your people. Be quiet."

Voliva's Threats Are Resented.

The congregation had supported Piper with applause and its attitude led Voliva to say:

"I am glad this time has come. I have been patient, and there isn't any use getting hot about this. There is a probability that the work here will split, and I believe there are a few who will stay with Zion. I shall take that few and put an elder at their head and in thirty days will storm Chicago."

"Then, without using those words," said Piper, rising to his feet, "you are stating that I already am put out of Zion without a hearing before the people. I demand in common justice that I be allowed to speak."

"You'll get all your deserts," was Voliva's reply, "and a lot more than you are looking for."

"Then give it to me now."

"I'll do as I please."

Fair Play Is Demanded.

"He has no right to make these charges against me and then refuse me a chance to exonerate myself," appealed the Chicago overseer to his people.

Shouts of "No, no!" followed, and Overseer Piper continued:

"It's only fair play, common honesty, justice."

"Keep quiet, keep quiet!" was Voliva's only response.

"Make your charges now, then," insisted Piper.

"You'll get a whole lot more than you want before I get through with you."

"Now?"

"You can speak before the ecclesiastical cabinet."

"The charges were not made before the cabinet but the people."

"When I get through with Piper you will see a lot you don't see now," said Voliva to his audience. "He has brought this on himself."

"Have I brought this on myself?" was Piper's answering question, and his followers answered loudly, "No."

Called "Traitor" by Dowieite.

Voliva attempted to subdue a Dowieite who called him a traitor by saying he was "only a kid," but he was defied repeatedly by a man named Stuart, who said it was unfair to ask for signatures upon cards that didn't show the reason for the signatures and upon a question that hadn't been discussed. He told the general overseer flatly that he could not put him out of the church.

The meeting was dismissed by Voliva with a statement that he had to catch a train for Zion City, but he left his audience in a strange mood, not favorable to him.

ALTON TRAIN ROBBER ADMITS HIS HOME IS IN CHICAGO.

Rumsey Says He Worked Until Recently in Barber Shop in This City, but This Is Denied.

Marshall, Mo., Nov. 27.—The Alton train robber under arrest here today admitted that his name is Jesse Claude Rumsey Jr.; that he worked until recently in a barber shop at 84 Sacramento avenue, Chicago, and that his old home is at 16 Francisco avenue, in that city. He confessed that it was he who held up the Golden State limited on the Rock Island. He said he traveled from Kansas City to Slater, Mo., on the tender of the Rock Island train on Nov. 8, which he later robbed at Glasgow, Mo., and that he was accompanied from Kansas City by another man, who weakened at the last minute and refused to go on with the Rock Island robbery.

Rumsey said that after the Rock Island robbery he served a jail sentence at Edwardsville, Ill., for carrying concealed weapons. His brother, William Rumsey, is a citizen of Loretto, Neb. Rumsey says he has relatives in Illinois, Nebraska, North Dakota, and Missouri.

The hearing, set for this afternoon, was postponed until tomorrow morning.

A barber at 84 Sacramento avenue, although he admitted his name was J. C. Rumsey, declared that the confessed train robber was not his son, but a son of a friend. Later, however, he said the boy was his stepson. At 18 Francisco avenue, given by the robber as his home, the barber's wife said the boy was his son, but that she was his second wife and was not the mother of the boy and that she had seen the boy but twice. J. C. Rumsey said he had taken the boy from the Glenwood home for boys at the request of the boy's father.

"The boy, after he had been with me two months, ran away from home," said Rumsey. "This was at the time of the outbreak of the Spanish-American war. The next thing I heard of him he had stowed away on a transport bound for Manila."

HANDCUFFED, JUMPS INTO RIVER

Vaudeville Performer, Irons on Wrists, Leaps from Bridge, Frees Himself, and Swims Ashore.

Detroit, Mich., Nov. 27.—[Special.]—Tied by a life line 118 feet long, handcuffed with two of the best handcuffs in the possession of the Detroit police department, Houdini, a vaudeville performer, leaped from the draw span of the Belle Isle bridge this afternoon, freed himself from the handcuffs while under the water, then swam to a waiting lifeboat, passed over the unlocked and opened cuffs, and clambered aboard.

He had written a last message to his wife, to be delivered if he lost his life.

After his plunge he said he felt pretty cold, but otherwise all right.

MEXICAN TOWN SWEPT AWAY.

Planter Brings News of Destruction of Tutupec on Tehuantepec Isthmus —Five Persons Killed.

San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 27.—[Special.]—James Donnell, a planter of the southern coast, arrived today from San José de Gautemala. He brings news of the complete destruction of the town of Tutupec, on the isthmus of Tehuantepec during the hurricane that raged on the southern coast a few weeks ago. Tutupec was in a place of 5,000 inhabitants. The great storms inundated the town and nearly every house was swept away. At least fifty persons lost their lives.

CHANGES HER MIND AT ALTAR.

Indiana Girl Says "No" When Pastor Asks if She Would "Take This Man to Be Your Lawful Husband."

Terre Haute, Ind., Nov. 27.—[Special.]—When the Rev. J. H. Carnes at Sullivan asked Miss Fannie Crawford, who stood before him with Andrew Haynes, if she would "take this man to be your lawful husband," she said "No." She explained that she had changed her mind.

NEAR DEATH'S DOOR; WILL WED

Stevens Point, Wis., Man, Dangerously Ill with Appendicitis, to Be Married Today.

Stevens Point, Wis., Nov. 27.—[Special.]—Fred Ginley, who lies at the point of death with appendicitis in the home of his fiancée, Miss Nellie Sellers, will be wedded to her tomorrow.

HIGH INTEREST FOR FUNDS

COOK COUNTY DEPOSITS TO GET 2½ PER CENT IN BANK.

County Treasurer-Elect Thompson Files Bond and Announces Plan for Highest Rate Ever Paid—Surety of $8,000,000 Given, with $200,000,000 in Realty Listed—Is Accepted by the Finance Committee of the County Board.

Under the administration of John R. Thompson, county treasurer-elect, the county will receive the highest rate of interest ever paid on its funds. This information transpired yesterday when Mr. Thompson took the oath of office and filed an $8,000,000 bond, seven of the city's foremost business men being the sureties.

The city receives 1½ per cent interest on its funds on deposit with Chicago banks. Cook county has heretofore received 1½ and 2 per cent.

By an arrangement effected during the day by the banks the county under Mr. Thompson's administration will receive 2½ per cent on the daily balances credited to the treasurer and 3 per cent on time deposits of six months or more. Mr. Thompson said that it will be possible to keep a large part of the funds on time deposit.

Mr. Thompson's $8,000,000 bond was submitted to the finance committee of the county board and approved. Later it was approved by the whole board. The sureties, who are able to schedule property valued at $200,000,000, are: W. C. Selpp, B. A. Eckhart, John C. Black, J. Ogden Armour, Henry Botsford, Edward Hines, and Frank Hibbard.

GIRL FORGER SENT TO JOLIET.

Irma Jacobs, Student of Music at Iowa University, Sentenced Indeterminately by Galesburg Judge.

Galesburg, Ill., Nov. 27.—[Special.]—Irma Jacobs, alias Elsie Jacobs, alias Florence Scott, a student of music at the University of Iowa, was sentenced to an indeterminate term in Joliet prison today by Judge Grier for passing forged checks for $1,000 on the First National bank and attempting to pass another on a Monmouth bank. She heard her sentence with composure after she again had blamed the affair on Harry Lowe of Chicago, who, she said, forced her to do his bidding. Still she could not give Lowe's street address. Her own attorneys regard the story as a myth.

HARPERS BOOKS

The Awakening of Helena Richie

By Margaret Deland

"Without question it is the greatest novel of the day."—*Cleveland Leader.*

"A perfect book."—*New York Times.*

"A great drama of the soul."—*Independent.*

"Wrought through and through with the golden welt of truth."—*Baltimore News.*

"As an achievement in letters this story of passion and folly, repentance and renunciation, deserves to be ranked among the chiefest examples of American imaginative writing."—*Philadelphia North American.*

OTHER BOOKS BY MRS. DELAND

Old Chester Tales

Dr. Lavendar's People

In both these volumes the quaint and lovable character of old Dr. Lavendar is the connecting link of these delightful stories. The scene and characters throughout are those that reappear in *The Awakening of Helena Richie.*

The Illustrious O'Hagan

By Justin Huntly McCarthy

The scene of Mr. McCarthy's new romance is laid in a little German principality in the eighteenth century. Here O'Hagan, a gallant Irish gentleman and soldier of fortune, succeeds in baffling the intriguing court beauties and diplomats, and effects the rescue of Dorothea, the beautiful but unhappy wife of the dissolute Prince. As the lady and her champion fall in love with each other and the Prince is unexpectedly killed, the exciting scenes lead to a happy climax. A dashing and dramatic romance told with Mr. McCarthy's characteristic grace and humor.

HARPER & BROTHERS.

Mandel Brothers

Thanksgiving sale of maids' aprons *and* caps: special values

MAIDS' aprons, with hemstitched bib and bretelles, embroidery bib and straps, or embroidery insertion trimmed bib and bretelles, specially priced at 25¢.

Maids' fine lawn aprons, in four dainty styles, embroidery with wide bretelles or straps and bib, bretelle and straps with sheer embroidery edge, priced at 45¢.

Maids' bretelle aprons of sheerest lawn; extra full skirt and deep hem. The bib and bretelle are tucked or of very fine embroidery, only 75¢

Maids' band aprons of fine lawn; skirt 30 inches wide and 40 inches long; 8-inch hemstitched hem; finished with long, wide ties, 50¢.

A large assortment of maids' caps and bows, in many new and attractive styles, at moderate prices: 4¢, 9¢, 10¢ and up to 75¢.

Private exchange 10—local No. 81

MOSSLER CO.

Clothes for Men and Young Men

50 Jackson Boul.

Closed Tomorrow — Thanksgiving Day.

Your Thanksgiving clothes, today!

If you haven't sufficient cause for "Thanks-giving" buy a "Mossler" suit or overcoat or both—today!

At least put on a joyful exterior!

Our one-aim: *style and value-giving!*

Right clothes for street—dress—dinner and full-dress.

Worthmores—$15, $20, $25, $30, $35, and up to $60.

MOSSLER CO.

Clothes for Men and Young Men

50 Jackson Boul.

FOREIGN STATUS HOLDS PRESIDENT

Morocco, Newfoundland, Cuba and Santo Domingo Call for His Attention.

RAISULI'S RISE BOTHERS.

Japan Growing Impatient Over Frisco Affair; Metcalf Report Secret.

BY JOHN CALLAN O'LAUGHLIN.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 27.—[Special.]—President Roosevelt punctuated his consideration of various domestic questions today by dealing with those of international moment. The questions involving foreign relations ranged from Morocco in the near east to Japan in the far east, from Newfoundland in the north to Cuba and Santo Domingo in the south. Through all ran the subject which is especially close to the heart of the president and Secretary Root—expansion of American trade.

Secretary Root and Assistant Secretary Bacon lunched with the president, and discussed the various matters mentioned. And tonight Secretary Metcalf submitted his report on his investigation of the Japanese school incident in San Francisco.

Regarding Morocco, it appears that the powers are raising numerous questions under the treaty signed on April 7 last at Algeciras, Spain, including the military occupation by the forces of France and Spain. It has been determined to pursue in this affair a "hands off" policy, and leave Europe to settle the disturbances which are injurious to the trade of all countries.

Expect England to Respect Modus.

As far as Newfoundland is concerned, the United States will continue to look to Great Britain to prevent any annoyance of American fishermen by the colonial authorities and to see that the latter respect the modus vivendi arranged by Secretary Root and Sir Edward Grey, the British secretary of state for foreign affairs.

The new treaty with Santo Domingo will be signed probably this week and the president urged upon Senator Cullom, who is chairman of the important committee of foreign affairs, to press it for ratification by the senate immediately after that body convenes.

Gov. Magoon is doing as well as could be expected in Cuba under the circumstances, and there will be no change in the policy he is pursuing.

The president has approved the steps taken by Secretary Root to adjust the tariff questions which have arisen with Germany, Spain, and Italy, and it is apparent he is in hearty sympathy with the idea of reciprocal trade relations wherever it can be adopted.

The senate is the great obstacle in the way of the satisfactory achievement of general reciprocity, as it has given unmistakable evidence of its unwillingness to ratify any treaties dealing with this subject.

President Favors Ship Subsidy.

To facilitate trade, the president announced that his trip to Panama had confirmed his view that the government should take action looking to the increase of the American merchant marine. In this he and Secretary Root are in accord.

Under the agreement reached by the senate before adjournment last summer, the Algeciras treaty relating to Morocco is to be taken up for ratification on Dec. 12. The United States was represented in the conference by a mission headed by Henry White, ambassador to Italy, who is now in this country, and is expected to come to Washington this week. By its terms ratifications of the signatory powers must be deposited in Madrid by Dec. 31, so there can be no delay on the part of the senate.

Senator Bacon of Georgia has announced his determination to oppose ratification, and if necessary will resort to the usual policy of making an interminable speech. As the adjournment for the Christmas recess will take place on Dec. 20, there will be only seven days for discussion.

Morocco Turmoil Grows Daily.

Reports received at the state department show that the condition of anarchy which has existed in Morocco for some years now menaces more than ever the persons and interests of all foreigners. From Tangier has come the news that Raisuli has been given legal powers to extend his sway over a larger section than heretofore he has controlled.

By the terms of the Algeciras treaty France and Spain are authorized to aid the sultan by organizing a permanent police force to consist of not more than 2,500 men and to be officered by Frenchmen and Spaniards. This police force cannot commence work under the terms of the treaty before Feb. 1 next. In the meantime France and Spain are apprehensive that it will be necessary to land marines to protect foreign interests.

As far as the United States is concerned it is willing to let France and Spain do as they please, provided they act in harmony with the views of the other signatory powers and give equal protection to the interests of all.

The American agent was instructed today not to express any views whatsoever in regard to numerous questions the diplomatic corps at Tangier is discussing. He is to listen and to report, but is not to bind the United States to participation in a military occupation of Morocco.

Jap Question Looming Larger.

Secretary Metcalf was in conference for several hours tonight with the president in regard to the muddle with Japan respecting the treatment of Japanese students by the San Francisco school authorities.

Since his return from the west the secretary has been engaged in the preparation of his report. The document is confidential and will not be made public, but will be used by Secretary Root in diplomatic negotiations with Japan.

It may be stated that there will be no change in the administration's policy of endeavoring to secure for the Japanese all the rights to which they are entitled by the treaty of 1894. The case now in the courts as to the right of the Japanese to attend white schools will be brought before the Supreme court if necessary.

The question is a delicate one, both from a domestic and a foreign point of view.

Secretary Metcalf reported that the people of San Francisco are determined not to receive Japanese adults in their schools, and will resist energetically any attempt on the part of the government to make them do so.

Mail reports which reached the state department today from Japan contain clippings from native journals of a most bellicose character.

DELAY IN NIAGARA DECISION.

Taft Will Not Be Able to Give Ruling in Power Case Until He Confers with Root.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 27.—The hearings upon applications to the secretary of war for permission to transmit to the United States power developed on the Canadian side of Niagara river were closed tonight. Additional data will be filed and Secretary Taft announced that he would not be able to reach a decision in regard to the applications until he had conferred with Secretary Root.

Evanston Barbers May Work Sundays

At the Evanston council meeting last night Corporation Counsel E. L. Harpham decided against the proposed plan to close all barber shops in the city on Sunday. He said he believed that such an ordinance would be unconstitutional. Ald. F. R. Sealey, head of the railroad committee, was criticised by Ald. Charles Wallace for neglecting the interests of the council that clean and heated street cars be provided.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL R. R.

Change in South Side Through Train Stations.

Effective Saturday, Nov. 24, 1906, all through trains, except fast mail train No. 5, will make regular stops in both directions at Thirty-first and Forty-third street stations instead of at Twenty-second and Thirty-ninth streets.

ROOSEVELT FIRM ON NEGRO ISSUE.

(Continued from first page.)

is believed that the brigadier general commanding the department of Texas was not in sympathy and is not now with the course pursued. It is quite evident that the secretary of war was not consulted and also is not in sympathy with the sentences.

The activity of the military secretary resulting in the dismissal of three companies of soldiers is particularly resented by many army officers, because Gen. Ainsworth is a handmade major general. He has been promoted by congressional enactment repeatedly. He came into the army in 1874 as an assistant surgeon and remained in the medical department until May, 1892, when he was made chief of the record and pension office of the war department. By congressional enactment he had the rank of colonel at that time, and the year after the Spanish war his promotion to brigadier general was again provided for by a rider on the army bill, and two years ago he was similarly made major general by statute.

Having never commanded even a squad of soldiers, his activity in promoting the discharge of so many veterans in the ranks has provoked decidedly bitter feeling against Gen. Ainsworth about the war department.

Discourages Negroes' Friends.

President Roosevelt's decision not to reopen the case unless new facts are discovered has completely discouraged all the people who were working in the interest of the colored soldiers. They had hoped that the president would accept some compromise by which if it could be proved that a man in the battalion was in bed or in the hospital or was attending to his regular duties at the time of the outbreak and was not in a position where he would be likely to learn the facts, he could be exempted from punishment.

The chance of developing any new facts is practically nothing at all. Three officers of the inspector general's department conducted the investigations, which probably brought out as much of the real facts as will ever be known.

Had Gen. Ainsworth turned the case over to the judge advocate general's department at the outset there is great likelihood that something more definite would have been learned. Brig. Gen. Davis, who is judge advocate general of the army, is a splendid military lawyer. He has half a dozen assistants, who have been accustomed to run down court martial cases, dig up evidence for courts of inquiry, and present cases in proper fashion. The Brownsville episode was bungled from the first, as amply shown by the report. The questions asked the soldiers were puerile and there seems to have been no systematic inquiry among townspeople by the military officers.

Court of Inquiry Possible.

It probably will be suggested to President Roosevelt as a final compromise that a court of inquiry should be ordered to consider the action of the officers. No one believes they really were to blame for anything, but the case has assumed such proportions that a formal court of inquiry into their action could go into the whole thing, unless it is too late, owing to the discharge of the men. They are now private citizens and cannot be compelled to testify before a military court in spite of various attempts to pass laws to that effect. They would, however, undoubtedly be willing to testify voluntarily.

In any event, a court of inquiry on the conduct of Maj. Penrose and his officers surely could bring out a great mass of interesting information, and out of it all it might be possible to locate the guilty men or at least to determine if that they belonged to some one company or squad, and that is all that is necessary, it is believed, to induce the president to remit the sentence upon the others.

No one now expects to secure the conviction of the guilty men, but it might be possible by careful work to locate them as a body and thus perhaps relieve from bitter punishment and disgrace at least two of the three companies which are now suffering so terribly from the president's displeasure.

ROADS REFUSE ENGINEERS' DEMANDS FOR MORE WAGES.

Officials Will Again Meet with Union—Request for Modified Physical Test Will Come Up.

The railroads centering in Chicago yesterday refused the demands of locomotive engineers for higher wages, the eight hour day, and modified physical tests, including a less strict rule governing eyesight.

The latter regulation was originally advocated by the Burlington engineers, but since has been indorsed by engine employés of all the roads, and now threatens to be one of the chief questions of dispute.

The railroad officials present declared the requests as made were unreasonable, but signified their willingness to meet and confer again with the engineers, provided the latter possessed authority to negotiate.

Complications were added to the threatened tunnel strike situation, when the company began the organization of another union, said to be a rival to the one recently formed by the street car men's association. Representatives of the latter declared their intention to make a fight for recognition today, when President Albert G. Wheeler is expected to return from New York.

Typographical union No. 16 has announced an "eight hour jubilee" ball, to be given at Princess hall, 560 West Madison street, on Dec. 5. The event will be celebrated as a victory in the strike of the printers.

NOTES FROM THE LABOR WORLD.

TOPEKA, KAS.—The Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fé railway granted an increase of 4 cents an hour in the wages of its trainmen on the main line from Chicago to El Paso. The workmen also secured the reclassification of a number of yards on the system, which means to the employés an increase of 5 cents an hour.

HAMILTON, ONT.—The street car strikers met to consider the proposal to submit the matter to arbitration, but adjourned without doing anything in order that President Mahon of the international union might advise them. Fred Fay is still in the city and no further proceedings have been taken against him.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL.—The Wabash railroad has granted increases from $112 to $120 per month to conductors, from $56 to $61 per month to passenger brakemen, and 4 cents per hour to yardmen. The increase goes into effect on Dec. 1.

NEW KENSINGTON, PA.—Five hundred unorganized employés of the Arnold plant of the American Window Glass company struck, causing a suspension of the works. They asked higher wages.

AMESBURY, MASS.—Notices of a restoration in wages were posted at the Hamilton cotton mills. This means an increase of 10 per cent in the wages of all the operatives.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL.—The Chicago, Peoria and St. Louis railroad announced it had granted the demands of the switchmen for an increase in pay of 4 cents an hour.

CINCINNATI.—The Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern railroad granted the switchmen an increase of 4 cents per hour.

NEWS PURELY PERSONAL.

GEORGE PILLSBURY, 98, whose mother still lives at the age of 93, with his wife celebrated their golden wedding at Clinton, Ia. Five generations are living.

SENATOR ALLISON of Iowa announced that he will not go to Washington until congress convenes after the holiday recess. His health continues to improve.

MRS. ELLEN M. M'CLELLAN, widow of Gen. George B. McClellan and mother of the mayor of New York, arrived in New York from Europe.

SENATOR KNOX of Pennsylvania has accepted an invitation to be the commencement day orator at Yale law school next June.

Suburban Stations Changed.

On and after Nov. 24 all trains of the Michigan Central will stop regularly at 31st street and 63d street instead of 32d street and 39th street. As heretofore all trains will stop at 53d street (Hyde Park) and 63d street (Woodlawn).

WARSHIPS SENT TO IMPRESS MOOR

France, Roiled at Continued Anarchy, Dispatches a Fleet to Tangier.

CRISIS IN TRIBAL ATTACK

Two Natives Killed by Troops Defending House of British Correspondent.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PARIS, Nov. 28, 2 a. m.—The attack on the house of an Englishman in Tangier, Morocco, on Tuesday by Anghera tribesmen, in which two of the attacking party were killed, has brought the Moroccan situation to a head.

Under orders from the ministry of marine the French squadron, commanded by Admiral Touchard, left Toulon at 12:30 this morning for Tangier.

The fleet is composed of the battleships Suffernen, Saint Louis, and Charlemange, and is accompanied by the transport Lanive.

France to End Anarchy.

It is surmised that the French government has decided at last to put an end to the state of anarchy which long has disgraced the rule of the sultan of Morocco.

It is expected that in conjunction with Spain marines will be landed, who will take charge of the city of Tangier and enforce order where chaos has reigned.

The uneasiness felt here over Germany's possible attitude regarding French action in Morocco, though somewhat allayed by yesterday's apparently inspired statements, is not to be lessened by Liberté's account of the first meeting of the diplomatic corps of representatives of the Moroccan foreign office, held today at Tangier. The question of applying the provisions of the Algeciras convention first was discussed. This refers to customs and property. The question of property is urgent, as orders recently were issued by Raisuli to prevent any security dealing in land.

German Minister Sanguine.

The German minister continues to maintain that everything is satisfactory in Morocco. It evidently is impossible to reconstitute at Tangier German opposition to the group which existed at Algeciras.

Emissaries have gone to Raisuli to tell him of the approaching arrival of warships, the coming of which impatiently is awaited by Europeans. It is believed their presence and a small parade of their forces ashore will restore order.

The cabinet met and discussed the Moroccan situation at length. M. Jonnart, the governor general of Algeria, who was called to Paris for the purpose, explained the local situation to the members of the cabinet, and set forth the precautionary measures taken on the frontier.

Troops Resist Attack.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

TANGIER, Nov. 27.—An attack by Anghera tribesmen today on the house outside this city formerly occupied by Walter B. Harris, correspondent of the London Times, was resisted by troops furnished by Raisuli as well as the government commander here. Two of the tribesmen were killed. The defending force suffered no casualties.

Harris says the fighting occurred in full view of the French and Spanish warships, but no assistance was given or offered.

Owing to the manner in which French officers have been insulted by natives when ashore in uniform they have been ordered always to land in civilian dress.

The incident is not regarded here as being of any great importance, as similar outrages are of almost daily occurrence.

Mr. Harris has not lived in the house for two years, in consequence of the frequent attacks made upon it.

Threats Drive Harris Away.

The house attacked is on the east shore of the bay, just off the beach at the foot of the hills, and is about three miles from the city.

Harris, who is wealthy, put a lot of money in the property. He has tried to make himself a power in Morocco similar to that exercised by De Blowitz in Europe, but has not succeeded to any great extent. About three years ago he got a bit more active and unpopular than usual, and he received several hints that it was not safe for him to dwell in his big white castle. The hints were followed by bullets. Then he moved to the Hotel Cecil, from which he could survey the situation without fear of bodily harm.

Harris in the meantime kept writing letters to the London Times that the country was in a state of anarchy, and that an Englishman was not safe. He emphasized this point by citing his own case, and dwelling on the fact that he was prevented from living in his own home.

The persistency of Harris in keeping the British authorities informed of the situation may have had something to do with the latest attack on his house.

Spain Organizes Brigade.

MADRID, Nov. 27.—According to dispatches received here from Cadiz, a brigade of 4,000 men is being organized there to be ready for any development in the Moroccan situation.

BIDS DEFIANCE TO THE LORDS.

Bitter Feeling Over Education Bill Reflected by Demand That Amendments Be Rejected.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—The intensity of the political feeling aroused by the house of lords' treatment of the education bill found expression today in an emergency meeting of the general committee of the National Liberal federation, at which a resolution was unanimously adopted urging the government to take the drastic step of totally rejecting the lords' amendments to the bill.

It further demanded that it "resolutely determine that the present parliament shall not come to an end until steps are taken to bring to a final arbitrament the question whether the house of peers should any longer possess the right of veto on the will of the people, as declared by the house of commons."

A letter from Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman was read, in which the premier said:

"The education bill, as passed by the house of commons, was a bill which the country demanded in unmistakable terms at the general election. It now seems to have been turned into a travesty of its original form. As amended it perpetuates, if it does not extend, the grievances and wrongs fixed upon the country by the act of 1902."

LAUDS ASSASSIN; PRISON NEXT.

Bertoni, Who Eulogized Anarchist Who Killed King Humbert, Sentenced for Month.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

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GENEVA, Nov. 27.—Louis Bertoni, who has been on trial here for publishing anarchistic writings eulogising Bresci, who assassinated King Humbert of Italy, was found guilty today and condemned to a month's imprisonment. Bertoni's case attracted much attention, as he renounced the services of a lawyer and pleaded his in own behalf with great eloquence.

ASKS AID FOR FLOOD VICTIMS.

International Committee Appeals to Europe and America to Aid Ten Million Starving People in China.

SHANGHAI, Nov. 27.—An international committee composed of the consuls, merchants, missionaries, and Chinese officials has decided to appeal to Europe and America to assist in relieving the inhabitants of the province of Kiang-Su, where the floods have destroyed the crops in an area of over 40,000 square miles, resulting in 10,000,000 people being at the point of starvation.

APPEAL FOR RUSS VOTERS.

CORPS OF NOBILITY DEMANDS REFORM IN ELECTION LAWS.

Begins Aggressive Campaign to Influence Government to Introduce Immediate Changes in Statutes—Document Sets Forth That if Nothing Is Done Next Lower House Will Be More Radical than First—More Circumspect Policy Promised.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 27.—A campaign for the purpose of encouraging the government to introduce immediate changes in the election laws was begun here today by the corps of nobility. The prospects of the approaching elections were spread before the eyes of the convention by the executive council in a printed document.

The document set forth that no change had yet been made in the final election laws, that the conservatives were doomed, and that the second lower house of parliament would be more radical than the first. The council discounted the deductions drawn abroad from the recent uniform defeats of constitutional democrats in the zemstvo elections, saying a limited franchise assured an easy victory for the conservatives, but that it was a fool's paradise to base on this expectations of a victory in the lower house.

The council calls for a thorough overhauling of the election laws on the basis of class distinctions, differentiating sharply between peasants, small landowners, large land owners, and townsmen, and advises the government to be guided by the common sense of the council of the corps of nobles. It says, also, that the next lower house will be circumspect and avoid pitfalls until complete preparations to obtain mastery are made; that a second dissolution of the house will shake the foundations of the throne, and that the time to fight the new house is now, before the new delegates are chosen.

Massacres Due to Army Officer.

BERLIN, Nov. 27.—Further investigation into the Jewish massacres at Siedlee, near Warsaw, last September, indicates that the massacres were organized by Col. Tichanowsky, who, it is said, was transferred there for the express purpose of precipitating the slaughter in order to break up the revolutionary agitation.

By degrees the popular anger was aroused by the search of houses and imprisonment of hostages. Finally the time was right for wholesale slaughter. Col. Tichanowsky's efforts during the massacres were directed toward inducing the soldiers to show less mercy and shed more blood. He had the regimental bands play and the soldiers sing riotous songs after ransacking vodka shops and wine cellars in order to "keep up their spirits."

When some of Tichanowsky's aids sickened at the carnage he chided them and retorted that the battle of Liaoyang lasted twelve days.

Prisoners Mutiny; 35 Free.

VLADIMIR, Russia, Nov. 27.—The prisoners confined here mutinied today and as a result thirty-five are now at liberty. They rose in a body, seized and bound all the officials, including the governor, looted the prison, and got away with a quantity of arms and civilian clothes.

66 Victims of Floating Mine.

KOBE, Nov. 28.—A floating mine, a legacy from the Russo-Japanese war, has been driven ashore at Akita, on the west coast of Hondo, where it exploded, killing ten villagers and wounding fifty-six.

PRODUCES CHEMICAL PLANTS.

French Scientist Grows Vegetables from Pinch of Sulphate of Copper and Small Amount of Glucose.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PARIS, Nov. 27.—The Academy of Sciences yesterday heard Prof. d'Arsonval describe artificial vegetables, which he exhibited, that were produced by the methods of Prof. le Duc of the Nantes Medical school.

Prof. d'Arsonval interested his colleagues greatly, but unfortunately for the lay public did not say whether these so-called vegetables are edible. Although they are described as vegetables, they have nothing of vegetables in their makeup. But they behave after their production as do the real vegetables they resemble under natural conditions.

Into the composition of these products nothing living enters. Prof. le Duc makes a seed in pill form of one part sulphate of copper and two parts glucose. This is deposited in a bouillon made of gelatine, to which are added 3 per cent of ferro-cyanide of potassium and a little sea salt.

The seed develops sometimes on the surface of the liquid, sometimes in its depths, and finally gives birth to plants resembling seaweed and other marine plants.

SAN FRANCISCO GRAND JURY TAKES RECESS IN GRAFT WAR.

Coffroth Excused to Attend Fight at Los Angeles—Mayor's Adherents Work Hard to Make Reception a Success.

San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 27.—[Special.]—No progress was made by the grand jury today, as no further testimony was taken in the case of the Belvidere music hall or the disorderly houses. The entire day was devoted to overhauling the books of the supervisors.

Coffroth was excused until Monday next in order that he might attend the fight at Los Angeles. The keepers of disorderly houses and witnesses were also excused.

Supporters of Mayor Schmitz are preparing to give him a great reception at Dreamland pavilion tomorrow evening. Today the city was sown with dodgers containing an appeal to the citizens in the mayor's behalf. Union men and all municipal officials will attend in a body.

MME. SEMBRICH GIVES LARGESS

Distributes Receipts of Benefit She Conducted for Opera Victims of Frisco Disaster.

New York, Nov. 17.—Mme. Sembrich today distributed the fund she raised last spring at her recital in Carnegie hall for the benefit of the orchestra of the Conried Metropolitan Opera company, which had suffered through the earthquake at San Francisco. In all 165 members of the company shared in $10,126, the net receipts of the recital. The orchestra received $7,691. The remainder was divided among the chorus and technical staff of the company. Every player in the orchestra has been enabled to replace the instruments lost in San Francisco.

POET, DESPONDENT, COMMITS SUICIDE

Discouraged at Failure of Works, Lawrence Lewis Shoots Himself.

BURNHAM HEARING ON.

Testimony Taken in Trial of Larceny Charge Against Insurance Man.

NEW YORK BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE. New York, Nov. 27.

Poet, Discouraged at Failure, Kills Self.

Lawrence Lewis, poet and author, committed suicide this morning in the Bartholdi hotel by shooting himself. Letters in the young man's clothing indicated that he had become despondent over his failure to impress publishers with the worth of his songs and writings. His clothing was threadbare and there was only 40 cents in his pockets.

Lewis was 24 years old, slender, and handsome, with classical features. He had written several songs and had just completed a drama.

It was Monday night when Lewis went to the Bartholdi. His time on the room expired at 9 o'clock tonight and there was another applicant for it. Elbert Hawkins, the head hall boy, found the door locked and it was broken open. Lewis was lying on the bed undressed.

Testimony Taken in Trial of Risk Men.

The taking of testimony in the trial of George Burnham Jr., who was counsel for the Mutual Reserve Life Insurance company, on the charge of larceny, began this afternoon before Justice Greenbaum in the Supreme court, criminal branch. Burnham's brother, Frederick A., president of the company, and George D. Eldridge, vice president, both of whom were indicted, were with him in court. The evidence introduced was documentary, consisting of books showing Burnham's connection with the company and vouchers concerning transactions in which Burnham is accused of having stolen $7,500.

In presenting the prosecution's side of the case against Burnham, Assistant District Attorney Nott said:

"Of course, the president, vice president, and counsel of this insurance company must be credited with having intelligence. We are not to suppose that these men went out with jimmies, like ordinary burglars, and broken in and stole this money in the dead of night. No, they made entries in the books to cover their tracks, and these entries now show how it was committed.

"They looted the money of the policy holders," said Mr. Nott, "to pay their personal debt."

Negroes to Start Big Department Store.

The Metropolitan Mercantile Realty company, a business organization of negroes, announced today that it had bought a building and would open on May 1 a modern department store for negroes. The company was incorporated in 1900, and now has a capital of $1,000,000, $500,000 of which has been paid in to the treasurer, J. H. Atkins, who is a graduate of Hampton institute and the New York law school.

P. Sheridan Ball, president of the company, told how he started in business eight years ago as a real estate broker in a little room in Harlem.

"The company now has over 2,300 employés," he said, "that is, if you include the Metropolitan Mutual Benefit association, which is controlled and operated by the same people, and really is a department of the main company."

The company now is operating a number of business projects, including a savings bank in Savannah, Ga.; a department store in Baltimore; a park containing eighty building lots and fifteen houses at Plainfield, N. J., and a sixty room apartment house at Orange, N. J.

The new store, when completed, will represent an investment of $200,000.

Fine of $18,000 Imposed on Sugar Rebater.

For accepting from the New York Central and Hudson River railway company some $26,000 rebates on payments made on shipments of sugar from Brooklyn to Cleveland, a fine of $18,000 was imposed this morning by Judge Holt in the United States Circuit court, criminal bench, upon the American Sugar Refining company of New Jersey.

A fine of a like amount was imposed last week upon the railroad company for giving rebates.

Frederick Lawrence Pomeroy, traffic manager of the New York Central railway, died late Monday night at his home in Brooklyn. Mr. Pomeroy had been in bad health for some time and the worry he underwent in connection with the trial had told heavily on him. Mr. Pomeroy was fined $6,000 personally for his connection with the matter.

"The" Allen's Letters Involve Policemen.

In a raid on "The" Allen's residence at 17 West Eighth street this afternoon District Attorney Jerome got "The's" check book and a lot of his correspondence. There was nothing in the checkbook that interested Jerome, but in the correspondence were several things which he thinks will result in a police department inquiry that will involve an inspector, a captain or two, and other policemen.

The letters, or most of them, were written by Albert H. Fort to Allen when Allen was sick at Bayside in the early part of the year. In one of the letters there was a reference to an inspector. Jerome will not divulge the inspector's name. There are references to other police officials in the correspondence, and it is said that Fort outlined clearly the nature of the police interference with Allen's place and how it was stopped or sidetracked.

Cuban Liberals' Arch Enemy in New York.

Freyre Andrade, the man who has been more denounced by Cuban liberals than any other, who was secretary of the interior during the part of the Palma administration in which all the ousting of liberals from offices took place, and on whose recommendation or direct order most of the removals were made, arrived from Havana this afternoon on board the steamship Mexico.

REVELL & CO.

Artistic Bedroom Furniture

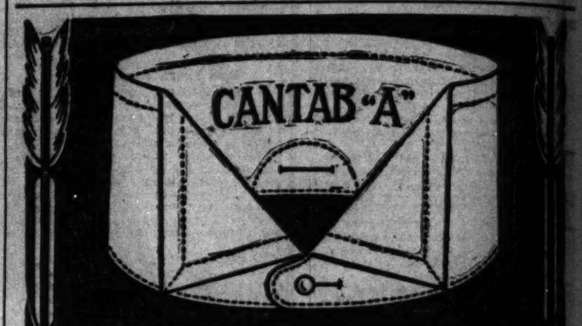
23.25 Value $32.00

The above Dresser can be furnished in mahogany finish, birds-eye maple, golden birch, or golden oak. It measures 41 inches in length, and has a French bevel plate mirror 20x28 inches. The top drawer has a serpentine front. Built with solid ends, French legs, hand carved ornaments. An exceptional value 23.25.

22.75 Value $32.00

Chiffonier to match the Dresser; can be furnished in mahogany finish, birds-eye maple, golden birch, or golden oak. It measures 36 inches long, and has a French pattern plate mirror 18x20 inches, set in a handsome frame supported by heavy standards. Contains five drawers and is built with extra care. An exceptional value at 22.75.

Cor. Wabash-av. and Adams-st.



AN

ARROW COLLAR

A style that every man can wear—Neither ultra fashionable, nor ultra conservative, but a good smart looking collar—Just the thing for overcoat days—It is made in Clupeco Shrunk Quarter Sizes.

15 cents each; 2 for 25 cents

Cluett, Peabody & Co., Largest Makers of Collars and Shirts in the World

OPEN UNTIL 8 O'CLOCK TONIGHT. CLOSED TOMORROW.

A town Thanksgiving calls for

Frock coats and waistcoats, $15 to $38.

Separate trousers, $5 to $10.

Silk hats, $6.

White shirts, $1 to $2.

Walking gloves, $1 to $2.75.

Canes, 50c to $2.

F. M. ATWOOD

Rogers, Peet & Co. Clothing Hats and Furnishings.

Cor. Clark & Madison Sts.

A country Thanksgiving calls for

Mixture suits, $15 to $42.

Winter overcoats, $15 to $65.

Derbies and soft hats, $3 to $6.

Sweaters, $2.50 to $7.

Lined Gloves, $1 to $6.

"Star" negligee or business shirts, $1.50 to $2.50.

F. M. ATWOOD

Rogers, Peet & Co. Clothing Hats and Furnishings.

Cor. Clark & Madison Sts.

Spaulding & Co.

PARIS 36 Ave de l'Opera | Goldsmiths Silversmiths and Jewelers | CHICAGO Jackson Blvd and State St

An 18k Gold Watch for Men

Thin model, open face 18k case, with a 17-jewel adjusted movement, for

$40

made according to Spaulding & Co.'s specifications and backed by their guarantee.

A value heretofore unequaled at the price.

Jackson Boulevard and State Street

CHEAP, EFFECTIVE, PALATABLE.

APENTA

HUNGARIAN NATURAL APERIENT WATER.

The Analysis shows that the richness of Apenta Water in natural saline aperients renders it the safest and most remedial laxative and purgative. READ THE LABEL.

A WINEGLASSFUL A DOSE.

ALSO

SPARKLING APENTA

(NATURAL APENTA CARBONATED),

IN SPLITS ONLY.

A Refreshing and Pleasant Aperient for Morning Use.

Sole Exporters: THE APOLLINARIS CO., Ltd., London.

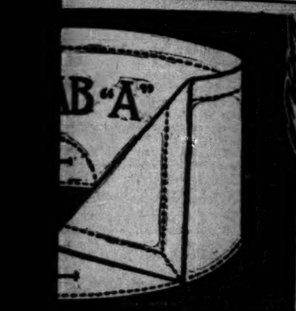
IF you want a servant, advertise in The Tribune Help Wanted Columns.

& CO.
om Furniture

22.75 Value $32.00

Chiffonier to match the Dresser; can be fur-nished in mahogany finish, birds-eye maple, golden birch, or golden oak. It measures 20 inches long, and has a French pattern plate mirror 16x20 inches, set in a hand carved frame supported by heavy standards. Con-tains five drawers and is built with solid ends. An exceptional value at 22.75.

and Adams-st.



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REFORMED ETHICS IN REFORM BOARD

New Rules "Guilty When Found Out," "Trustees Ought Not to Tell."

DR. KUFLEWSKI OWNS UP.

Says He Tried to Use Pull, Is Caught, and Doesn't Care for Exposure.

THE PHILOSOPHY OF ONE REFORM BOARD MEMBER.

You are guilty when you are found out.

Before you are found out you are no worse than anybody else.

The school board is like a lodge or a society and members shouldn't give each other away.

No member should appoint a teacher, but it's all right to try to get one appointed.

Dr. Wladyslaw A. Kuflewski, vice president of the board of education, yesterday withdrew his plea of "not guilty" and pleaded "guilty" to the charge of trying to use his "pull" in an effort to obtain the appointment of three evening school teachers.

Monday night Dr. Kuflewski said: "I didn't do it. I didn't do it. I didn't do it."

Last night Dr. Kuflewski said: "I did it. You gentlemen found me out. I did it. I'm guilty. I did it for a lady."

"Do you know of any other reform board members who have attempted to override the Dawes anti-pull rule?" the doctor was asked.

"I wouldn't give any of my honorable colleagues away," he replied, leaning back in his chair, extending his feet into the middle of the room, sinking his hands into his pockets, and looking solemn. "No, I wouldn't do that. It wouldn't be right. If it weren't for that I would do it. I always want to do what is right. When you are on the board of education you shouldn't give the other honorable members away. That would be wrong. It's just like when you are in a lodge or a society."

Thinks It Good Joke on Himself.

Then the doctor began to laugh. Then he drew his feet back from the middle of the room and placed them on the round of his chair. Then he took his hands out of his pockets, leaned forward, and, still laughing, exclaimed:

"How did you find out about it? Who told on me, I'd like to know that. How did you do it? I'm guilty, all right. But as far as I'm concerned, I don't care. It's only for the sake of those ladies that I care. It was a shame to put their names in the papers."

"Are these the only three you ever tried to get appointed?" Dr. Kuflewski was asked.

"I guess those are the only ones. There may be some others. But since Cooley ordered me out of his office I haven't tried to do so much. That's not because I'm afraid of Cooley, though. I'm not afraid of Cooley. I do believe that Cooley is a perfect gentleman. I have no objections to him personally. I do believe that only the superintendent and the assistant superintendent should appoint teachers. No trustees should appoint them under any circumstances.

Ordered Out by Gentlemen.

"I can go there and say to them: 'What do you think of such and such a lady? I think she is a good teacher and should be appointed, don't you.' They may order me out. I don't care. That's all right. I have done my duty. Cooley and Megan are both perfect gentlemen. I say this, even when they have ordered me out. I have no hard feelings. Sometimes I differ with Cooley, but he's all right just the same. I'm for him."

"Didn't you vote against him at the last board election?"

"O, now that's too personal a question; you mustn't ask me that."

"Will you vote for him next year?"

"That's too personal, too. As far as that goes it would be wrong for me to make any statement. I try to do the right thing."

Dr. Kuflewski was asked if he would accept the presidency of the board should it be offered him next year.

"If they want me there is no objection," he said, "but I don't want to push myself. Ritter makes a fine president."

Declares for Anti-Pull Rule.

Dr. Kuflewski then declared himself in favor of the strictest possible enforcement of the Dawes anti-pull rule.

"When I voted to rescind the rule last year," he explained, "everybody said it was because I was against it. That was not so. I voted to rescind because I wanted it made stronger. I did not want it made weaker, but stronger.

"The Dawes resolution should be enforced to the letter. If I go there and ask for the appointment of a lady, that's all right. If the Dawes rule is enforced I won't get it, will I? No, I won't. Not with Cooley there. No board member should have the right to name a teacher, but I can go there and ask to name one. I want to say, too, that I am not controlled by the Teachers' federation. I never have met but one member, and that was Margaret Haley. I wouldn't say a word against her. She's a perfect lady. I would never say a word against a lady. But the federation has no power over me. No politician has any power over me. I'm a free person."

In Deadlock Over Leases.

The buildings and grounds committee is in a deadlock over the lease question. Following a conference with the attorneys for Stumer, Rosenthal & Eckstein in the afternoon the board failed to take any action, and after the meeting the prediction was made that the lease controversy would have to be decided in the courts. A proposition was made to the board by Stumer, Rosenthal & Eckstein, and a special meeting will be held next week to consider it. Board members declared, however, that they would not accept it.

ORDER CONFERRED ON SURGEON

Dr. A. H. Ferguson Given Portuguese Decoration in Recognition of His Work in Medical Science.

Dr. Alexander Hugh Ferguson, 10 Drexel square, was presented last night with the decoration of The Commander of the Order of Christ, conferred upon him for distinguished talent in surgery by King Carlos I. of Portugal.

The presentation was made at the instance of King Carlos by Count de Saint Eulalia, Portuguese consul at New York, at a dinner given in honor of the count's visit to Chicago for the occasion, at the Auditorium Annex hotel.

Queen Amelia, the consort of King Carlos, a graduated physician, has read the works of Mr. Ferguson, and, imbued with the belief that his talent merited recognition, she had King Carlos confer upon him the decoration. Count Eulalia will return to his post in New York on Friday and will be entertained by friends here until that time. He is stopping at the Auditorium hotel.

BLIND BOY IN FIRE IS RESCUED.

Deserted in Excitement, but Mother Fights to Return to Her Son and the Police Find Him.

A blind boy, overcome by smoke and unable to leave a burning building at 41 Rees street, was rescued by the police yesterday. The boy was the son of Mrs. Minnie Stetten, who, after escaping from the building, fought the police in an effort to return to her son. The police rescued the boy. The building and contents were damaged to the extent of $900.

Savings accounts may be opened at any time with one dollar or more in the Northern Trust Company—Bank, northwest corner La Salle and Monroe streets. Savings department is on the second floor.

COOLEY TELLS HIS CREED.

DECLARES THE SCHOOLS ARE FOR CHILDREN, NOT TEACHERS.

City Superintendent of Education, at Banquet of Methodist Social Union, Outlines His Views as to Securing Best Results in Study Rooms—He Thinks Efficiency Should Be Test for Promotion—Harris Makes Plea for Northwestern University.

Superintendent of Schools E. G. Cooley recited his educational creed last night at the banquet of the Chicago Methodist Social union at the Auditorium hotel. Mr. Cooley said he felt at home because he was "raised" among Methodists, and he took his audience into his heart in relating his troubles over promotional examinations and other public school questions.

One sentence which Mr. Cooley used aroused applause which lasted for several minutes. It was not a new idea, Mr. Cooley said, but one that appeared to have been forgotten in the controversy which the school board was waging against him. This was it:

"The public schools do not exist for the teachers, but for the children and for the whole American people."

President A. W. Harris of Northwestern university was the other speaker.

Teacher Should Be Efficient.

"The standpoint of the efficiency of the teachers in our public schools which I have raised," Mr. Cooley said, "must be judged solely by the good to the children. Length of service can be defended only as it shows efficiency. Sex can be judged only in this way, as well as zeal and scholarship. Many cities are following Chicago's lead in taking progressive scholarship into consideration. Older heads are not always better teachers and length of service often means a decrease in efficiency.

"The teacher in a good school maintains her efficiency for four or five years without study, perhaps, but before the end of the first decade her decline begins. She cannot remain efficient unless she is a student. There is a loss in transmission. If she wishes to impart knowledge she must know the whole of a subject.

Must Learn New Methods.

"More than book and laboratory knowledge is required, but the power to assimilate knowledge is vitally connected with a teacher's service in school. She must study educational progress and methods and profit by the experience of the teachers in the past. All this cannot be done by mere high school girls, but must be a life long preparation.

"No subject is taught now as it was twenty years ago, and the curriculums today include many new things. We must afford the older teachers an opportunity to study these things.

"To do this we should offer the teacher normal and university extension courses and make her work so that she can afford to take them. In framing the school salaries it is valid to ascertain whether teachers are students and not take them merely on the record of their schoolroom work. When a teacher reaches the end of the lower group I believe in holding her back until she can meet the new tests.

High Standards Are Favored.

"The great majority of the teachers are in favor of high standards. They are in favor of the idea of running the schools for the children. They believe the schools do not belong to the teachers, but they are a protection against illiterate citizenship. I believe that the promotional scheme is the best policy and that the final judgment of the American people will so find it. If our motives are questioned by interested persons let us put our trust in the whole people and we will not fail."

University Needs More Aid.

President Harris said:

"The real test of a city is power and purpose, and not statistics. Unless I read the signs of the times ill Chicago, with all its hurry, and bustle, and commerce, is actuated by motives of doing good to the world. I admire its courage, and there are men in this room who may see it grow to 10,000,000 population.

"Northwestern university is of Chicago—a vital part of it. We have in Chicago another great institution, our chief competitor, and we have great respect for it. We would be glad if we had some great, generous benefactor who would do for us as the University of Chicago has been done by. All that has been done for us has come out of Chicago. With all our increase the university is poor. We ought to have four or five new buildings, among them a gymnasium, a commons, recitation hall, and chapel."

WORRIED MAN SEEKS DEATH.

Cuts Throat and Wrist Because His Fellow Employes Accused Him of a Serious Offense.

Worried over accusations made against him, probably in jest, by fellow employes, Joseph Fanning, 35 years old, entered an empty freight car on the Illinois Central tracks at the foot of South Water street last evening and attempted to commit suicide by cutting his throat and left wrist with a dull knife.

Afterwards he walked nearly a block and fell unconscious from loss of blood. He was found by a railroad watchman and was taken to the county hospital. His condition is serious.

He revived on the way to the hospital and told Policeman Martin Helberg his name was "John Mahoney, 298 Wabash avenue." Later at the hospital he gave the name of Joseph Fanning, 12 Clark street. He said he was employed as a solicitor for the American Technical society, 303 Dearborn street.

"The boys at the office accused me of a serious offense," he said. "I worried over it and made up my mind to kill myself."

He refused to talk further about himself.

MORE CASH FOR BANK VICTIMS.

Receiver Fetzer's Claim for $330,027 Against Co-operative Store Is Allowed by Referee in Bankruptcy Eastman.

The claim of $330,027.50 filed by John C. Fetzer as receiver for the Milwaukee Avenue State bank against the Milwaukee Avenue Coöperative store was allowed yesterday by Referee in Bankruptcy Eastman. The other creditors of the store have agreed to accept one-half of their allowed claims and the remainder of the assets of the store will be devoted to the payment of the claims of the bank.

A part of the receiver's claim was made on notes for $91,000 given the store by Stensland and the remainder was on a $300,000 bond issue given Stensland by the store.

The action of the receiver is said to have assured depositors in the bank getting 45 per cent of the $330,027.50 allowed by the referee. Another dividend probably will be paid on Dec. 20.

TRADE PRESS DINES OFFICIALS.

Congressmen and Postal Officials Hear Views Regarding Second Class Reclassification.

Five Chicago congressmen and three local postoffice officials were guests at a banquet given last night at the Great Northern hotel by the Chicago Trade Press association. The purpose in inviting these men was to present to them the views of the association relative to the reclassification of second class mail matter.

The congressmen present were Martin B. Madden, George E. Foss, William W. Wilson, J. T. McDermott, and A. J. Sabath.

During the banquet Senator Tillman was brought in and introduced but did not speak. Assistant Postmaster John H. Hubbard, Paul Hull, superintendent of the second class mail, and his assistant, M. J. O'Malley, were the guests from the postal service.

Insurance Men Talk Conservatism.

Seventy-five insurance men last night discussed conservative business methods at the "Thanksgiving" nibbitus of the Life Underwriters' association of Chicago. The occasion was marked by a banquet at the Union league club, at which F. D. McGregor, manager of the Queen company, was the principal speaker. Resolutions indorsing the "conservative" stand taken recently by the National Underwriters' association were adopted.

Hammond, Ind., Teacher Ousted Because She Was Socially Popular.

MISS GENEVIEVE McGRAW

Miss Genevieve McGraw, the prettiest school teacher in Hammond, Ind., who has been ousted from her position by Superintendent of Schools McDaniel because she has been too popular socially, is not believed to have much chance of recovering her place. The superintendent last night intimated that he will stand by his position that dances and other social frivolities are not suitable for school teachers. Miss McGraw's sympathizers lay the trouble to "old maid's spite." The pretty young teacher came to Hammond from West Superior, Wis., where school regulations are not so strict.

POLICE TO CHECK TRACTION DANGER

(Continued from first page.)

company's property, there were no limitations to the construction of a platform suitable for the demands of traffic at that point.

Hundreds of patrons of the South Side "L" stood for half an hour in the bleak wind on the loop platform at State and Van Buren streets at 6 p. m. while train after train whizzed past them. The few trains that did stop were not accessible to passengers because the gates were unopened.

Thousands Wait on Platforms.

This state of affairs was due to a tieup of five minutes, when a motor of a "local" became defective. So closely do the trains follow each other that it was fully an hour later before the exact schedule was regained.

It was during this period that the downtown office buildings and stores sent forth their thousands of workers and the hundreds who crowded to that platform to take either the Metropolitan or South Side trains were so anxious to get home that those on the edge were in imminent danger of being shoved on to the third rail.

Some of those who wished to take South Side trains became disgusted and went over to the Adams street and Wabash avenue station, the first one on the loop, where they stood a chance to get a seat. By the time one of these trains, consisting of five cars, got half way around the loop it became so crowded that there was little chance for any one else to clamber abroad even if the guards could get the gates open.

Jammed Full of Passengers.

South side express trains are scheduled to run three minutes apart. The seating capacity is between sixty and sixty-five, but during the rush hour, between 5:30 and 6:30 o'clock, no car holds less than 100, and many of them hold as many as 140 passengers. Striking an average of 120 to the car, it gives a total of 18,000 passengers carried by this line in one hour.

The Illinois Central suburban service is in a like condition, and the south side surface lines, declared by some to be the best in any section of the city, carry nearly double the capacity on every car. The supposition has been by residents in Englewood that when the west branch of the South Side elevated was extended that far the traction problem, so far as they were concerned, would be settled. The Rock Island, the Eastern Illinois, and the Lake Shore each maintains suburban service and compete with the Halsted street and Wentworth avenue surface cars for that patronage, yet there is no falling off in the business of any of these lines, while the Englewood "L" trains are in the same condition as all the others.

Northwestern "L" Overtaxed.

The Northwestern Elevated railroad cars were "packed to suffocation" with passengers anxious to reach home in the shortest possible time. Between 5 and 7 o'clock trains were run at intervals of two minutes, and every car of every train, both local and express, was crowded to the gates by the time the trains reached the Madison street and Randolph street stations on the Fifth avenue sections of the loop.

At the Randolph street station, in many instances, the gates could not be opened to let passengers off, while a crowd of 100 or more of prospective passengers stood in a jam on the platform waiting for trains.

The gateman opened the gates for additional passengers whenever it was possible to swing the levers. Then there was a rush forward on the part of the waiting crowds on the platforms, ending in a jam at the car gates. That more serious accidents and loss of life do not occur as a result of the fearful overcrowding on elevated roads almost is a miracle.

"Packed Like Sardines."

A conservative estimate of the number of passengers carried in each car of the Northwestern elevated trains during the hours of greatest crowding is 125. The seating capacity of the regular cars is about fifty, while the "smokers" will seat ten or fifteen more than that.

Of the thirty north bound trains of five cars each which passed the Kinzie street station between 5:30 and 6:30 o'clock, twenty-eight of them carried at least 125 passengers in each car and some had loads of nearly 150 men and women "packed like sardines."

Fearful crowding was experienced at the Chicago avenue station, which is the last stop made by the north bound express trains before they reach Fullerton avenue. Many passengers change at that station for local trains. Between 6:00 and 6:30 o'clock it was almost impossible to open the gates by the time the trains reached Chicago avenue.

FOOD FOR THE PARK PETS.

WILLIE WIELAND HAS PLAN TO FEAST BIRDS AND SQUIRRELS.

Pupil of School for Crippled Children Appeals to Boys and Girls of Chicago to Scatter Crumbs and Nuts in Parks to Provide Thanksgiving Dinner for Feathered and Furry Friends—Squirrels Are Migrating from Chicago.

Willie Wieland, a pupil at the School for Crippled Children, at Elizabeth and Lake streets, has an idea. It occurred to him several days ago; now he wants the school children of Chicago to help him carry it out.

"Why can't we take some nuts and things to the birds and squirrels in the parks on Thanksgiving day?" he asked Mrs. Haskell, who is in charge of the school.

"We'll do it," said Mrs. Haskell.

But it was found that the buses which carry the children to and from the school could not be secured for tomorrow, and the children, with their twisted limbs, cannot walk to Lincoln park. So it was decided to do the next best thing. Every one agreed to the plan, and tomorrow morning nuts, bread crumbs, and all sorts of good things, leftovers from the school's Thanksgiving dinner, which comes this noon, will be scattered on the door steps and window sills of 150 homes on the west side, wherever a pupil of the school lives.

Appeal to Boys and Girls.

But Willie was not satisfied. "If we can't go, let's get the other kids to feed the squirrels," he said, and a TRIBUNE reporter was called to the consultation.

"Willie and I want you to ask the boys and girls who can walk to go to the parks some time on Thanksgiving day and give the birds and the squirrels a Thanksgiving dinner," said Mrs. Haskell. "There are birds in all the parks—lots of them—and in most of the parks there are squirrels. Will you ask them?"

The reporter said he would do so.

Those who have been told about Willie Wieland's idea have given it their unqualified approval. And one who never heard, probably, of the School for Crippled Children gave it unexpected support. In a letter to THE TRIBUNE, written at the time when Willie was reading about the holiday customs of Sweden, Mrs. Ellen Clark of Ocean Springs, Miss., wrote:

Won't "The Tribune" please take up the cause of the birds and squirrels in the Chicago parks by asking the school children to contribute their pennies and nickels to provide a fund to buy food for the little pensioners? It would be a pretty and appropriate Thanksgiving day custom to establish for as many children as can do so to visit the parks on that day and carry nuts and seeds to scatter for their little fellow creatures to feast on.

Squirrels Are Leaving Chicago.

Chicago is in danger of losing its squirrel population. They are migrating to Evanston, Lake Forest, and other points along the north shore, seeking more thickly wooded regions. There are a few left in the south and west parks and on the Englewood hill, near the Chicago Normal school, but their chief stronghold now is Lincoln park. Here little green houses have been placed in the trees in which the squirrels may nest in in winter, and nailed to the trunk of an old tree near the refectory building is a wooden box with a hole in the cover, where visitors may leave nuts for the animals.

STEEL COMPANY'S CHECKS GONE

Employe of South Chicago Concern Is Sought After Discovery of Loss of Pay Envelopes.

Some of the pay checks of the Illinois Steel company at South Chicago got into the wrong hands again yesterday and the police, aided by the steel concern's special detectives, are now searching for Fred Taylor, a former employé, who is said to have stolen a number of pay envelopes.

W. H. Bigelow, an officer of the company, told the police of the South Chicago station last night that Taylor had stolen checks amounting to $1,000, and that he probably had cashed them and left the city.

Taylor worked in the timekeeper's department of the company until Monday.

Elks Give Vaudeville Social.

A vaudeville program with free cigars and other refreshments drew 5,000 persons to Brook's Casino last night. The occasion was the annual stag social of the Benevolent Order of Elks. The Chicago chapter, No. 4, sent out eight tickets to each member of the fraternity, and the result was confusion and jollification which lasted until an early hour in the morning.

LOW RATES FOR THANKSGIVING.

Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway.

Fare and a third for the round trip to all points within 200 miles of Chicago. Tickets on sale Nov. 28 and 29. Return limit Dec. 3, 1906. Tickets at 95 Adams street or Union Passenger Station.

EXPERT TELLS OF TELEPHONES' COST

Says 110,000 Instruments Can Be Installed in Chicago for $15,007,500.

CHARGES ARE TOO HIGH.

Subscriber's Service Is Cut Off Because He Refuses to Sign Petition.

With the supporting testimony of W. H. Johnston of Buffalo, N. Y., a telephone expert of sixteen years' experience, Attorney Levy Mayer, representing the Manufacturers' Telephone company, renewed his arguments yesterday in the franchise fight before the gas, oil and electric light committee of the city council.

Mr. Mayer presented figures compiled by Mr. Johnston showing the expenditures necessary to establish and maintain the proposed plant of the Manufacturers' company, based on the installation of 110,000 telephones. He said it would cost $15,007,500.

These telephones, according to the statements made by Expert Johnston before the committee, will be of a pattern to permit the user of a nonautomatic telephone to call up the subscriber to an automatic telephone and carry on a conversation just as if both had the same kind of telephones.

Attack Made on Cut Rates.

The Chicago Telephone company produced telephone men from Indiana and Illinois who testified that the independent phones are not successful. Moline, Ill., and Davenport, Ia., were cited in support of the theory that telephone companies starting a cut rate business will be compelled to get authority to raise their rates or go out of business.

C. H. Rottger, superintendent of the Central Telephone company at Springfield, Ill., and H. Whitney, superintendent in Indiana, were the principal witnesses produced by Attorney John Barton Payne and General Manager A. S. Hibbard of the Chicago Telephone company. Mr. Whitney said many of the lines in Indiana are run on barb wire fences and are unsuitable for connection with long distance lines. He insisted that the people in Indiana in the country districts do not want long distance communication with Chicago.

Says Service Costs Too Much.

Then Attorney Mayer took the bat.

"We are here to show that we can exist and do this business at 50 per cent less than the existing cost," he said. "The cheaper people can get a thing the more they will use of it. If a theater offers choice seats for 50 cents people go to the theater three times where formerly they went once. The aggregate result to the theater is increased revenue. It is the same with bear and edibles."

Mr. Johnston's figures for the installation of the proposed service footed up to $15,007,500. The annual gross revenue he placed at $5,130,000. The annual gross expense, less 5 per cent for depreciation, was estimated at $3,732,000, leaving a net return of $1,400,000. Less interest at 5 per cent on securities this would amount to $660,000. The estimated revenue from all sources per telephone was estimated at $46.66.

The discussion was continued until Monday afternoon.

How Signatures Are Secured.

Respecting the telephone situation, a TRIBUNE subscriber has written as follows:

"The Chicago Telephone company is rejoicing in 250,000 names attached to its petitions for extending its franchise for twenty years longer. Doubtless hundreds of thoughtless men and women and a large percentage of minors have carelessly affixed their names to a paper assenting to they knew not what just to please a more or less attractive girl.

"Because one subscriber refused to sign the petition the service was cut off maliciously for several days and the women of the family were subjected to many petty annoyances.

"Another subscriber, on a ten party line, was obliged to write to the general manager at the central office before the phone was rendered serviceable after four days' silence.

"Let it be hoped that those who are so willing that this wretched service be continued may enjoy a few such annoyances themselves. Nevertheless the 5 cents a day guarantee will be scrupulously exacted."

Artful Ruse of a Collector.

One instance on the west side was reported where one of the company's coin collectors threw down a petition with the suave request: 'Sign this please.' It might have been an innocuous guarantee of the amount of money asked to sign it discovered the apparent artfulness of the collector.

Says Justice Refused Appeal.

Judge Chetlain yesterday issued a writ of certiorari against Justice Edwin J. Rhoades on complaint of Francis Lanceau, against whom a verdict of $100 was given Albert H. Roe of the Lake Real Estate company on Oct. 16. Lanceau says Justice Rhoades had refused to allow an appeal.

Can You Use Food When You Get It?

Thousands of Stomachs Starving Where Mouths Are Well Fed. Costs Nothing to Relieve This Condition.

Eating is fast becoming too much a part of the daily routine, if not a mere tickling of the appetite—a thing to be gotten out of the way as quickly as possible. Little thought is given to "what kind of food," its effect upon the system, and whether it will be of use in building up the tissues of the body.

Your stomach will revolt, if it is not already doing so. It must shut up for repairs. What of the dizziness, and sometimes pain, which stops you after a hurried lunch? What of the general distress after a heavy dinner, a feeling of pressure against the heart which calls a halt and makes the breathing difficult? Is it common for you to be oppressed with belching and sour eructations? Are you constipated and then do you laughingly toss a dime to the druggist for his most palatable relief? Beware of temporary cures that are but palliatives. Many antidotes for the common ills which our flesh is heir to seem at first to relieve, but in reality, if not injecting poison into the system, lay the foundation for a deeper-seated and more far-reaching disorder.

Three-fourths of all diseases originate with a breaking-down of the digestion and nine-tenths of all digestive troubles originate with one or more of the symptoms named above.

Beware, then, of Indigestion and Dyspepsia. If you find yourself aching, listless, lacking in ambition when you should be on the alert,

Do not doctor the stomach.

It needs a rest from food and drugs.

Do not flush out the bowels.

It takes more than forcing food through the passageway to make blood and tissue and nerve.

Do not starve your stomach.

Food is a thing to be worked for all there is in it and your stomach will do the work if you will help it in Nature's way.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets contain nothing but the natural elements which enter into the healthy stomach and intestines to perform the function of digestion. Governmental tests and the investigations and sworn oaths of expert chemists attest this fact. Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets go to the source of the trouble and positively restore the glands and fluids of the mucous membrane to their proper condition. They promptly relieve the distress of all troubles originating in the stomach or bowels (with the one exception of cancer).

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are recommended by physicians and all reliable pharmacists. If you are a sufferer from indigestion or dyspepsia, try a fifty cent package today. At all druggists, or if you prefer send us your name and address and we will gladly send you a trial package by mail free. F. A. Stuart Co., 62 Stuart Bldg., Marshall, Mich.

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Black and Gray Worsted Overcoats, St. George Kersey Overcoats, Vicuna Overcoats, Plaid Scotch Weave Overcoats, Diagonal Gray and Brown Overcoats, New Olive Two-Tone Overcoats, heavy, medium heavy, in all fashionable shapes for men and young men. $25 and $28 Hart Schaffner & Marx Overcoats of highest standard $18

Kersey Overcoats, all wool, silk lined, Hart Schaffner & Marx splendid new creations—form fitting shapes, $20

Gray Worsted Overcoats, ten sorts, Beautiful, Stylish, Interesting overcoats—the season's greatest success, $25

All-Wool Frieze, Kersey and Extra Heavy Cheviot Overcoats from shops of Hart Schaffner & Marx $15

Persian lamb collared, silk seal plush lined, silk topped luxurious Hart Schaffner & Marx Overcoats $45

Carr English Melton Overcoats, silk lined, in the inimitable Carr finish, Oxfords and blacks; 5 models $45

Greatcoats, English materials, Grays, Browns, Plaids and Club Checks, windshield collar and cuffs $25

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We may live without conscience, and live without heart;
We may live without friends;
We may live without books;
BUT civilized man cannot live without

COOK'S Imperial Champagne

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Richard Olney

In the December INTER-NATION on

"Labor Unions and Politics"

See also "Practical Side of Tariff Reform," by J. M. W. Hall; "The Yellow Peril," by Frederic J. Whiting; "The Newfoundland Crisis," by Hon. A. B. Morine; "The Progress of Tariff Revision," by Eugene N. Foss; "An Ambassador of Culture," "Our Dangerous Currency Laws," "The Municipal Ownership Fight in Seattle," "The Growth of the Telephone," "Notes on the Elections," etc.

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AWAIT SHUTDOWN IN JUSTICE SHOPS.

Magistrates Are Hastening to Clear Up Dockets Before Closing Forever.

SUITS DECIDED IN HASTE.

Most of the Courts to Quit on Friday, but Some Not Till Saturday Night.

"Let it be costs only this time," said Justice Underwood yesterday afternoon, imposing sentence on a woman who often had been brought into his court.

The woman edged toward the door, drawing her shawl tighter over her head. With her hand on the knob she paused and said:

"You ain't goin' to be judge any longer, are you, your honor?"

"Only three days more, Mary," said the justice. "You won't get off so easy in the Municipal courts."

"Well, judge," said the woman, "happy days for you. I hope you'll get a good job."

It was one of many farewell scenes between justices and old offenders which have been taking place all week. The practical nature of the great sweep which Chicago is about to make in its system of justice has become apparent only in these last few days.

Friday Last Day for Most of Them.

Friday will be the last day for most of the courts, but some of the west side justices have announced that they will hold court until Saturday night. Several downtown courts will close forever today.

The dark and ancient rookeries in which most of Chicago's justices have listened to the troubles of the poor for so many years have begun to brighten. The coal fires in most of the shops yesterday were blazing with piles of old writs and documents, moldy and dusty, which had been piled in the path of the sunlight. Ancient crimes and feuds and quarrels, comedies and tragedies, which never have seen the light, were thus disposed of and Chicago began to turn its new page.

Most of the courts were busy places and justice was dispensed wholesale. An illustration was found in Justice Richardson's court, where more than 150 cases against the Chicago Telephone company have been decided against the defendant during the last few days. Attorney H. C. Lust, representing the law firm of Morah, Mayer & Meyer, secured these judgments, apparently by the agreement of the telephone company lawyer.

The judgments against the company ranged from $30 to $200, and were asked by the various complainants in repayment of phone rent, which it was claimed was collected illegally under the Supreme court decision that the $178 a year charge was excessive. Some of the cases have been dragging on for three years. Several hundred will be appealed.

Greenberg Cause of New System.

"It is the collection agencies and Constable Greenberg who have brought about this new law," said Justice Hurley. "I feel like a boy who is going on a vacation. The people were right to do away with a system which had become so cumbersome and rotten."

The cost of starting suits in the new courts will be the greatest deterrant of the collection agencies in making use of them—that and the fact that the other side will have a chance to appear and make a defense.

"I want a judgment, judge," said a lawyer in Justice Weil's court, who found that he would have to take his case to the new courts or dismiss it.

"You asked for a continuance last week when the defense was here," said the judge.

"Now I will give it to you."

"Dismiss the suit," said the lawyer.

It is estimated that fully 50 per cent of the suits of this character will be done away with by the new system. It will cost a minimum of $4 to start a $200 suit, and the costs pile up at every new step. Met with small claims will make strenuous efforts to settle outside of court.

Justice Martin's Big Docket.

In Justice Martin's court the usual crowd of poor litigants was lined up, making a personal appeal to the justice while he looked on and smiled and passed judgment with unerring accuracy for the merits of the case rather than for the law.

Thomas J. Healy, a small storekeeper, appeared with a complaint against a religious publication which was suing him for an unpaid subscription.

"I said I would take the paper only a month. I have no money," pleaded Healy.

"Can't help that. You signed the contract," said the justice.

"But, your honor," said the plaintiff, "I can see by your ways that you have an honest heart. These men are sharks. Will you not protect me?"

"You should look out for yourself," said the court, finding judgment for the plaintiff. "Call the next case, Mr. Clerk."

"Go and take it out of the solicitor," he added to Healy.

Healy struck his hat in the face of the solicitor, who backed out of the door. Soon there came the sound of scuffling. Mr. Healy was administering a primitive form of justice.

Constables Going to Country.

What will become of the constables? was a question answered by many of that tribe in a defiant spirit.

Many of them have banded together to work in the country. They claim that the law does not touch them outside and that they can even come into the city and make raids under state writs.

What will become of the justices? is a question that not many of them have answered. Justice Hurley will close his shop today and start to practice law. Justice Caverly will close up today and said he was thinking of going to Australia. Justice Underwood will practice law. Justice Severson will take a two years' trip around the world.

NEW COURT 12:01 A. M. MONDAY

Plan Is to Convene the First Session After Stroke of Midnight.

If you have any roses for the charter members of Chicago's long delayed Municipal courts, prepare to toss them at the jurists at midnight Sunday in the new courtroom of Chief Justice Harry Olson in the old Northwestern Railway building, Lake street and Fifth avenue.

Just one minute after midnight Chief Justice Olson, it was decided yesterday, will call the court to order and inaugurate the new judicial system. He will read off the names of the judges and assign them to their courtrooms for the next session, which will begin promptly at 9 o'clock that morning.

After consultations with several lawyers, Chief Bailiff Hunter concluded that there were no flaws in his resignation from the city council and that he could safely qualify at once for the new position. He furnished a bond of $100,000, signed by the Metropolitan Surety company, and was sworn in by Deputy County Clerk Magler. Then he dispatched his private secretary to Springfield to secure credentials from the governor.

He announced that he would establish a civil service system of his own, pending the adoption by the legislature of the merit system for the new courts.

"No man will be hired unless he can furnish a bond of $500 and the indorsement of four good business or professional men," said Hunter. "I am going to be as exacting in my requirements as the city civil service board. In fact, I advise all applicants for jobs in this office to scan the application blanks furnished by the city. That will give them their cue. I shall discharge clerks found guilty of neglect of duty or wrong doing. There will be no long, dragging trial to defeat good service."

Master Attorney Healy conferred with Judge Julian W. Mack and Judge Theodore Brentano concerning the bond of A. J. Harris, the incoming clerk of the Criminal court, and it was pointed out that while his cash on hand often amounts to $20,000 the bond of the office in the past has been but $5,000.

FIGHT SPLITS WARD CLUB

DENEEN FACTION IN THE THIRD WITHDRAWS FROM MADDEN.

Congressman Refuses to Resign as Committeeman, and Organization Calls Rump Meeting to Force Matters—President of Club Charges Bad Faith and Repudiation of Signature—Second Meeting Unanimous for Ettelson Candidacy.

The election of officers of the Third Ward Republican club broke into warring factions at 3041 State street last night, following a declaration by Congressman Martin B. Madden to the effect that he had signed his resignation as county committeeman "under duress" and that he wishes to withdraw it. He laid his trouble to the Deneen section of the party, although he declared that he is friendly to Gov. Deneen.

Mr. Madden spoke amid hisses, cheers, and other interruptions. When he left the hall Maj. J. C. Buckner tried to pour oil on the troubled waters, but was successful only in a measure.

Deneen Faction Leaves Hall.

The Deneen part of the club immediately formed under the banner of D. J. Schuyler Jr., president of the club, and Sam Ettelson, who had been slated to fill the expected vacancy as committeeman, and marched to Gillen's restaurant at Thirty-fifth street and Calumet avenue, where they held a meeting, declared Mr. Madden's resignation accepted, and elected Mr. Ettelson to fill the vacancy.

The other faction remained on State street. Justice D. K. Cochrane was among the speakers who did not join in the march to Gillen's restaurant.

According to the speech of Mr. Madden he had been forced to offer his resignation as county committeeman in order to secure his nomination to congress.

Schuyler Makes Statement.

Following the battle, President Schuyler of the club said:

"Last June, before the county central committee met, Mr. Madden came to S. A. Ettelson and I at the Hamilton club and asked us what we wanted. We said we wanted the county central committeeship which he held and that we wanted the candidacy for state senator to go to Mr. Ettelson.

"Mr. Madden agreed, but said that to escape humiliation he would like to date his resignation ahead to Nov. 26. We signed it as witnesses and he said he might tell Roy O. West.

"Eighty-five per cent of the club members are our fellows. When I arrived at the meeting the front rows were packed with hoodlums who started hooting at our motions.

"Mr. Madden then got up and, snatching the original copy of his resignation from the table, he declared that he had signed it under duress and then left the room.

"The crowd made such a dreadful noise that I requested 'all gentlemen present who wanted to have a decent election' to go to Gillen's. A meeting was called to order there and Mr. Ettelson and I, by virtue of written authority to represent Mr. Madden, presented a copy of his resignation. It was accepted by unanimous vote and then Mr. Ettelson unanimously was elected as county central committeeman from the Third ward. Mr. Madden is out and that's all there is to it."

THANKSGIVING EVE AT CLUB.

Standard to Give Annual Affair with Banquet in Michigan Avenue Home Tonight—Other Observances.

The annual Thanksgiving eve banquet of the Standard club will be given tonight at the clubhouse at Twenty-fourth street and Michigan avenue. Mr. A. J. Pflaum will be toastmaster and addresses will be given by Congressman Henry T. Rainey, Judge Marcus Kavanagh, the Hon. Samuel Alschuler, and the Rev. Dr. W. B. O'Neill.

The Salvation army will have a united Thanksgiving service in the No. 1 corps hall, 853 West Madison street, on Thursday morning at 11 o'clock, which will be conducted by Commissioner George Kilbey. At night Col. Stephen Marshall will conduct the public wedding of two officers in the same hall.

The Christian Science churches in Chicago and suburbs will hold special Thanksgiving services tomorrow morning at 10:45 o'clock. The subject of the lesson sermon for that day will be "Thanksgiving."

Thanksgiving services will be held in the Fourth Presbyterian church, Rush and Superior street, Thursday at 11 o'clock. The Rev. William Robson Notman will preach on "Thanksgiving Proclamations of Washington, Lincoln, and Roosevelt."

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Now in its 4th Edition, 20th Thousand.

AUTO CLUB WANTS DRIVER INDICTED

Example to Be Made of Joy Morton's Chauffeur for Smashing Car.

PROSECUTE TO THE LIMIT.

Attorney Says Heaviest Punishment Will Be Asked to Stop Like Offenses.

Vigorous prosecution of Adam Moerschaeber, Joy Morton's chauffeur, who wrecked his employer's automobile in a collision with a Clark street car at Division street, last Friday morning, was decided upon by the directors of the Chicago Automobile club yesterday.

The meeting was held at the Midday club and the directors of the auxiliary association of the club also were present. A resolution in the form of a motion was adopted condemning the practice of chauffeurs who use motor cars without authority from their employers.

Club Attorney to Prosecute.

Sidney S. Gorham, attorney for the club, was directed to appear against Moerschaeber, whose case will be heard by Justice Roth this morning. Attorney Gorham declared he will present evidence against the chauffeur sufficient to hold him to the grand jury. The directors also instructed Attorney Gorham to assist Attorney Healy in the prosecution of Moerschaeber, in the event of grand jury action.

"The club has decided to prosecute this man to the limit," said Attorney Gorham. "I am almost certain that he will be held to the grand jury, and in the event of an indictment we shall prosecute him for malicious mischief and exceeding the speed limit.

"This action is not taken in any spirit of resentment against the chauffeur personally, but we feel that he must be punished as an example and a warning to other chauffeurs who are inclined to be reckless, and who drive their employers' cars without authority."

Neglect Charged Against Driver.

The collision in which Mr. Morton's car was wrecked occured Friday morning, shortly after midnight. The chauffeur had taken home a party of Mr. Morton's guests, and afterward is said to have taken a long spin on his own initiative, contrary to Mr. Morton's instructions. Mr. Morton was not present at the meeting when the action was taken to prosecute Moerschaeber.

Among those present were President Ira M. Cobe, John Farson, B. H. Marshall, Harry J. Powers, and Joseph F. Gunther. Robert P. Hooper of Philadelphia, chairman of the highways committee of the American Automobile association, was a guest of the directors at luncheon.

Mr. Farson left in the afternoon for New York to attend the national automobile show, and President Cobe and Attorney Gorham will leave for the show next Sunday.

BOOM DARROW FOR MAYOR

"PEOPLE'S CHOICE" APPEARS ON CAMPAIGN PICTURES.

Democrat Said to Be in Receptive Mood and Preparing to Take Up Residence in First Ward—Secretary Tansey of Central Committee Shows How $46,321.59 Was Spent on Election—Harrison Quiet on the Political Situation.

Clarence S. Darrow as the democratic candidate for mayor is the latest bit of gossip to hit the local politicians. There is little tangible to back it as yet beyond the suspicion that Mr. Darrow is in a receptive mood and the fact that some enthusiastic follower, believed to have been President George M. Schilling of the board of local improvements, has had a thousand lithographed cards struck off bearing the assurance that Mr. Darrow is "the people's choice."

According to those who bore the news into the county headquarters on La Salle street, Mr. Darrow intends to forsake his home on Sheridan road and move his pictures and books into a suite of rooms at the Windsor-Clifton hotel. This would bring him into the First ward, the democratic stronghold, and give him a formidable following at the start.

Mr. Darrow could not be reached last night. Neither could the reporters locate the proprietor of the Northwestern Printing company to ascertain who had ordered the prophetic lithographs.

Tansey Tells How Fund Went.

Secretary John P. Tansey of the democratic central committee broke political precedents by publishing "to the four winds" the story of how the campaign fund was disbursed for the election of Nov. 6. It follows:

Total cost of manning the polls election day	$20,668.00
Printing, postage, cartage, exclusive of mass meeting work	2,459.99
Headquarters rent, light, heat, telephone supplies and stationery	2,731.88
Advertising in papers printed in foreign languages and maintaining headquarters for foreign nationalities	4,791.84
Naturalization expenses	1,206.25
Expenses for registration	1,656.50
Help	2,222.75
Street advertising, stereopticon, posters, billboards, aerial banners, etc.	2,463.80
Incidental expenses, country towns	275.00
Halls and speakers, printing for meetings, transportation for speakers	6,068.58
Total	$45,321.59

Harrison Quiet on Politics.

Carter H. Harrison is back from a hunting trip. He is reticent on matters political, but is canvassing the situation with Maj. E. B. Tolman and other friends.

A "Revell boom" was launched in the Twenty-fifth ward Monday night at a meeting at Clark and Fletcher streets. A club "to further the interest of the business men's candidate" was organized.

The democratic county committee wants President Brundage of the county board to appoint M. L. McKinley as the democratic minority member of the county civil service commission in place of C. D. Gastfield, whose term expires next week.

GALE SINKS SHIP; 25 TO 40 PERISH.

Coasting Steamer Founders in Lake Ontario with All Souls on Board.

NO HOPE FOR SURVIVORS.

Wreckage and Bodies Found by Indians Tell the Story of Storm's Prey.

Wiarton, Ont., Nov. 27.—[Special.]—The coasting steamer J. H. Jones, owned by the Crawford Tug company of Wiarton, it is now conceded, foundered off Cape Croker Thursday afternoon and all on board were lost.

At least twenty-five persons sailed on the steamer on its last trip—a crew of twelve and thirteen passengers who are known. Other estimates place the number of lost at forty.

The Dead Passengers.

ALLEN, LOUIS, Tobermoray.
CRAWFORD, J. V., Wiarton, captain of the J. H. Jones.
DONALDSON, J. T., Owen sound.
FALEN, FRANK, Tobermoray.
FALEN, GEORGE, Tobermoray.
FOX, ——, Tobermoray.
LYONS, ALEXANDER, Tobermoray.
LYONS, MRS., his mother, Tobermoray.
M'IVER, DANIEL, Providence bay.
VITESSON, H. W., Tobermoray.
WAGG, J. W., Tobermoray.
Three unknown men.

Part of the cabin, a lifeboat, and two unidentified bodies have been found by Indians on the north shore of Christian islands.

Boats have been sent out from here, Owen sound, Penetanguishene, and Parry sound to look for survivors and further wreckage, but it is thought hardly likely that anything or anybody will be found.

The J. H. Jones plied between Owen sound, Wiarton, and Manitoulin island ports. It was one of the stanchest steamers on Georgian bay and was commanded by Capt. J. V. Crawford, one of the most experienced men on the lakes. It carried a crew of tried sailors, all of whom lived in Wiarton.

The loss of the Jones, if its casualties remain at the lower figure, brings the total casualties of last week's storm up to thirty-eight.

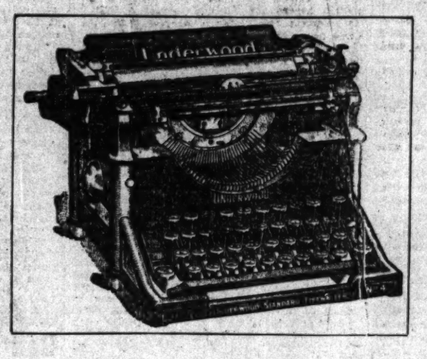
Sails Through Gale Badly Listed.

Ashland, Wis., Nov. 27.—By the narrowest of margins the big steel steamer B. F. Jones escaped foundering on Lake Superior with all on board in the storm Sunday night.

When the vessel managed to reach the shelter of the Apostle islands the hatch covers had been torn off by the seas, which were washing into the hold.

Water was pumped into the trimming tanks on the higher side to keep the ship from capsizing. When the Jones reached here it had a list of four feet.

THOUSANDS BEHIND IN ORDERS



Why are the best houses the world over waiting from thirty to ninety days for the delivery of UNDERWOODS?

Why is there an unprecedented demand for UNDERWOODS?

Why, with the most modern facilities for increasing factory capacity, is the UNDERWOOD supply so short?

Good common sense answers these questions. Ask any Underwood Branch or Underwood dealer to deliver ten machines at once, and test the Underwood "Supply and Demand" for yourself.

The floor space of the Underwood factory has been doubled within twelve months, but equipping with new machinery and educating new men is necessarily slower work than building brick walls.

Ask the best manufacturers of automatic tools and machinery how long it takes to furnish all that is necessary in their line to thoroughly equip the added factory space of the Underwood Typewriter Company.

Ask any large manufacturers how long it takes to educate sufficient men to double the output of the Underwood Typewriter Co.

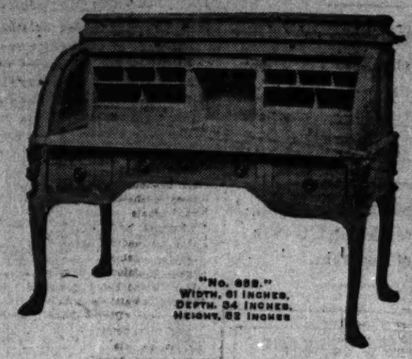
Better wait a month, or even two months, than buy the stale stock that some other companies have on their shelves.

Underwood Typewriter Company

135 WABASH AVENUE, - - - - CHICAGO, ILL.

Types of

Cowan Hand Made Furniture



Louis XV. Desk

Solid mahogany throughout. From original in Musee de Louvre. Elaborately carved. A stately piece.

Price, $500

Other desks, in the styles of various periods, for both men and women, for office, club or house, $80 to $1,350.

Cowan reproductions of historic or otherwise meritorious pieces are BETTER FURNITURE than the originals. They must be seen to be appreciated.

For Christmas

FINE FURNITURE IS THE IDEAL GIFT.

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900 DROPS

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Save 1/2 Your Oleomargarine Butter Bill

Swift's "Premium"

As soon as you learn how really good Swift's "Premium" Butterine is for the table, cooking—wherever butter is used; as soon as you realize that you can save at least half the money you pay for butter and get the same results, you will use Swift's "Premium" Butterine. Cream-like in color, pure and nutritious. All we ask is that you try it. Sold by your dealer in pound prints.

Buy "Premium" Butterine—you get as pure Quality at half the cost of Butter.

"It (Butterine) cannot be made from fats having a distinctive taste, and its flavor is derived wholly from the milk or genuine butter employed in its manufacture. It contains, as a rule, less water than does genuine butter, and any difference in food value is IN ITS FAVOR."—Dr. Herrington, Prof. of Hygiene, Harvard University.

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The Pure, Wholesome, Economical Substitute for Butter

"Premium" Butterine made only by Swift & Company, U. S. A.

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41 E. Van Buren-st., Between State and Wabash.

BUY NOW PAY LATER

Ready-to-Wear Suits, $15 to $35.
Overcoats, $15 to $45.

Made-to-order garments of the superior qualities on terms that will fit your purse.
No questions asked your friends or employer. Just a plain charge account.

Telephone Main 1094.

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Business men are about to furnish offices should see our famous "Standard Desks." They are distinctive in style, modern in equipment, and of the finest workmanship.

Cor. Adams-st. and Wabash-av.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE TRIBUNE.

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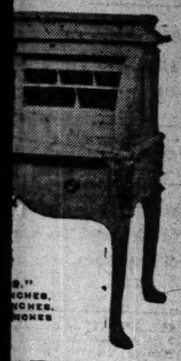

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BUSINESS OF THE COUNTRY FOR A YEAR.

Interesting Compilation of Statistics by Bradstreet Showing the Results of Twelve Months in Agriculture, Manufacture and General Trade.

BRADSTREET'S has prepared an interesting table showing the status of the leading lines of American agriculture, manufacture, and general trade for the year. The figures are given below, although many are estimates and subject to final revision:

	1906.	1905.	Per cent. gain or loss.
Corn, bushels	2,861,096,000	2,707,993,940	Increase 6.4
Wheat, bushels	729,685,000	692,979,689	Increase 6.7
Oats, bushels	982,353,000	983,216,197	Decrease 0.4
Barley, bushels	144,598,000	136,651,020	Increase 5.7
Rye, bushels	30,000,000	28,466,953	Increase 5.3
Buckwheat, bushels	15,088,000	14,355,062	Decrease 6.1
Total, six leading cereals	4,672,547,000	4,533,911,320	Increase 3.1
Potatoes, bushels	303,307,500	300,741,294	Increase 16.5
Sugar (Louisiana), pounds	393,000,000	739,200,000	Decrease 19.6
Sugar (Porto Rico), pounds	571,200,000	477,120,000	Increase 19.7
Sugar (Hawaii), pounds	634,800,000	562,400,000	Increase 2.9
Sugar, beet (United States), pounds	778,800,000	636,160,000	Increase 21.4
Sugar, total pounds	2,522,400,000	2,714,880,000	Increase 5.9
Apples, barrels	36,000,000	24,000,000	Increase 50.0
Cranberries, barrels	250,000	196,800	Increase 22.7
Cotton, bales	12,500,000	11,345,898	Increase 10.2
Tobacco, pounds	628,514,300	635,052,719	Decrease .6
Shoe shipments, eastern (ten months), cases	4,361,569	4,948,057	Increase 2.0
Iron ore shipments (lake), tons	37,000,000	34,100,000	Increase 8.5
Pig iron production, tons	25,000,000	23,000,000	Increase 8.6
Coal, anthracite shipments (ten months), tons	45,880,414	50,393,506	Decrease 9.7
Building expenditure (ten months), 32 cities	$400,934,965	$350,516,199	Increase 5.2
Bank clearings, ten months	$131,067,793,946	$118,678,335,931	Increase 13.3
Railway earnings, gross, nine months	$1,639,457,962	$1,367,297,075	Increase 13.5
Exports of merchandise (ten months)	$1,488,178,707	$1,336,996,354	Increase 13.6
Imports of merchandise (ten months)	$1,046,398,599	$979,717,637	Increase 6.7
Total foreign trade (ten months)	$2,471,565,516	$2,336,043,791	Increase 10.5
Business failures, number (ten months)	7,669	8,283	Decrease 6.5
Business failures, liabilities (ten months)	$101,275,630	$100,742,108	Increase .4
Money in circulation Nov. 1	$3,368,382,730	$2,683,131,878	Increase 8.0
Money in circulation per capita	$33.68	$31.60	Increase 6.2

Explanatory of the above figures, it might be said that the large barley, corn, and wheat crops more than made up for smaller yield of oats, the net result being an aggregate yield of all cereals combined 3 per cent larger than in 1905, and larger even than the combined record yield of past years. A next to record yield of potatoes, a record sugar crop, a fair sized apple crop, and a next to record cotton crop are among the features indicated. The yield of tobacco will, however, be light. Larger yields of most crops indicate a heavier total money value to the farmer than a year ago.

In industry, it is to be noted that nearly all lines of endeavor show larger outputs than a year ago. Shoe shipments show a gain of 2.6 per cent on last year; iron ore shipments and pig iron production break all records, gaining 8.5 per cent in each case over the hitherto record year 1905. Building construction was never so active. Anthracite coal shipments, however, are a conspicuous exception, showing a decrease of 9.7 per cent from 1905.

Prices of all staples have shown great strength, and the general level of all values, as indicated by Bradstreet's approximate index number, is 6 per cent above a year ago and 53 per cent above the low water mark set in July, 1896.

Large crops, high prices, and active industry naturally find reflection in large financial and trade totals. Foreign and domestic trade has reached unprecedented heights, as indicated by gains of 6.7 per cent in imports and of 13.4 per cent in exports, and in a total foreign trade 10.5 per cent ahead of 1905. Railway earnings and bank clearings show nearly similar gains over a year ago, 13.5 and 13.3 per cent respectively. Business failures are 6.8 per cent fewer, while liabilities are only four-tenths of 1 per cent larger than in 1905. The volume of money in circulation is the largest ever recorded.

BAYLISS RAPS LOAN EVIL.

STATE SCHOOL FUNDS HELD UP TILL ACCOUNTS ARE CLEAR.

Superintendent of Public Instruction Takes Action to Stop Practice of Township Treasurers in Loaning Money on Insufficient Security—$92,312 in Loans on Personal Security One Year's Record of System Declared Illegal.

Springfield, Ill., Nov. 27.—[Special.]—Following the failure on the part of township treasurers to comply with the law, county superintendents of schools have been notified to hold up the distributive fund of the state. The order was issued today by Alfred Bayliss, state superintendent of public instruction, on the eve of his retirement from office.

The final order is the result of a campaign that has been going on for four years. It is said that a large number of treasurers have followed the plan of loaning money on uncertain surety, and the action was taken for the purpose of stopping leaks in the school fund. The order will affect every county in the state.

Gets Evidence Against Treasurers.

Information has been secured by Mr. Bayliss to the effect that a majority of the treasurers have been violating the law, and he can determine no other way of getting at the offenders than to stop the revenue in each and every county. It is charged that the funds have been loaned without the security required by law, and in spite of many warnings, the practice has been continued.

The records show that loans made on personal security during the year amount to $92,312. The value of outstanding notes with personal security on June 30 was $894,716.

A law to remedy this system was presented to the legislature several years ago, when it was found that a large amount of money was being lost on securities. The law was not taken seriously by members of the legislature, who believed the losses were trifling, and should be looked after in the various localities in which they occurred. The law finally was turned down, after it had been approved by State Supt. Bayliss, and another investigation was commenced.

Old Statute Aids Bayless.

A bill prohibiting the loaning of money except on good security finally was passed. Under the act it would be necessary to file suit against each township treasurer who had loaned money without taking proper security.

The undertaking was considered too great, and finally an old statute which gives the state superintendent the right to hold up funds was discovered, and he has taken occasion to utilize it in dealing with those who have not complied with the statute as enacted by the general assembly for the protection of school funds.

CHICAGO OLDER BY 134 YEARS.

Historical Societies Find First Settlement to Have Been Made in 1669 by Father Pinet.

It has been discovered that Chicago is 134 years older than present day histories now record. The Chicago and Evanston Historical societies held a joint meeting last evening at the home of the Chicago society, Dearborn avenue and Ontario street, for the purpose of discussing and celebrating the discovery that was made by Frank R. Grover, vice president of the Evanston society.

Father Pierre François Pinet, a French priest, is credited with founding the city in 1669—134 years before the supposed birth of the city in 1803. Father Pinet's first settlement, according to Mr. Grover, is believed to have been on the present site of the sanitarium, a short distance west of Kenilworth.

Resolutions were adopted, which will be presented to the Chicago and Evanston city councils, advising them to change the name of Rogers avenue to "Indian Boundary road."

MRS. F. S. PEABODY DIES IN NICE

Telegram Received Yesterday Announcing Sudden Fatal Termination of Attack of Typhoid Fever.

News of the death of Mrs. May Henderson Peabody, wife of Francis Stuyvesant Peabody, 190 Lincoln Park boulevard, came to Chicago yesterday in the form of a telegram from Nice, France. The message stated that Mrs. Peabody died there of typhoid fever, following a short illness. At the Peabody residence last night it was stated that Mr. Peabody left the city immediately upon the receipt of the news. Mrs. Peabody was well known on the north side. She left here a month ago, expecting to spend the winter in Europe. During the last few years she had traveled abroad much of the time.

GIRL KILLED IN THE BOAT?

EXPERTS SWEAR GRACE BROWN WAS DEAD WHEN PUT IN LAKE.

Witnesses at Trial of Gillette at Herkimer, N. Y., Testify That There Were Blood Clots on the Brain and That There Was No Sand or Mud in the Stomach — Contradiction of Statement That Defendant Broached Subject of Tragedy.

Herkimer, N. Y., Nov. 27.—Technical testimony relating to the condition of the bodies of drowned persons marked today's sessions of the Gillette murder trial. Four of five doctors employed by the state to perform an autopsy on the body of Grace Brown were on the stand.

Further confirmation was secured of the contention that there were blood clots on the girl's brain and scalp. Dr. S. S. Richards, called to the stand just before closing time, stated that the injuries to Miss Brown's body were inflicted before death.

The doctors swore that only two tablespoonfuls of fluid were found in Miss Brown's stomach. It had no odor. There was no sand or mud in the stomach.

A wordy war between opposing attorneys resulted from the district attorney's effort to introduce in evidence the child taken from Miss Brown's body at the time of the autopsy. District Attorney Ward succeeded in getting the exhibit admitted, although it was shown to no one except Dr. E. H. Douglas, who identified it.

Attorney Charles D. Thomas of the defense secured from the Rev. Cuthbert Frost, a Lowville clergyman, a contradiction of a statement by him on the witness stand last week that Gillette broached the subject of the Big Moose tragedy to some guests at Arrowhead inn. The clergyman admitted that he was not sure whether Gillette or some one else had spoken of the Big Moose incident.

Fire Destroys Y. M. C. A. Building.

New Britain, Conn., Nov. 27.—The Young Men's Christian Association building was destroyed by fire early today. The loss will be $100,000. The Hardware City Trust company and two stores were destroyed.

BLAME ASSESSORS FOR LAX TAXING.

Equalizers in Resolution Declare Property Undervalued Thirty Per Cent.

CHICAGO BANKS RAPPED.

Chairman of Board Cites Them as Worst Example; Action Is Warmly Opposed.

Springfield, Ill., Nov. 27.—[Special.]—After strong expressions of disapproval the state board of equalization today adopted its old rule declaring it to be the opinion of the board that the real and tangible property of the state is assessed on a basis of only 70 per cent of its real value.

In practically the same form this resolution has been adopted year after year. This was the first time any organized opposition has been offered to its adoption. Opponents of the resolutions, who were led by Warren E. Colborn, Chicago, while admitting it might be true that real and tangible property was assessed at not more than 70 per cent of its actual value, contended the board could not take that fact into consideration.

Chairman Barnes of the capital and stock committee spoke at length in support of the resolution. He declared it to be a notorious fact that none of the real estate or personal property of the state was assessed at its full value and questioned whether the assessment levied against it represented as much as 60 per cent of its actual value. He was not representing any corporation or any set of corporations, he declared, but he was interested in securing an assessment that will stand the test of all the courts of the state.

Chicago Banks Undertaxed.

Chairman Barnes declared he was possessed of information that the assessment of the banks in Chicago was not over two-thirds of their actual value and that the assessment of mercantile property in Chicago was still less, being only 45 per cent of its actual value.

Mr. Jackson of Chicago intimated that the adoption of the resolution would make every person in the state a perjurer by practically ordering the assessment of the capital stock of railroad and franchise corporations at 70 per cent of the companies' sworn valuation.

Mr. Colburn said he did not think the state board of equalization had any right to question the acts of the local assessors and the boards of review, but that the board must take it for granted that they were performing their duty. He offered an amendment to the effect that all real and personal property in the state is assessed upon the basis of 90 per cent of its fair cash value. This amendment was voted down.

Mr. Schults offered a substitute to the effect that all real and personal property in the state is assessed upon the basis of its fair cash value. This substitute was also voted down. The original resolution was then carried by a vote of 11 to 8.

Orders Pullman Company Report.

Attorney John Richberg, representing the city of Chicago, was given a second hearing before the capital stock committee on the subject of Pullman Car company's taxation. He asked the board to adopt a rule calling upon the Pullman company to file a report immediately, but this the committee refused to do. It would be absurd, contended Chairman Barnes, for the committee to adopt a rule which it had no power to enforce, and to which no attention would be paid. He assured Richberg, however, that a request would be made of the Pullman company to have its report filed with the board before next Tuesday. This was satisfactory, and later in the day a request was formulated and forwarded to the company.

Mr. Richberg announced Chicago will stick to the contention that the Illinois board should assess the Pullman company on all its property regardless of assessments that have been levied against it in other states. On the other hand, he announced, if the board declined to do this he will show the company has not paid the amount of taxes in other states it claims to have paid.

Assistant Corporation Counsel Maxwell Edgar, who accompanied Richberg to Springfield, was loaded with data regarding the franchise corporations of Chicago, but could not present arguments for the reason that these concerns have not yet submitted reports. Mr. Edgar expressed the opinion the big corporations are "playing horse" with the board.

Attorneys for several railroads were given hearings before the railroad committee, all appealing for reduction in assessments.

Open New Y. M. C. A. Building.

The new building of the Hyde Park department of the Y. M. C. A. at Fifty-third street and Madison avenue will be opened tomorrow, Thanksgiving day. Special arrangements for the entertainment of members and visitors have been made. The new structure was erected at a cost of $145,000 and will accommodate 1,200 members. The dormitory will house forty men.

Eye to Eye

The telephone public of Chicago has met the telephone employes who serve it.

5500 employes of the Chicago Telephone Company have talked with 250,000 telephone users in the past two weeks.

These telephone users—**you and your friends**—have had a chance to learn something about the personal side of the telephone service—

The human mechanism upon which so much depends.

We believe you know, now, that our employes intend to do their best in giving you good service.

Improvements planned will enable them to make it better. For instance: We will substitute four-party-line for the ten-party-line service of the present—and at the same rate—5 cents a day.

When these telephone users

—250,000 of them—

signed the petition urging the City Council to extend our ordinance upon equitable terms,

They did so because they believed that the best interests of the city will be subserved by the extension and improvement of

the existing telephone system.

Under the plan we have proposed, our rates will stand first for good service, next for meeting the users' diverse needs,

And always for fairness to all.

The Chicago Telephone Company is grateful for the prompt, open, just and thoughtful consideration with which its proposals have been met by the telephone public.

And it welcomes the opportunity for the closer relations and better understanding with its subscribers which have been made possible by this personal contact with its employes.

We repeat our intention to provide a greater and better telephone service for Chicago at reduced rates.

And, in doing this, we count on the support, not only of the 250,000 persons who have signed our petition, but of the whole telephone public of the city.

For all will benefit.

CHICAGO TELEPHONE COMPANY,
203 Washington Street.

Fine Tableware for Holiday Gifts

¶ In choosing holiday gifts—those material expressions of the sweetest sentiment—the quality of utility should not be overlooked in the search for articles of an artistic nature. ¶ Our magnificent displays of superior Tablewares, including Fine English China—the products of Minton's, Cauldon's and Copeland's; and Genuine Cut and Gravic Glass—the incomparable crystal effects of Libbey's and Hawkes'—will suggest the gift possibilities of our great stocks. ¶ Visitors—those who desire to compare gift values—are cordially invited to call and examine our exhibits.

Burley & Company

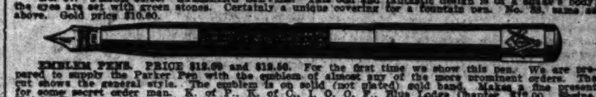
Exclusive Chicago Agents for
Libbey's Cut Glass—Hawkes' Cut Glass
118 and 120 Wabash Avenue

Charming Christmas Gift
PARKER LUCKY CURVE FOUNTAIN PEN

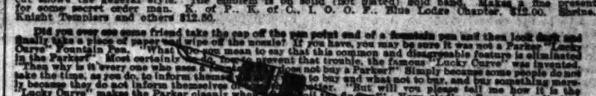
A SENSIBLE, PRACTICABLE AND USEFUL GIFT FOR FATHER, MOTHER, BROTHER, SISTER, WIFE OR SWEETHEART

No. 20. PRICE $2.50. PLAIN OR CHASED BARREL. Made with smooth or threaded end where fingers grasp the ferrule. One of the most popular numbers we make. Can be supplied in either black or mottled rubber. Fine, medium, coarse, or stub pen as wanted.

No. 51. PRICE $7.50. Is a large sized fountain covered with Sterling Silver. Space on name plate on which to engrave your name. The richness and refined elegance represented in this pen is apparent.



No. 97. PRICE $3.00. STERLING SILVER. This odd and fantastic design is of a snake's body, the eyes are set with green stones. Certainly a unique covering for a fountain pen. No. 51, same as above. Gold price $10.00.



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Did you ever see some friend take the cap off the new point end of a fountain pen and then look dazed and dismay like a piece of paper and wipe off the smudge? If you have, you may be sure it was not a Parker "Lucky Curve" Fountain Pen. For that "Lucky Curve" means to say that this common and disagreeable feature is eliminated in the Parker. Most certainly it does. Ask any Parker user and he will tell you. Moreover, he will tell you the reason that proves the statement that troubles the famous "Lucky Curve" was invented. Then why is it every one who sees the Parker Pen does not buy a Parker? Simply because some people do not like change, as you do, to inform themselves. Others do not buy because they do not know where to buy, and buy something inferior. Lucky fellow, reader, you know all about the Parker Pen and now it is up to you to see that you get it. Your dealer has a full explanation exposed in given. "Book of Facts" is the title of a neat little booklet, beautifully illustrated, awaiting your request, which will tell you all about this great improvement and others. An intelligent person would, knowingly, run into trouble? Then why not avoid it; and a safe rule in purchasing a fountain pen and not be imposed upon, is to insist on and see that you get the Parker Pen. "HAS THE LUCKY CURVE." Most of the best dealers in the country sell the Parker Pen. If yours does not, send direct to us, and your order will have prompt attention. Catalogue upon request.

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The Tides of Barnegat	F. Hopkinson Smith
Sir Nigel	A. Conan Doyle
Jane Cable	George Barr McCutcheon
Go, Hereafter and River	Thomas Nelson Page
The Bishop of Cottonsboro	John Trotwood Moore
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Augustin Daly's Great Farce Comedy,
THE LOTTERY OF LOVE
ONE CONTINUOUS LAUGH.
Special Bargain Mats. Tues. & Thurs., 25c. | Night Prices 25c and 50c, a few seats 75c.

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Matinee Thursday—Everything Sold.
THE TIME THE PLACE and THE GIRL
Night Performance Sold Out, Too.

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Tonight—Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde
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Next Sunday. Seats Thursday. | JAMES K. HACKETT | "THE WALLS OF JERICHO"

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LAST 4 NIGHTS—THANKSGIVING DAY MAT.
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In "SHE STOOPS TO CONQUER."
NEXT WEEK—SEAT SALE TODAY.
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Matinee Every Day.
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SPECIAL MAT. THANKSGIVING.
HENRY E. DIXEY IN THE MAN ON THE BOX
Thursday Evening, Nov. 29. MUSIC HALL
Second Chamber Musical Recital.
HUGO HEERMANN and ERNESTO CONSOLO
SEATS NOW SELLING, 50c, 75c, $1.00.

ACADEMY—MATINEES EVERY DAY THIS WEEK
YOUNG BUFFALO Next RUSSELL BROS.

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ORCHESTRA HALL
Thomas Orchestra
FREDERICK STOCK, CONDUCTOR | 8:15 FRIDAY, 8:15 SATURDAY
EXTRA CONCERT
THURSDAY (THANKSGIVING DAY) AT 3:30
SOLOIST: MME. GADSKI

ORCHESTRA HALL
BURTON HOLMES TRAVELOGUES
TONIGHT at 8:15 | ATHENS &
FRIDAY at 8:15 | OLYMPIC GAMES
SATURDAY at 2:15
Extra: "Passion Play," Sunday, Dec. 9, at 8:15

F. WIGHT NEUMANN Announces
ORCHESTRA HALL—NEXT SUNDAY, 3:30
First appearance in 3 years of MRS. FANNIE
BLOOMFIELD ZEISLER
In Piano Recital. Seats, 50c, $1, $1.50. Boxes $15

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Every Night—Regular Mats. Wed. & Sat.
Extra Thanksgiving Matinee Tomorrow
LAST WEEK!!! 7 TIMES
WEDNESDAY MATINEE TODAY
COHAN "GEORGE WASHINGTON, JR."
Mr. Cohan directs orchestra in his "Popularity" March between Acts I and II at every performance.
NEXT SUNDAY—SHORT TIME ONLY. Klaw & Erlanger's Production of PIXLEY & LUDERS' new musical comedy, "THE GRAND MOGUL," introducing FRANK MOULAN, and a great company of 100. Seat sale opens tomorrow morning.

McVICKER'S JACOB LITT, Proprietor
The Safest Theater in the World—40 Exits.
POP. MAT. TODAY
Phoebe Davis as Kate Brewster
TOMORROW at 11 A. M.
MORNING PERFORMANCE
HOLIDAY MATINEE AT 2:30 P. M.
WAY DOWN EAST
LAST TIME SATURDAY NIGHT
SEATS SELLING NOW FOR BLANCHE WALSH
In the Greatest Clyde Fitch Play
THE WOMAN IN THE CASE

COLISEUM
Dec. 5, 6, 7, 8
In Aid of the Passavant Memorial Hospital.
Streets of Paris
Spectacular Christmas Fair and Parisian Carnival.

STUDEBAKER
Thanksgiving MAT. To-Morrow. | THE | BARGAIN MAT. To-Day.
FLOWER GIRL
WITH LOUISE DUNNING and LOUIS HARRISON
A REAL HOLIDAY MUSICAL SHOW

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LAST TWO WEEKS
MATINEE TODAY AT 2
Main Floor $1. Balcony 75c. Gallery 50c
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Klaw & Erlanger Co. (Inc.) Stupendous
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AN EMPHATIC SUCCESS!
MARIE CAHILL
IN HER GREAT MUSICAL PLAY
"MARRYING MARY"

NEW THEATER VAN BUREN STREET, Near Michigan Ave.
LAST WEEK: THE SON-IN-LAW
Popular Price Matinee Thanksgiving Day (Tomorrow)
NEXT MONDAY—HAUPTMANN'S "ELGA"

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108 S. Clark St. Phone Main 3294
CHOICE SEATS FOR ALL THEATERS.

GREAT NORTHERN | BARGAIN MATINEE TODAY
WILLIAMS & WALKER IN ABYSSINIA
NEXT WEEK—THE TENDERFOOT

MARO Magician
Magic, Mystery and Fun.
Y. M. C. A. AUDITORIUM, 153 La Salle Street.
THANKSGIVING NIGHT, Thursday, Nov. 29th, 8:15 P. M. Reserved Seats, 50c, by mail or phone Central 6789.

INTERNATIONAL LIVE STOCK EXPOSITION
"The Live Stock Show"
DEC. 1 to 8, at the UNION STOCK YARDS
Advance sale of seats now on at The Cahn Company, Jackson blvd. and Wabash av. Evening admission, including box seat, $1.50. Admission, including reserved seat, 75c. General admission, 50c.

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ROYAL FOOD—ROYAL SERVICE
A COMFORT AT THE
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FAMOUS RESTAURANT
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A Unique Place—Most Artistically Appointed.
DISHES PREPARED JUST AS YOU WISH THEM.
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Good Luncheons
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LARGEST 2 CENT CIRCULATION IN THE WORLD.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1908.

SOCIETY MEETINGS.

BLAIR LODGE NO. 583, A. F. & A. M.—Special communication for work at 8:00 o'clock p. m. Wednesday, Nov. 25.
By order GEORGE W. TRENT, W. M.
M. H. BUZZELL, Secy.

THE SAD CASE OF MRS. DESPARD.

Another embarrassment has arisen in England to retard the progress of woman suffrage. Mrs. Charlotte Despard, a woman of exalted family connections, complains long and bitterly that despite her attempts to break up parliament and resist the police she is utterly unable to land herself in jail as justice and the law would appear to demand. She is further incensed by the fact that while she remains unmolested her companions of lesser social degree are promptly hustled into captivity. From all this it is easy to gather that there is a cunning scheme to manage the suffragists in such a way that the indignation attending the arrest of a woman of social reputation is avoided—an altogether unworthy and reprehensible subterfuge.

Since the heroic efforts of Mr. Gourdin to break into the reclusive and exclusive circles of Joliet such an instance of persistent human endeavor has not been recorded. Of the sincerity of Mrs. Despard and of the high nature of her motives there can be no question. Comparatively speaking it is as sweet for one's principles to be imprisoned as for one's country to die, and quite as profitable in the long run. Doubtless Mrs. Despard recalls the famous American precedents, the arrest and fining of Miss Anthony for illegal voting, and the persecution of the Glastonbury sisters for standing on the principle of no taxation without representation. It is not surprising that she is anxious to do for England what these illustrious women have done for the cause in the United States.

But the English are conservative and cautious. They have no objection to the consignment of a few obscure women to dungeon cells, but the arrest of a person of quality, the detention of a woman with a possible coronet in the family, is another matter. And so another indignity is thrust upon the suffrage leaders; they cannot enter parliament, they cannot vote, they cannot even go to prison for their principles. In such an emergency it is no cause for wonder that they feel keenly the humiliation of their position and that they contemplate almost without hope of their own personal exaltation the unimpeded progress of their underlings to the joys of prison life.

In justice to Mrs. Despard she has done all that a lady may do in the premises. She has "demonstrated" vigorously and to the annoyance of the police. She has resisted the majesty of the law as embodied in his majesty's officers. She has courted, even implored arrest. She has asked for punishment personally and not vicariously. And despite her most strenuous exertions she has not enjoyed even the faint solace of a jail sentence, a fine, or police detention. Like the Wandering Jew she is condemned to walk the earth unharmed, unmolested. How much happier is the woman of America who has no exalted family to interpose as an unwelcome bulwark against sweet justice, and who is able to demonstrate that the sufferings of the martyrs will continue to be the seed of woman suffrage.

THE SOUTH AND THE LABOR UNIONS.

For several years the labor unions of the country have been working to restrict immigration. At every session of congress petitions asking for legislation in that direction have filled the mail of senators and representatives. The petitions have kept the question steadily in the minds of congressmen, and unless some counter pressure is brought to bear on them they will be likely to pass a bill for the restriction of immigration, possibly by imposing an educational qualification. That would cut down enormously the influx of aliens.

The counter pressure is coming from the southern states, which have hitherto taken little interest in the matter. Those states which up to a recent period made no effort to turn in their direction the flood of European immigration, and have let it fill up the cities and farm lands of the north and west, have awakened to the fact that they need more labor. Probably they would not have realized the need if it had not been for the rapid growth of manufacturing in their part of the country. The negro does not make or has not as yet made a good worker in the cotton mills. White labor must be employed. The native whites cannot provide enough labor even when the children are driven into the mills, and the southern states are beginning to legislate against child labor.

This is one reason why the south is anxious to attract immigration. The second reason is that the south needs farm hands. It has much unoccupied land and considerable of that which is occupied is only half cultivated. It is said that that part of the country is at least a quarter of a century distant from the time when there will be "a problem of the unemployed."

The changed attitude of the south towards immigration is illustrated by the sharp way in which the Charleston News and Courier takes the American Federation of Labor to task for attempting to limit it. That paper says "the proposition that the development of the south and southwest shall be indefinitely retarded through the blindly selfish policy of the northern unions cannot be tolerated." It appeals to congressmen elected from thinly populated states to meet the issue which Mr. Gompers and his friends are pushing to the front, and put to naught the "senseless campaign to prevent southern progress and prosperity."

It must not be inferred that the south favors indiscriminate immigration. It wants no criminals, lunatics, paupers, or diseased persons. It is opposed to restrictions designed to keep out of the country men who will make good mill hands or good farm hands, for it needs such men. When the immigration question next comes up in congress, as it probably will in a few weeks, the southern members will be likely to manifest more interest in it than in the past. If the federation of labor should continue to agitate for the restrictive measures it might find a large and influential element in congress solidly arrayed against most of the labor legislation it desires.

OVERCROWDED CARS.

The council has condemned the overcrowding of elevated and surface lines in this city as "a most revolting and deplorable nuisance." It has ordered the chief of police to investigate the overcrowding of the "L" cars and proceed under the police powers of the city to prevent it. This is no light addition to the labors and responsibilities of the police department. The police can stop all overcrowding during the rush hours only by having officers at all except the outlying stations during the rush hours to prevent the present abominable packing of cars. This would mean that the officer on duty on a station platform would have to hold back the impatient people who were trying to force themselves into an overfull car, and compel them to wait for the next one.

It is a question whether the police force, even now that it has been enlarged, can spare the men that would be required to preserve order on the station platforms, which would soon become overcrowded if the practice of loading the cars to the limit were stopped. One result might be that more people would try the surface cars, which are also dangerously overcrowded, and increase the liability to accidents on them.

Some persons say the elevated roads ought to put on more cars, and thus relieve the pressure. But, roughly speaking, the capacity of their lines is measured by that of the loop, which is already overtaxed. Car creeps after car in a slow procession and it takes longer to go around the loop than to go from Kinzie street to Wilson avenue. The companies have asked for permission to lengthen the loop platforms, saying that that would enable them to load and unload cars more speedily and thus to run more cars. The council, while censuring overcrowding, does not grant permission to add to the capacity of the loop.

Many of the surface lines parallel the elevated roads. If the former were in shape to give better service the latter would not be so jammed. The people would go where they could travel with the least effort. It is not the fault of the "L" roads that the council has not reached an agreement with the surface lines which would enable them to give much better facilities than they do now, and thus relieve the "L" roads. The council does not discharge its whole duty toward the public when it orders the chief of police to prevent the overcrowding of cars on the elevated roads. There are constant accidents from the overcrowding of surface cars.

If the police cannot prevent the overcrowding of elevated cars, the companies can and must prevent fatal accidents such as that of day before yesterday, which stirred the council to action. The employés must be given peremptory orders not to start trains, no matter how much time may be lost, until the gates shall have been closed and it is certain that nobody is hanging on to them. When the conductor sees that his car is so full—aisles and platforms—that no more ought to be allowed on it, he should not open the gates at a station unless it be to let people off. It happens often that a hurried conductor gives the signal to the motorman to go ahead before he has closed the gates. It is fortunate that that criminal carelessness has not frequently had serious consequences. There should be no more of it.

The overcrowding of the elevated cars is outrageous. It is unhealthful and disgusting. But the people will submit to it in order to get to work in time and get home as quickly as possible. They would fret and rage if bid to wait for the next car and were not allowed to squeeze into one already dangerously and offensively full. They can and should be saved from being dragged from a station platform and dashed to the street. The companies can do it, and if they do not the men who operate the lines should be indicted.

The only thorough and comfortable remedy for the overcrowding of cars is the provision of better transportation facilities on both elevated and surface lines. The assistance of the council as well as of the companies is required for the application of the remedy.

ONE WOMAN'S WORK.

For over a year Mrs. Rice of New York has been trying to find some federal, state, or municipal official who would confess that he had the authority to stop the unnecessary blowing of steam whistles in New York harbor and on the North river. Finally, with the aid of Secretary Shaw, the supervising inspector of the steamboat inspection service of the Second district was convinced that he had jurisdiction and an order has been issued which does all that Mrs. Rice hoped for.

According to the circular issued, the use of sirens on merchant vessels is strictly forbidden. Any pilot violating the order will be liable to trial for dangerous misdemeanor. Fireboats may use the siren while going to a fire, but not while returning. Private signaling with whistles is forbidden except in case of distress. Any pilot who uses the whistle in the future, as has been the common practice in the past, to call the attention of watchmen or other persons on shore or on other vessels, will be liable to suspension. "Even if compliance with this order makes it necessary to employ watchmen to call the men on the docks to make fast lines or get ready to receive freight or passengers, still this order must be obeyed," is the emphatic language of the supervising inspector. Salutes of passing vessels are to be made by the dipping of flags and not by whistles, although this is put as a recommendation and not at present as a command.

The Second district of steamboat inspection includes Boston and Philadelphia as well as New York, and the order applies to all cities in the district. Chicago is not in that district, but what is law in one part of the United States is law in another part, and no doubt the supervising inspector of this district has the power to stop one form of the noise nuisance if he thinks fit. If sirens are forbidden, steam calliopes must be more so, and the steamer which during the last summer made life hideous for a mile around can be checked. Perhaps there is not so much unnecessary whistling in Chicago as in New York, but there is too much, as those whose sleep has been broken into by the furious whistling of vessels moving up or down the south branch can testify. As to locomotive and factory whistles, there is no doubt as to the authority of the city government to stop their unnecessary use. The voluntary action of railway officials has greatly lessened this evil, and the remaining cases of it may be dealt with by the police whenever they are so inclined. Every port in the United States is under obligations to the New York woman who had the patience to find the way to stop the steamboat whistle torment. The men ought now to be shamed into stopping the land whistles and gongs.

THE BOGUS CHARITY.

The proposition of the general superintendent of the bureau of charities to license every charitable institution in the city and to compel the promoters of entertainments given for charity to secure permits from the city authorities is one which should commend itself to all. It is worth noting that the suggestion comes from the head of an organization which commands the respect of all because of the splendid work which it has been doing during recent years.

The superintendent makes the statement that thousands of dollars are collected annually by solicitors for alleged charitable purposes who live a life of ease and luxury out of the profits of their canvass. Other representatives of organized charity support the opinion. Every dollar which is given to an unworthy recipient reduces the income which genuine charitable societies ought to receive for the meeting of the needs of the suffering in the city. The contributor may flatter himself that he has done a good deed is really a foe to the interests which the bureau of charities and similar organizations attempt to foster.

This is the time of the year when the charity pies is most often heard. It is hard to resist. The ordinary citizen thinks the easiest way out is to give something without any investigation of the real situation. In a time of prosperity, when "the full dinner pail" is in evidence, charitable "graft" is what is called an "easy proposition." The extent of it is unknown except as trained workers summarize it. To follow the rule, "Never give to the beggar at the door," is sometimes hard for the tender hearted, but the experience of those who give their lives to the management of charities is attended by practical unanimity of feeling that such a rule is the best one to follow.

The list of charity "grafters" contains those who travel from city to city giving entertainments for the benefit of some institution, but reserving most of the proceeds for themselves, those who solicit funds in hotels and saloons and then spend the money for themselves, and those who collect money for some neighbor in distress and then forget to send it to the alleged beneficiary.

The superintendent of the bureau of charities also shows that there are institutions which adopt a wrong policy in their work and fail to accomplish with the funds they raise what might be better done by other and saner methods. In other cases collectors are employed who receive for their work a large percentage of the funds they gather. Such people are not necessarily "grafters," but the evil lies in the fact that the donor's money does not reach the institution which appeals to his sympathy through the pocketbook. If all the machinery of charity were under control it would lead to much better results. The genuine charitable institutions will be glad to have such restrictions made. It is the bogus ones that will object.

TRUSTEE KURLSWSKI has been Kurlewskiacking again.

THOSE famous Rhode Island turkeys come from Kentucky. No wonder they are good.

THE Hon. Jeff Davis of Arkansas is going to give the "fossils" in the United States senate a "first class sensation" when he takes his seat among them. He will be more tractable after the third degree has been conferred upon him.

MAYOR DUNNE says there is no carnival of crime in Chicago. Possibly the chief of police hesitates to break the truth to him.

IN some way or other the colored people of this city have acquired the idea that the Hon. Ben Tillman is not their great and good friend.

"GOD has blessed us as no other country has been blessed," says Mr. Bryan. Once in a while Mr. Bryan thoughtlessly gives expression to a great and luminous truth.

ANYTHING to suggest in the way of flying machine legislation?—Sioux City Journal. Nothing. All up in the air.

MR. CROCKETT is preparing to publish a book in the "real Galloway dialect." No cause assigned for the rash act.

ONE advantage a subway has over an elevated railway is that a subway train cannot possibly fall up into the street.

IN A MINOR KEY.

Uncle Allen.

"As to flying machines," suggested Uncle Allen Sparks, "they'll have to be admitted free of duty. We never can build a tariff wall high enough to keep 'em out."

Our Distinguished Visitor.

"Somewhere in those branches,"
Says Bee, "a coon I see."
And so he keeps on barking up
The tree of liberty.

Omissions of History.

Henry VIII. had espoused his sixth wife.

"Mrs. Parsons' idea of trial marriages," he said, "strikes me as being a pretty good thing. When I get tired of this one"—here he drew his hand, with an expressive gesture, across the royal throat.

Wife No. 6, however, succeeded in convincing him that this was a marriage for keeps, and he died subsequently of chagrin, leaving no mourners worth mentioning.

C. W. T.

LETTER OF MARQUISE DE FONTENOY

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ASTONISHING though it may appear, royalty, even when fabulously rich, is not always welcomed by hotel proprietors and managers abroad. Their presence has often been found to be a greater nuisance than it was financially worth, owing to the exacting nature of the requirements of the illustrious guests, but more especially on the part of their attendants. Moreover, it as a general rule has necessitated the disturbance and discomfort of the regular and less exalted patrons of the hostelry, who were apt to become indignant and to leave, with the avowed determination of never returning. Then, too, there are many royal personages who are closefisted, who have a horror of being imposed upon, and who always instruct their attendants intrusted by them with the payment of their bills to subject the latter to the most strict and chary pairing revision. Owing to this, royalty has more frequently found it difficulty to obtain hotel accommodation than most people would be willing to believe.

But this is not the worst. The anointed of the Lord are now subjected to a new affront; at any rate, those who belong to the reigning house of Russia. What with the frequency of attempts made by nihilists to assassinate Muscovite dignitaries not only in Russia but also in foreign cities, usually by means of throwing them into carefully with nitro-glycerin bombs, the arrival of a Russian grand duke or grand duchess in a hotel in France, Germany, Italy, or Switzerland is regarded as a danger by the other guests. Unwilling to share the terrible fate by which the scions of the imperial family of Romanoff are always threatened by the revolutionists, the guests hasten to leave. In fact, there is a hasty exodus, and the great personage has the inn virtually to himself until he can be induced by the proprietor to take his departure.

Naturally this spells ruin for the Bonifaces, and while they have not yet gone to the extreme length of hanging out signs reading, "No Imperial Grand Dukes or Grand Duchesses Received Here," they have virtually put the police into practice, and decline any longer to accord accommodations to the members of the czar's family, lest they should find their hotel emptied of all its other guests and many of its servants. This is one of the reasons why the Grand Duke Alexis, the Grand Duke Boris, and his parents, the Grand Duke and Grand Duchess Vladimir, rent furnished apartments or houses in Paris, either for a term of months or by the year, so as to avoid the necessity of having to wait for rooms at a hotel. The Grand Duke Paul and his nephew, the Grand Duke Cyril, have also houses of their own in Paris, and, indeed, Russian princes and princesses of the blood are now rarely if ever seen in hotels at Paris and elsewhere.

It may be recalled that only a few months ago one of the big hotels at Lucerne was the scene of a most sensational tragedy. A perfectly harmless French merchant was shot and instantly killed at the hotel by Mlle. de Leotlett, daughter of the czar's general of that name, and an ardent revolutionist, in spite of her having been educated at the expense of the widowed czarina, and of her having held the rank of a maid of honor at the court of St. Petersburg. Her only explanation of the crime was that she had mistaken her victim for the Russian statesman, Durnovo. Since then Swiss hotels discriminate not only against members of the house of Romanoff but against Russians of every class, unwilling to expose their hostelries to the danger of being made the scene of shooting affrays or bomb outrages.

The new Viscount Hampden—descended only through the female line from the patriot, John Hampden—possesses in addition to his relatively modern viscounty one of the most ancient peerages in England. For besides being the third Viscount Hampden, he is the twenty-fifth Lord Dacre. The barony of Dacre is known by records to have existed since the time of the Norman conquest. But it was not until the reign of King Edward II. that any of the holders of the feudal barony of Dacre—barony by tenure—were summoned to parliament. The result is that this particular peerage dates from the date marked on the royal writ of summons—namely, May 15, 1321. Like all these ancient peerages by writ, the barony of Dacre has descended through the female as well as through the male line.

In the reign of King Edward IV. a contest took place between Joan Dacre, granddaughter of the sixth Lord Dacre, and her uncle, Sir Humphrey Dacre, the male heir. The king decided in favor of the fair Joan, and declared that she was entitled to her grandfather's estates and peerage, and renewed the latter in her favor. Moreover, he authorized her husband, Sir Richard Fiennes, to assume her title and summoned him to parliament as Lord Dacre. The most eminent genealogical authorities regard this as a new creation. To make the confusion worse, King Edward, by way of consoling Sir Humphrey Dacre, also summoned him to parliament as Lord Dacre, directing that he should be styled "Lord Dacre of the North," in order to distinguish him from his niece's husband, who became popularly known as "Lord Dacre of the South." After several generations the descent of Lord Dacre of the North became, through extinction of that line, merged in the descent of the Lord Dacre of the South.

The present Lord Hampden has, therefore, according to the most eminent genealogical authorities, no less than four different peerages. He has the viscounty of Hampden, conferred upon his grandfather, Henry Brand, by Queen Victoria, in recognition of his services as speaker of the house of commons during many years. Then he has the barony based upon the writ of summons issued by King Edward in 1321, and he has also the twin baronies of Lord Dacre of the North and of Lord Dacre of the South, created by King Edward IV. in favor of his ancestor, Sir Richard Fiennes, and of Sir Humphrey Dacre, respectively, in 1482.

None of the old possessions of the lords of Dacre has remained in the family of the new Viscount Hampden, who is the colonel of the Tenth Hussars, and married to a daughter of the duke of Buccleuch. Dacre castle was sold at the beginning of the eighteenth century to Sir Christopher Musgrave, while Hurstmonceaux castle has lately been put up for sale by the Curteis family, who have only had possession thereof for the last half century. Described by the local inhabitants as "Horsemounces," it is situated about nine miles from Hastings, not far from the landing place of King William the Conqueror, and was for a couple of hundred years the ancestral home of the Fiennes family, before coming into the possession of Sir Richard Fiennes, who, as I have mentioned above, was created Lord Dacre of the South by Edward IV. With its beautifully timbered park of near 1,000 acres, its deep moat, its great flanking towers, watch turrets and courtyards, it is one of the most imposing, picturesque and ancient of the grand old baronial castles of England. True, it is now in a sad condition of decay. But even today its massive walls are sound enough, after the lapse of some 700 years, to encourage the restoration by the hands of a skillful architect, imbued with a reverence for the past, as well as a consideration for the necessities of modern life.

Few castles have been the scene of so much romance as Hurstmonceaux, which bears many carved emblems of the heraldic device of the Dacre family—namely: the slant, or wolf dog. Queen Anne of Cleves was entertained there on landing in England to become the consort of King Henry VIII., and in the following year her doom, the ninth Lord Dacre, met with his death on the scaffold, as the result of a midnight fray with the gamekeepers of his neighbor, Sir Nicholas Pelham, two of whose keepers were killed. Lord Dacre's three companions, being merely country gentlemen, were hanged after conviction.

Lord Dacre had been a great favorite of the king, and as every one felt convinced that owing to this he would receive a pardon, the execution was delayed for hours beyond the appointed time. At length the authorities would not assume the responsibility of waiting any longer. Lord Dacre, who was 23 years old, ascended the scaffold on Tower hill and laid his head on the block. The executioner's ax had scarcely fallen when a mounted messenger from the court appeared, carrying the expected pardon from the king. The latter immediately caused the young peer's honors and estates, which had been forfeited at the time of his conviction, to be restored to his little son, who therefore became the tenth Lord Dacre.

NEWS OF THE THEATERS.

The Scarlet Letter.

Mr. Mansfield and his company presented "The Scarlet Letter" last evening for the first time during the present engagement at the Grand opera house. The audience was of good size, although not testing the capacity of the theater. The performance was late in beginning, the first curtain not being raised until after 8:30, but the shortness of the play made such a course advisable and came in the nature of a benefit for all concerned, in that it shortened the length of the intermissions, and thus kept the interest taut.

The performance was, in the main, identical with that given here last season. Mr. Mansfield, as Dimmesdale, was better, however, than he was before. His experience with Ibsenian text seemed to have resulted in greater freedom and fluency in delivery, and he gave smooth, natural utterance last evening to the great majority of the speeches contained in the Hawthorne play. There was little of the halting, uneven delivery which last season made his Dimmesdale impress as laborious and unnecessarily somber. Last night's spectacle and the mental suffering of the erring minister were made clear and keenly sensible to the auditor, but they are more simply and directly expressed than before. The portrayal is a convincing one, and, while not among the greatest of Mr. Mansfield's achievements, still shows his art in attractive light.

The cast included Miss Nowak as Hester. It is a role which fits the young actress' abilities admirably. She has the sweetness and fineness of personality which win liking and sympathy, and her voice is of such richness and beauty that her every utterance is appealing. She has all the requirements for a satisfactory Hester, and her portrayal last evening was easily the best that the role has received here. Mr. Forrest was the Roger Chillingworth, and had better opportunity to prove his worth than he recently has had. He played the misshapen avenger of Hester's wrong with excellent understanding and with careful avoidance of the melodramatic extravagance which has invitingly close at hand. He made Chillingworth what he is supposed to be—a man of high intelligence, of much cunning, and yet a fine nature. Miss Prehar was again a charming Mary Wills. Miss Bernard an efficient Dame Hartley, and Ory Dimond a winsome Pearl.

Tonight Mr. Mansfield will offer "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde," and tomorrow evening will be seen for the last time here in "Peer Gynt."

Miss Gunning was unable to appear in "The Flower Girl" last evening at the Studebaker. The announcement was made that she had eaten something which had caused slight ptomaine poisoning, but that she certainly would be in condition to resume her work today. The role of Veronique was assumed last evening by her understudy.

At Powers' Mr. Crane and Miss Jeffreys and their capable company are attracting large audiences, and the finely adequate and worthy performance of the Goldsmith masterpiece, "She Stoops to Conquer," is being received with the hearty approval and enjoyment it richly merits.

"The Lottery of Love," which is the week's offering at the Chicago opera house, is showing the members of the company in frolicsome and musical mood. Mr. Bramwell sings and plays piano, and Miss Reed, Miss Gordon, and Miss Reimer each come forth in the capacity of vocalists and shine resplendently. The jolly comedy moves with snap and vim.

George Cohan is in the last week of his long and prosperous stay at the Colonial. He is having the customary large houses, and the performance of "George Washington Jr." is going as it has gone ever since it arrived here—with a rush. The engagement ends Saturday night, and on Sunday "The Great Mogul," with Frank Moulan in the stellar role, comes to the theater for a stay of a few weeks.

"Way Down East" is proving popular as ever at McVicker's, where it is in its final week. Three performances are to be given on Thanksgiving day and the hard worked players will be treated to a "holiday" (?) luncheon between the 11 o'clock and the 2 o'clock representations.

Williams and Walker are on the last half of their engagement at the Great Northern and are presenting "Abyssinia" to capacity houses. Their show is one of the most entertaining in town.

Tonight at Orchestra hall, Burton Holmes will deliver the third lecture in his present travelogue series. It will be devoted to "Athens and the Olympian Games," and will show by means of abundant motion pictures the great sports in the Grecian capital last summer.

Mr. Sothern and Miss Marlowe, who come to the Garrick one week from next Monday for a fortnight engagement, will be seen first in Sudermann's "John the Baptist." This drama will be presented Monday and Thursday evenings, Tuesday and Friday Percy Mackaye's "Jeanne d'Arc" will be the bill; Wednesday evening and Saturday afternoon Hauptmann's "The Sunken Bell" will be offered, and on Saturday night "Hamlet" will be presented.

W. L. HUBBARD.

BRET HARTE AND THE ARGONAUTS.

[W. L. Jepson in Sunset Magazine.]

While in a village library in southern England I chanced to find a set of the first authorized English edition of Bret Harte's works, issued in 1880. The preface to this edition contains the following interesting tribute to the California gold seekers:

"The faith, courage, vigor, youth, and capacity for adventure necessary to this emigration produced a body of men as strongly distinctive as the companions of Jason. Unlike most pioneers the majority were men of profession and education; all were young and all had staked their future in the enterprise. . . . Eastern magazines and current eastern literature formed their literary recreation and the sale of the better class of periodicals was singularly great. Nor was the taste confined to American literature. The illustrated and satirical English journals were as frequently seen in California as in Massachusetts, and the author records that he has experienced more difficulty in procuring a copy of Punch in an English provincial town than was his fortune at 'Red Dog' or 'One-horse Gulch.' An audience thus liberally equipped and familiar with the best modern writers was naturally critical and exacting and no one appreciates more than he does the salutary effect of this severe discipline upon his earlier efforts."

Few people read prefaces and English people probably took their ideas of the typical Californian from Harte's stories. In any event that view has largely changed today. After the 18th of April last, not only the English but the continental press vied in an appreciative outburst regarding the courage, enterprise, vivacity, and hopeful spirit of the Californians that was as evidently sincere as it was spontaneous. Of all classes of travelers, musicians recalled with greatest pleasure and true feeling their experiences in San Francisco.

Notice.

Every day I have requests for verses on special subjects, rarely a day going by without at least one such request, and some days they number as many as a dozen. A youth in West Texas desires a "scentimental" ballad to write on the fly leaf of a birthday book for his sweetheart; a miner of Bisbee, Arizona, writes me that twenty Texans have been taken out of the six-hundred foot level and two mules substituted; a local paper has said that imitation mules have been replaced by the real thing, and my miner correspondent wishes some verses burning up the people responsible for the insult. And so the requests go—birthday poems, birthday invitations, toasts, obituaries, etc., are asked for.

So that if I were to comply with half the requests I receive it would take all of my time. Some of the applicants for verses have refused to accept them because I would not accept pay for my work. The time has come when I must set a price on this work or decline it altogether. Hereafter a minimum price of $5 will be charged for this class of work, more being charged when the nature of the work justifies it.—Houston Post.

"HOW I WAS BUNKOED." By the Victims.

Tribune Readers Tell of the Ways in Which They Were Flimflammed Out of Their Savings.

In response to the request of THE TRIBUNE hundreds of readers have sent in accounts of the ways in which they have been bunkoed. The series of personal experiences is full of human interest and tragedy, and gives warnings by which others may profit.

Lumber Deal That Proves a Loser.

I was a fine lumber proposition in a state where everybody seemed to be getting rich in coal, lumber, oil, and gas. While the price paid per acre for the timber may have been a little high, in good hands the operation would have made a fair profit. The company was composed of bona fide stockholders, but not one knew the a, b, c of the lumber business. We elected a school teacher president, as he was a university graduate and consequently must know a whole lot, but he confessed there were a few things he did not know, so he got a relative of his to manage the practical part of manufacturing the lumber, and a university classmate to run the books, buy, and sell, etc.

It was an exciting day, that when the stockholders went out into the woods and heard the mammoth oak trees crash down and the big sandmill a-buzzing. We were in business for certain.

The classmate admitted he knew it all, and so when asked the price of poplar, plucked out a figure which the wily customer nabbed up at once, ordering 100,000 feet as soon as it could be delivered. Before the contract was half carried out the market price had doubled.

The relative knew nothing about modern logging or how to keep union lumbermen at it. They soldiered on as unmercifully. I might say in passing they were the only ones who made anything out of the enterprise.

The concern soon got wabbly. The slick tongued classmate said all that was needed to bring it to steady and certain success was a little more cash. Not to lose the $1,500 I had originally put in, I was reluctantly prevailed upon to indorse the notes of the company for loans at the bank, to be paid first of all outstanding obligations of the company.

I believe they were paid first of all, but by myself and joint indorsers. Slickun, the receiver, got about all that was left, except myself, who got "left" to the tune of $5,000. The classmate's talented wife eloped with the scaler.

M. B. W.

Even Hair Restorer Proves Good Medium.

I RETURNED to my office one morning last month after an all night session with the Shriners at Des Moines, and shortly after a man entered, saying: "Can you tell me where Mr. Baker's office is? He lately moved into this building."

I could not give him the information, and referred him to the office of the agent of the building.

He started to the door, hesitated, and said: "I beg your pardon, but have you ever used any hair tonic?" I never had with any success.

"Well," said he, "my hair was in worse condition than yours, and I have used all kinds—nothing doing—until a friend told me of a hair food made in Detroit. I have used half a dozen bottles and you can see the results yourself. I am not in the hair business. I travel for the St. Louis Lumber company, but do not hesitate to speak of this hair food when I know I can make a lifelong friend by doing so."

I asked him if he had any printed matter. He had just given a friend the last pamphlet. Would he be kind enough to give me the address of the makers that I could write for information?

Better than that, he had written asking if it were necessary to continue using the food and had a reply that he did not need to use it longer, and fortunately had a couple of bottles at his hotel which he had not opened, that I could have for $2 per, the two bottles having cost him $6.

I dug up four silver dollars which I handed him after his return from his hotel, when he said he would be this way again in sixty or ninety days and would buy me a $5 hat if the growth of my hair was not entirely satisfactory.

He is not quite due yet.

My hair was growing nicely until I spoke to a friend of my experience, and he told me the gentleman had called on him with the same kind of a story. I think he bit.

R. S. M.

Quick "Touch" by a Bogus Nephew.

IT happened some time ago, on a Saturday afternoon. As was our custom, the office was kept open Saturday afternoons, and the office force arranged among themselves to look after the office a certain number of times during the summer. On this particular afternoon I was alone and when the door opened and a neat appearing young man walked in there was nothing to indicate that I was up against a game.

He inquired if I could tell him whether or not Mr. B., who is a prominent business man with offices across the hall, would be back again during the afternoon. Knowing something of Mr. B.'s hours, I informed him that I hardly expected him to return. He seemed greatly disappointed at this news, and producing a number of envelopes apparently addressed to himself bearing Mr. B.'s name in the corner, told me that he was Mr. B.'s nephew and that he had come to town expecting to meet his uncle and was then to catch an early train home.

"I hardly know what to do," he said, "as I had depended on him for money to go home on, and it is too late to run out to his house."

After doing some deep thinking he asked if I would be willing to advance the necessary amount, and when I said that I was he was profuse in his thanks.

On leaving the office he said he would write his uncle to return the money at once and knew that he would appreciate it as much as he did himself. After waiting some time to hear from "uncle," I dropped in to see him and at that time was not surprised to hear that he was not blessed with such a nephew. He was unable to explain how the impostor had managed to secure his envelopes.

J. M. A.

How a Lawyer Was Bunkoed by a Forgery.

I HAVE been practicing law for some fifteen years in a good sized town in Illinois, and have sidestepped all kinds of confidence men. But this little game was different. It called on me, saying he lived in the county and the superintendent of the poor farm advised him to come to me and have me collect a claim he had against a farmer who lived some two miles from another town, near by. The claim was for $205 and was for wages.

He said he worked as a farm hand for three years, and, knowing his employer was wealthy, did not draw all of his wages, as he was told he would get 6 per cent interest on the balance left in his employer's hands, and when he left he would have about $300 saved up, which he would get in a bunch.

He said the farmer did not deny the claim, but claimed he had offset it by killing to death a horse worth $70, and that he would only pay him $135. He said he would not blame her the death of the horse, but would not pay for it, and instructed me to sue and collect it.

I wrote to that effect, and in the course of a day or two received the following letter from an attorney whom I had met on several occasions, and whom I knew to be a perfectly responsible lawyer and prominent politician of the other town near which the farmer lived:

Dear Sir: Mr. —— has consulted me concerning the suit which is threatened by you client for wages. I presume your client has told you that my client does not deny there is $205 due for wages, but he does claim an offset of the value of a horse which dropped dead in the stable after having been overdriven by your client.

My client is willing to pay $130, but he will not pay any more if he has to fight the case to the supreme court. He has left $130 with me to remit you, and knowing you as I do I presume when my check for that amount, with a blank release in full to be signed in case of acceptance, your client does not see fit to make full settlement, simply return the check and start your suit for the full amount of $205, and we will feel a pleasure in trying another case together.

With kindest personal regards, I remain, yours etc., J. A. ——.

I knew I deserved the confidence I possessed in me, so it did not strike me as at all strange that a check should be sent in this way, and things are done every day in that manner. I did not say my client called to see me, but simply that he advised him to come to my office and see me concerning a claim he had against a farmer who lived some two miles from another town, near by. The claim was for $205 and was for wages.

He said he worked as a farm hand for three years, and, knowing his employer was wealthy, did not draw all of his wages, as he was told he would get 6 per cent interest on the balances left in his employer's hands, and when he left he would have about $300 saved up, which he would get in a bunch.

He said the farmer did not deny the claim, but claimed he had offset it by killing to death a horse worth $70, and that he would only pay him $135. He said he would not blame her the death of the horse, but would not pay for it, and instructed me to sue and collect it.

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' By the Victims.

Which They Were Flim-Savings.

eds of readers have sent in accounts
e series of personal experiences in
nings by which others may profit.

VE been practicing law for some dif-
years in a good sized town in Illinois,
have sidestepped all kinds of con
but this little game was different. He
n me, saying he lived in the county
and the supervisor near
a Lawyer advised him to come
Bunkoed to and see me concern-

Original Defective

Original Defective

Original Defective

Original Defective

MAY MANDAMUS MAYOR.

SUNDAY CLOSING LEAGUE UNDECIDED ABOUT INDICTMENT.

Executive Committee Will Determine This Afternoon Action to Be Taken—Dr. Bartlett Ridicules Dunne's Statement That Law Is "Obsolete" and Points to Conviction of River-View Park Offender Under It—Reproves Saloonkeeper to French.

Whether the Sunday Closing league will try to indict Mayor Dunne for his failure to close saloons on Sunday will be determined this afternoon at a meeting of the executive committee of the league. The committee will act on the recommendation of its attorneys, Walter Miller and Church, Mackey & Sherman. The meeting will be held at Mr. Miller's office, 92 La Salle street.

Aroused by the mayor's imputation that Dr. William A. Bartlett, leader of the Sunday closing fight, " bore false witness " in his statement of the criminal conditions in Chicago, a number of members of the league yesterday urged both Dr. Bartlett and the league's attorneys to indict the mayor.

Although highly indignant over the mayor's retort, it was observed yesterday that Dr. Bartlett's ardor about direct indictment has cooled.

"I don't know that indictment would be the most efficient process," said Mr. Bartlett in the afternoon. " I rather think the attorneys will recommend some other plan of action, probably mandamus proceedings against the mayor, specifying some particular saloonkeeper."

The stump the league encountered in previous mandamus proceedings was the Supreme court decision rendered last February, prepared by Justice Cartwright, that the law was "too general."

Laughs at Mayor's Statement.

The citation from an interview with Mayor Dunne, that the Sunday closing law is " obsolete," caused Dr. Bartlett to laugh.

"That statement is ridiculous," said the pastor. "In view of the fact that the Rivers-dale park saloonkeeper recently pleaded guilty and was fined on a grand jury indictment on the strength of this 'obsolete law.'

"I personally think Mayor Dunne a very agreeable fellow, but I would like to have him understand that I don't like the inference that I don't know what I am talking about. Assistant State's Attorney Olson has promised to give me a complete list of criminal weddings he used a week ago last night when address at the Auditorium hotel before members of the Congregational club. He used these words: 'Crime is constantly on the increase in Chicago. Last January there were 460 arrests; forty of them on the charge of murder. The courts are so clogged with criminal cases that they cannot take care of them.'

"Mr. Olson went on to show that Chicago has more crime than any other city in the world, even London, which is three times as large."

Saloonkeeper in Pulpit.

Dr. Bartlett said his intention is to have a reformed saloonkeeper, who is a member of his church, occupy his pulpit next Sunday night and tell of the evil perpetrated through the open saloon on Sunday.

While Dr. Bartlett was discussing the subject the Ladies' society of the church, in the church parlors, was taking up a collection and making quilts for a woman and children whose husband and father is said to be a confirmed drunkard.

"I will predict," he continued, "that within twenty-five years from now the saloons of every city in the country will be closed on Sunday."

Charles C. Gilbert, president of the United Societies, declared yesterday that the society will take no further action in the Sunday closing fight or " any movement instituted by an insignificant minority of Chicago's cosmopolitan population."

"When the time comes we will be ready to do battle at the polls with a bona fide constituency of 100,000."

UNKNOWN BENEFACTOR GIVES $50,000 TO NORTHWESTERN.

School Now Has Nearly $5,000,000 in General Fund, but Only $3,000,000 in Real Estate and Buildings.

President A. W. Harris of Northwestern university yesterday announced that a gift of $50,000 had been made to the school, to be used in the general endowment of the institution. The name of the donor was not made public.

In his address at the daily chapel service, President Harris said he would be able to announce the name of the giver within a short time, and hinted at the possibility of other gifts.

Disappointment has been expressed by friends of the school, that more money is not available for building purposes. The Northwestern is rich in endowments, but poor in the matter of buildings and equipment, having about $5,000,000 in the general fund, but only $3,000,000 in real estate holdings and buildings. In other schools the opposite relationship of the two funds is the rule.

BUMP ON HEAD CAUSES BIGAMY.

Railroad Man Says Fall Subjected Him to Spell in Which He Married Second Wife.

"A fall from a railroad engine made a depression of my skull against my brain and caused me to become a bigamist."

This declared Adolph W. Drathring, 215 Walnut street, in Justice Roth's court yesterday. His first wife's mother, Mrs. R. Kahl of Richmond, Ind., testified that Drathring received a fall four years ago and since that time he has been subject to spells of unconsciousness.

"It was while under the influence of one of these spells," said Drathring, "that I sent my little boy to her mother in Indiana last August and married Rose Kennard."

Rose A. Kennard has been living with Drathring as his wife at 215 Walnut street until yesterday, when she was arrested, some three weeks ago, on a warrant sworn out by his first wife.

Drathring was held to the grand jury by Justice Roth under $1,000 bonds. Mrs. Drathring the first said she will file suit at once, here to secure a divorce before her husband has come before the grand jury.

SAW YERKES-MIZNER WEDDING.

Actor Makes Affidavit That He Was Present at Ceremony—Divorce to Be Begun Soon.

Allentown, Pa., Nov. 27.—[Special.]—William H. Johnson, a Chicago lawyer, who was long associated with the late Charles T. Yerkes, today obtained from an actor named Lee a deposition that he was present at the marriage in New York of Mrs. Mary Yerkes to Lyman Mizner. Johnson would not tell the actor's name, but said his testimony was important both in establishing the marriage and furnishing grounds for the Yerkes divorces.

Mrs. Yerkes is now convinced there was a marriage, but declares she remembers absolutely nothing about it, and asserts she never was married. The plot in which she is said to have figured as soon as Mrs. Mizner was removed sufficiently from the operation of the anesthetic to enable the physical work of a child.

Under the Illinois divorce she will obtain Mizner will not be entitled to any of her property."

LOW ONE WAY FARES TO PITTSBURG AND CLEVELAND

Via the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad.

Pittsburg—First class, $9.00; second class, $6.75. Royal Blue Limited leaves 5:30 p. m. Arrives Pittsburg 6:30 a. m. Pittsburg Express leaves 8:30 p. m. Arrives Pittsburg 8:30 p. m.

Cleveland—$6.75. Trains leave 10:40 a. m. and 8:30 p. m. Through sleeper on evening train; arriving Cleveland 7:50 a. m.

Ticket offices, 244 Clark street, Auditorium Annex, and Grand Central Passenger Station, Harrison street and Fifth avenue.

IN THE SOCIETY WORLD.

Three coming out teas, a wedding, and the progress of arrangements for the Street in Paris fete divided the interest of society yesterday. The debutantes of the day were Miss Katherine Miller, Miss Cornelia Conger, and Miss Catherine Waldo. Miss Conger was introduced at a tea given by her grandmother, Mrs. John B. Lyon and her mother, Mrs. William P. Conger, 369 Erie street. Miss Miller was presented at a tea given by her mother, Mrs. John G. Miller, 3401 Calumet avenue. Miss Waldo was introduced by her mother, Mrs. Otis H. Waldo, 4437 Sidney avenue, at a tea from 5 to 6 o'clock.

The wedding of Miss Katharine McIntire Baker, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Baker, 3905 Ellis avenue, to Dr. William Richardson Houston of Augusta, Ga., took place at 8 o'clock in the evening at the residence of the bride's parents. The Rev. John Archibald Morison of the First Presbyterian church officiated. There was no reception, but after the ceremony a wedding supper was served. Dr. Houston and bride will be at home after Jan. 20 at Augusta, Ga.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Gordon Selfridge are being much entertained during their Chicago visit. Last evening Mr. and Mrs. Charles C. Adsit gave a dinner for them, and this evening Mr. Clarence Buckingham and his sister, Miss Kate Buckingham, 2068 Prairie avenue, will give a dinner and theater party in their honor. Mrs. F. Willis Rice will give a small luncheon today at the Virginia for a few close friends of Mrs. Selfridge. Mrs. Selfridge was the honored guest at the usual informal tea given by Mrs. Joseph P. Ross and Miss Bessie Ross on Monday.

Mrs. Herbert L. Swift, 4000 Michigan avenue, gave a luncheon yesterday in honor of Miss Marie Alexander and her sister, Miss Elisabeth Alexander, whose engagements were recently announced. There were twelve guests.

Mrs. James H. Shields and her daughter, Miss Carolyn Shields of Highland Park, will leave on Friday for Fort McKinley, Manila, to visit Mrs. Shields' daughter, Mrs. Eugene Voss.

With interest in the Street in Paris fete increasing as the time for the opening of the spectacle approaches, announcement of the workers of a few of the shops is still awaited. Mrs. Henry Hooper and Mrs. S. S. Gregory will have charge of the English tearoom and will be assisted by Mrs. Hubbard Carpenter, Mrs. Robert P. Hall, Mrs. John Crerar, Mrs. George Throop, Mrs. Samuel Walker, Mrs. Muir Snow, Mrs. Hubert Galt, Mrs. Albert De W. Erskine, Mrs. Ernest Walker, Mrs. Charles W. Leland, Mrs. William M. Le Moyne, and Misses Ethel Hooper, Alice Hosmer, Helen Jones, Charlotte Gregory, Elisabeth Chapin, Marion Gallher, Caroline Mills, Florence Whiting, Helen Poole, Catherine Jones, Ellen Waller, and Marjory Whiting.

A benefit performance will be given by the Wellesley college graduates at the New theater Friday evening for the fund which is being raised for a new college library. Wellesley alumnæ will give evidence of their presence in college songs and Wellesley banners and violets. The bill, a double one, will include the English version of the French comedy, " Le Gendre de M. Poirier," by Emile Angier, and " The God," by Harry A. James, a curtain raiser written for Sir Henry Irving, but never before presented, owing to the actor's death. The patronesses are:

Mrs. Frederic W. Becker.
Miss Sophronisba P. Breckenridge.
Mrs. Edward F. Bryant.
Mrs. Joseph A. Capps.
Mrs. Richard M. Genius.
Mrs. Morton D. Hull.
Mrs. R. J. Orby Hunter.
Miss Grace Jackson.
Mrs. William MacClintock.
Mrs. Frank Hugh Montgomery.
Mrs. Edward H. Pitkin.
Mrs. Frank G. Sikes.
Mrs. Louis Theron.
Mrs. Norman Thompson.
Mrs. George E. Vincent.
Miss Elizabeth Wallace.

A bazaar for the benefit of E. Bates settlement house was given at the residence of Mrs. C. A. Chapin, 240 Goete street, in the afternoon and evening. A sorts of home cooked delicacies for Thanksgiving and various Christmas novelties were sold.

Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Lord have returned from a ten months' trip abroad and are occupying their residence at 541 Cornell avenue.

Miss Bowes, 212 East Forty-sixth street, who has returned from a visit to Louisville, Ky., has as her guest, Miss Lily Roy of Louisville.

SOCIETY AT NATIONS CAPITAL.

Representative and Mrs. Longworth Return to Washington—Miss Alice Langhorne Married.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 27.—[Special.]—Representative and Mrs. Nikolas Longworth returned to the capital this morning from their long visit to New England. They will spend Thanksgiving with the president. The Roosevelt boys will be home from school and a merry family party will partake of the annual offering from Rhode Island of the famous turkey sent the president every year by Horace Vose. The birdas arrived and is the biggest, plumpest fussy this generous farmer had to send.

Miss Alice Langhorne, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John D. Langhorne, and Stanley Washburn, son of former Senator and Mrs. W. D. Washburn, were married at 4 o'clock this afternoon at St. John's Episcopal church. The bride was gowned in white lace made princess and ornamented with corsage trimming of orange blossoms, same ornamentation being reproduced on the skirt. The whole was enveloped in gulle veil held in place by a cluster of orate blossoms. She was escorted to the altar by her father and there met by Mr. Washburn and the best man, his brother, E. C. Washburn.

Mrs. Powell Clayton Jr., daughter-in-law of the former American ambassador to Mexico, attended her sister as maron of honor, and was gowned in pink chiffe cloth. She wore a picture hat of the same delicate color.

Cadwallader Washburn of New York and W. D. Washburn Jr. were ushers, as were Richard Garry of New York, John Bass of Chicago, Dr. Hamilton Wight of Washington, and the bride's two brothers, Marshall Langhorne, secretary of the American legation at Norway, and Cary Langhorne of Cuba.

Mr. Washburn will take his bride to Minneapolis to live.

DECORATE FOR HARITY BALL.

Leaders of Grand Arch and Chairmen of Committee for B. M. Z. Event Tomorrow Named.

Decorators will take possession of the Coliseum early tomorrow morning to prepare the main building and annex for the annual charity ball of the B. M. Z. for the benefit of the Orthodox Jewish Home for the Aged, which will be held tomorrow night.

Bernard Baumgarde, chairman of the ball committee, will lead in first column of the grand march with his daughter, Miss Bessie, and the second colum will be led by Mr. A. Margolis, president of the home, and Mrs. Margolis.

Martin Emerich was yesterday selected to act as chairman of the reception committee of fifty members. The chairman of the floor committee will be D. Jacob Frank.

The flower girls all be Misses Cherri Davis, Evelyn Dunn, Rose Adler, Meta Bach, Minnie Cohn, Pauline Marks, Miriam Goldberg, Helen Weiberg, Dorothea Cohn, and Sadie Tupler.

NO DEBT ON CATHOLIC SCHOOL.

Treasurer Announces That University of America Is Supplied with Ample Funds by the Churches.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 27.—Trustees of the Catholic University of America met in semi-annual session at MacMahon hall at the university today. The treasurer, Michael Jenkins of Baltimore, reported that the university is entirely free of debt, despite the fact that the indowment amounts to only $400,000 and that is only other source of revenue is from coletions taken in the various Catholic churches throughout the country for this special purpose.

Mr. Dooley on
The Christmas Spirit
By F. P. DUNNE

Other Features

Leslie, Nursery Corps, U. S. A.
Another of the charming child stories of George Madden Martin, the creator of "Emmy Lou." Tells what happened to a lone, neglected army child whose mother played bridge and left her to the tender mercies of Big Corporal Leslie. The first of the series.

Adventures in Contentment
Have you ever been seized with the passion for ownership, or filled with the joy of possession? You might like to do yourself what David Grayson did; at any rate you'll like to read about it.

Ida M. Tarbell
begins her new serial, "The Tariff in Our Times." Greater even than "The Standard Oil," which so stirred up the country.

Clara Morris
tells about her first speech and the black grenadine she wore to "The Daly Banquet" and how Mr. Gilbert took her home at three-thirty in the morning to the scandal of the neighbors.

A Song of a Shirt
One of Mary Stewart Cutting's little serio-comic stories of married life.

Other titles are, The Fountain of Youth—The Gardendale Burglar Cure—Out of the Heart, by a Southern Woman—The Great Refusal—Mile-a-Minute Madness—and Poems, Pictures, Announcements, etc.

In the Interpreter's House
Christmas Editorials full of gentle humor and sound sense—the choice and intimate contributions of the editorial staff on current events.

Straight from Mr. Dooley's heart "The Christmas Spirit" flows into the pages of the December Number of The American Magazine. Hennessey has caught it. Read it; you'll laugh and chuckle and catch it too. It'll catch you hard and leaven you up till you glow all over.

Science, St. Skinflint and Santa Claus

William Allen White's Christmas Talk, refreshes the heart and delights the mind. With whimsical pictures, Mr. White paints Science—"pale and blue-nosed, with skimmed-milk eyes, pointer in hand and chalk dust in her hair"—St. Skinflint—"straight-laced, weazen-faced god of Business"—Santa Claus—"forty-two in girth, thirty-eight chest measure—may be Uncle Jimmy who clerks in the store on Main Street." It makes rich reading in

THE AMERICAN MAGAZINE
For December
10 cents at any News-Stand; $1.00 a Year
THE PHILLIPS PUBLISHING COMPANY, 141-146 Fifth Avenue, New York

"Since Ben-Hur there has been no biblical novel equal to Saul of Tarsus. It is an exceptional book, possessing the power, so notable in Ben-Hur, of making distant days seem real. Everywhere is displayed the reverent imagination, the splendid workmanship, the dramatic instinct, which render the book flawless." —*Cleveland Plain Dealer*

SAUL of TARSUS
By ELIZABETH MILLER *author of* THE YOKE
Illustrated by Castaigne

THE BOBBS-MERRILL COMPANY *Publishers* INDIANAPOLIS

W. C. T. U. CHIEF SELLS LIQUOR.

Society Leader and Pillar in the Methodist Church of Muskegon, Mich., Guilty of Selling Drink to Boys.

Muskegon, Mich., Nov. 27.—[Special.]—Muskegon was startled tonight when it learned that Mrs. Rosa Eckerman, a pillar in the Methodist church, W. C. T. U. worker, and society woman, had been found guilty of selling liquor to minors from her drug store.

Maurice L. Rothschild
S. W. Cor. Jackson and State.

High Grade Underwear Specially Priced

First Floor.

Medicot Morgan Silk Plaited Underwear, delicate tints of blue, flesh and white, standard $2.00 quality..... **$1.25**

$2.50 Silk Stripe Underwear—pure Australian lamb's wool, form fitting, special.. **$1.75**

Swiss Ribbed Merino Union Suits. Colors of blue, white & natural. Regular & stout sizes. **$3.50**

Silk and Wool Swiss Ribbed Union Suits, exceptional value. **$5.**

Pure Silk Union Suits. Swiss ribbed, body fit, heavy weight, blue and flesh colors. **$10.**

To Thin People

Peptol
A Food—Not a Medicine.

Endorses Your Check on the Bank of Health

A man or woman with a good overcoat of flesh is not only more attractive, but has in addition a health insurance policy that adequate flesh alone can give. PEPTOL—the flesh builder—will increase your weight in thirty days or every cent paid for it will be returned.

For Sale by All First Class Druggists
Demonstration This Week at
Public Drug Co., State St.
For booklet "Why People are Thin," Address
The Peptol Company,
First National Bank Building, Chicago.
Laboratory: Battle Creek, Mich.

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An Editorial system based on the principles of modern business that returns an unavailable manuscript promptly and pays immediately upon acceptance for an available manuscript is the simple explanation of the fact that authors try *The Saturday Evening Post* first.

It means that our readers get the cream of the literary output, because we happen to regard writers as being worthy of the same consideration that is accorded men selling a case of shoes or a carload of wheat.

The writer, the reader and the publisher benefit. The system seems to be eminently satisfactory.

Are *you* reading

THE SATURDAY EVENING POST

It is 5 cents the copy of all newsdealers; $1.50 the year by mail

The Curtis Publishing Company
PHILADELPHIA

From one side of the continent to the other reviewers praise

The Story of Martin Coe
By Ralph D. Paine

C. W. Mason, in *The Brooklyn Eagle*, says: "The best novel I have struck so far in the fall list. It has romance, yet it is modern and American."

The San Francisco Call says: " 'The Story of Martin Coe' is a rattling good yarn. It is such a well told tale that if Stevenson or Conrad had written it the critics would kow tow."

2D LARGE EDITION

The Outing Publishing Co.
New York

Industrial America
By
J. Laurence Laughlin
Professor of Political Economy at Chicago University

With Maps and Diagrams.
$1.25 net. Postage 10 Cents.

The Berlin Lectures of 1906:
"An able and illuminating account of the industrial problems at present occupying public attention in the United States, presented in a way that a non-specialist audience would find instructive and important."

THE CHAPTERS
American Competition with Europe
Protection and Reciprocity
The Labor Problem
The Trust Problem
The Railway Question
The Banking Problem
The Present Status of Economic Thinking in the United States

"His book will have as much interest for Americans who are not systematic students of economics as it had for Germans."—*Chicago Record-Herald*

"It is a pleasure to emerge from the general confusion of thought regarding economic problems in the United States and find the well considered and wholly sound ideas of a profound and finished thinker."—*Chicago Daily News*

CHARLES SCRIBNER'S SONS

ARTISTS' Water Colors have to be made right if the work is to be satisfactory.

Devoe Water Colors are finely ground, of the best pigments, and are smooth and uniform.

Put up in half pans and guaranteed to be reliable, as Devoe quality always is. Ask your dealer for Devoe, or call here.

Devoe & Raynolds Company,
176 Randolph Street,
Chicago.

THE TRUSS PAD IS WHAT GIVES
Relief For Rupture

The Chemical Alloy Rupture-Pad not only holds the rupture but is healing, soothing and antiseptic. This Pad prevents sores, and cures the sores that have been made by the torturing truss you are wearing. This Pad is so soothing that it can be worn day or night, all the time. The ruptured man, woman or child can now be made easy and comfortable. It is unfortunate as well as dangerous to be ruptured, but if you must wear a truss you cannot afford to deny yourself the satisfaction of this Pad. There is only one quality, that is *the best*. The price is $1.00, and your money back if you can afford to give up the Pad and return it. Describe your rupture fully and completely. Instructions and advice will be mailed you with the Pad. Remember, satisfaction is guaranteed. Write now before you lay this paper down. There is no use in suffering a day longer and it costs only a $1.00 bill for this Pad, and relief is sourced. Come in for personal adjustment of the Pad if you are in Chicago. We prefer seeing you and do not make any extra charge for personal attention.

Thomas Sebastian, 20 East Adams st., Chicago

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE TRIBUNE.

O'BRIEN FIGHTS BURNS TONIGHT

Battle for Heavyweight Title to Be Fought at Los Angeles.

JEFFRIES TO REFEREE.

Philadelphian Is Favored, but Tommy Is Better than Credited with Being.

[BY GEORGE SILER.]

The question of who will be the simon pure heavyweight champion of America will be answered tonight at Los Angeles after Tommy Burns and Jack O'Brien finish their contest for that title. Burns is the champion at the present writing, and that despite the fact he never has been considered as such by the public in general. They could not clock him with the honor while there was a possible chance of Jim Jeffries reentering the ring, but now that Jeff has forsworn taking part in a fight, according to the ring rules, and that Jeff is to referee the contest and declare the winner the champion, Burns' claim has been considered.

The majority of the fight fans throughout the country favor O'Brien as the boss of the heavy division because he defeated Fitzsimmons, the only man, except Jeff, who accomplished the trick. His win over Bob, however, only entitled him to the title of light heavyweight champion. It should be remembered that Jeff was the third man in the ring when Marvin, Hart and Jack Root fought for the heavyweight title, and that when Hart beat Root in the twelfth round of that contest the heavyweight title went with Jeff's decision. Hart's only fight for the title was with Burns, and, as Tommy won, the title went with the verdict.

Jeffries to Referee.

The fact that Jeffries will officiate at the battle lends some interest to the affair. Not that the ex-champion can be termed an excellent official, as the only battle he presided over was that between Hart and Root, but Los Angeles is his home and the management, rather than engage an out of town referee, the local being objected to, hit upon Jeff as the best man from a gate receipt standpoint. Jeff, however, erred when he publicly announced that he thought O'Brien would win the fight and later expressed his opinion that it looked like an even thing to him. He has not been censured for expressing an opinion, but it's any kind of odds that had any other man named for the job made a public sintement as to the winner he would have received an awful scorching from the press.

The fans throughout the country look upon O'Brien as a sure winner. In fact, they do not see how he can lose, and on paper he looks the logical favorite. Speculators, however, should bear in mind that Burns is a better fighter than he has yet been credited for. He beat Hart probably, as handily as could have Jack, besides which he has shown improvement in all of his recent battles.

Burns the Heavier.

He will have an advantage of at least ten pounds in weight, is a much stronger and a harder hitter than Jack, can stand as much if not more punishment than can O'Brien, and will be favored with the rules, which permit hitting in the clinches. Jack has it on him in the finer points of the game and, perhaps, some on speed and footwork, but not enough of the latter to have much bearing on the result. O'Brien undoubtedly will win, but it would not surprise me if Jeff declared it a draw. Neither would a decision in favor of Burns astound me.

Tommy Mowatt, who recently recovered from a severe attack of typhoid fever, announces that he would like to engage in one more battle before he retires and that his old opponent, Benny Yanger, is the boy he prefers to fight. "All I want," he says, "is one more whack at Yanger and, win or lose, I will step down and out." Tommy and Benny have had some hot tilts in the long ago, but Tommy has not demonstrated within the last eighteen months that he is a factor in the game. There may be one more good fight in him, but his most ardent admirers doubt it.

THIS IS A "GRUDGE" BATTLE.

O'Brien and Burns Do Not Speak When They Meet to Test the Picture Machines.

Los Angeles, Cal., Nov. 27.—[Special.]—Philadelphia Jack O'Brien and Tommy Burns will battle for the heavyweight championship of the world and a $12,000 purse before the Pacific Athletic club tomorrow night.

Both men are trained as fine as it is possible to train fighting men. O'Brien has come to Los Angeles from his training quarters at Venice and has reoccupied his apartments at the Hotel Angelus. Swanson, O'Brien's manager, accompanied the Philadelphian. Tommy Burns also has left his quarters at Long Beach and is in retirement among friends in Los Angeles.

It is believed Burns will weigh from ten to twelve pounds more than his opponent, who yesterday tipped the scales at 160 pounds.

Betting has been heavier than on any previous fight scheduled in this city. Burns is considered the best short ender that has appeared here in many years. Thousands of dollars have been placed. The prevailing odds are 10 to 6 on O'Brien. Burns claims he has placed $2,000 on his own chances. O'Connor, Burns' manager, placed one bet tonight with Jack "Twin") Sullivan, $1,000 against $800, and has wagered $5,000 on Burns to win.

From indications the battle will be one of the fastest heavyweight contests ever seen in any arena. On account of the strained relations between the two fighters a fierce battle is sure. Last night the picture machine was given a test. O'Brien and Burns were in the ring at the same time, but neither recognized the other, and it was apparent no love was lost between the fighters.

COOLEY NO MATCH FOR KELLY.

Seconds Toss Sponge in Second Round of the Fight at Peoria—All One Sided.

Peoria, Ill., Nov. 27.—[Special.]—Fred Cooley's seconds threw up the sponge in the second round of his fight with Hugo Kelly before the Peoria A. C. tonight after Kelly had beaten him into a helpless condition.

The men were scheduled to go ten rounds at catchweights. Kelly went to his man at the sound of the gong and planted a left hander on Cooley's nose. He jabbed the left repeatedly to the face and cleverly by blocking, ducking or side stepped Cooley's attempts to reach him with left and right swings. Cooley slipped to his knees in the first round for a clinch in which Kelly had driven a hard right to his stomach. Cooley was bleeding from a cut over his right eye, caused by Kelly's left.

In the second Kelly drove a left to the face, a right to the chin, and in a grueling mixup sent both right and left hard to the stomach. Cooley sank to his knees and took the count of five. He went down ten seconds later from right and left to the face and struggled to his feet after an eight count to go down a third time from a vicious right to the stomach and a left to the chin. His seconds then threw towels into the ring.

Bill Papke of Spring Valley put Milt Kinney of Alton out in the third round.

Nolan Settles with Rickard.

Cincinnati, O., Nov. 27.—[Special.]—The financial differences between Billy Nolan and Tex Rickard over the proceeds from the moving pictures of the Gans-Nelson fight have been settled. The criminal charges against Nolan will be dropped. The terms of settlement were not made public, but it is said Rickard will be given one half the proceeds. It had been agreed to Rickard all his interests in the pictures, including the right to exhibit them in Canada and the United States. He retains possession of some of the films, which he may exhibit abroad if he can make arrangements to do so.

Wisconsin's 1907 Outlook.

Madison, Wis., Nov. 27.—[Special.]—Coach Hutchins expressed himself on the athletic situation today as follows: "The prospects for next year are far brighter than they were at the beginning of this year. We lose Gelbert, Clark, Johnson, Curtin, and Bleyer. While there are all experienced men and great players, we have lost no more than a college usually does. Next year we will start the season with some men who for various reasons have been kept out of the lineup this season, and this material, in addition to the regulars, will make a large squad. Timothy Wright, Schalm, Cullen, Davidson, Hoyle, and Soukup will be eligible. The proposed games with Chicago and Minnesota will be decided later. The students seem to want them. On the financial question we are most even."

CANCELS A SCHOOL GAME.

HYDE PARK IS UNABLE TO PLAY ENGLEWOOD TOMORROW.

Anti-Frat Rule and Injuries to Two of the Players Lead to Calling Off the Contest—North Division to Tackle Northwestern Dents, Who Are Strengthened by the Famous Quarter Back Johnson—Basketball Matches Today.

Crippled by the frat ruling and by injuries to players in the Oak Park contest last Saturday, Hyde Park yesterday afternoon was forced to cancel its game with Englewood, to have been played tomorrow at Marshall field.

Captain-Manager Mitchell and Principal Loomis decided to disband the team for the season. Lauder, quarter back, has an injured leg and Andrews, substitute end, who was compelled to leave the game on Saturday on account of a kick in the side, was told yesterday by his doctor his heart was weak and any attempt to take part in the contest might prove fatal.

Manager Stelt of Englewood will try to arrange a contest with Tuscola High school for tomorrow, but the chances are it is too late.

Johnson Back in the Game.

The other games on the program for tomorrow will be played without hitch. North Division worked out yesterday afternoon at Lincoln park for the encounter with the Northwestern Dents. The purple aggregation seems confident of a victory over the school lads at Gunther's park. Johnson, the famous quarter back, confirmed the report last night that he again would be seen in moleskins with the Dents.

Capt. Dornblaser of the North Division eleven gave his ends an extra amount of work in stopping end runs and breaking up formations directed off tackle. "We will have to look out for Johnson," Dornblaser said. "We have not been defeated this year, and as it is my last year in school I want it to be a record one."

North Division is to be the guest of W. T. Pursell, father of the left end of the north side team, Friday night, at the Bush temple. A section of the house has been given over to the "rooters," and the boys will have the place to themselves for the evening. Plenty of noise is promised for the occasion.

Joe Tinker to Be an Official.

West Division, the "free lance" team composed of McKinley High school boys, who had a ban placed on them at the start of the season, will play the St. Ignatius college team at St. Ignatius field tomorrow. The two teams have met once before this year, the college boys winning by six points, but the high school players claimed they did not have their full strength. Joe Tinker, the well known shortstop of the Cubs, is to be one of the officials in the contest.

Charles Zeller, who is promoting the Max Beutner benefit dual affair at Marshall field on Saturday, reported yesterday that all the arrangements had been completed and that the White Eagles and the First regiment game would be followed by the much talked of encounter between North Division and Oak Park. He has secured Eckersall and Steffen as officials for the first contest and for the high school game Coach Stagg and Dr. Rayerdt will officiate. Fifteen thousand tickets have been printed.

Basketball Matches Today.

The southern division of the Cook County High School Basketball league is scheduled to play this afternoon. The Hyde Park-South Chicago game looks interesting, although Hyde Park's five has been weakened by the loss of its captain, Walter Lorenz, and Hammond, the star center, who are barred by the anti-frat rule. J. C. Wilson, father of the captain of the football team, will make an effort today to secure an injunction against the anti-frat ruling of the board. Wendell Phillips will meet Curtis at Curtis. Wendell Phillips has a strong team this season, defeating Englewood last Friday by a good margin. Englewood and Calumet are to play at Englewood, a prospective good match.

SCRUBS DEFEAT THE FRESHMEN

Maroon First Year Men Are Fooled by Double Passes—Score Is Eighteen to Nothing.

Director Stagg's freshmen paid the penalty of unsophistication in their final set-to with the maroon scrubs at Marshall field yesterday for the lesser light championship of the university. The scrubs won, 18 to 0, largely through their ability to catch the first year men napping on double passes. The battle was spirited and took on a little color, as Director Stagg, Capt. De Tray, and ex-Capt. Eckersall were keeping tab on each player with a view to next season.

Between the halves the "hero" incident of last Saturday was reenacted, with Rohde, the scrub Eckersall, receiving a tin watch from Walter Steffen, who emulated Dr. Hoodgen.

Merriam, the conference champion quarter miler, played a whirlwind game and gained the favor of the maroon director and Capt. De Tray. He made most of the gains for the scrubs and starred in several long runs.

Director Stagg will shortly map out campaigns for the winter baseball and track squads. No work on either will be started until the opening of the winter quarter, Jan. 2, but an attempt will be made by Stagg to get a line on the prospects of each squad before he leaves for the south. It is probable the track athletes will meet the Illini and Purdue during the indoor season, and possibly an indoor meet may be arranged with Wisconsin. Several local open meets will be included in the maroon list.

Veterans Work for Tomorrow's Game.

The all college football team, which plays the Massillon professionals tomorrow afternoon at South Side park, had a regular scrimmage yesterday against members of the Chicago Veterinary college eleven. Those out for practice were Heston, Tyson, "Cody" Clark, "Hazey" Clark, Schulte, Hare, Yates, Moynihan, Waugh, Robertson, Welinghoff, Spaulding, Shaw, and Munroe. Heston's men showed adeptness in learning to work together and made many touchdowns.

Eastern Cross Country Run.

Princeton, N. J., Nov. 27.—[Special.]—The intercollegiate cross country meet will be held here tomorrow. Seven colleges, including Yale, Harvard, Cornell, and Princeton, have entered teams for the course of six and a quarter miles, which is rough and hilly, through swamp, forest, and clearing. Cornell is favorite. Boston Institute of Technology, owing to its recent overshadowing of Harvard, seems also to have an excellent chance. The lack of a fourth good man reduces Princeton's chances materially. John L. Sisele of Princeton undoubtedly will win the individual championship. He is running in excellent style this fall.

Basketball Game.

The West Side Indians yesterday defeated the Foster mission five at basketball, 29 to 17. Lineup:

Indians [29]	Foster Mission [17].
W. Pearse.....Right forward.....	Hires
Morse.....Left forward.....	Buckley
Young.....Center.....	Kalushian
T. Pearse.....Left guard.....	McCall
Schaefer.....Right guard.....	Coonce

Field goals—Hurst [6], Morse [2], W. Pearse [2], T. Pearse, Schaefer, Hires [4], Kalushman [2], McCall. Free throws—Morse [8], Hurst [2]. Referee—Buckley, Coonce. Points awarded—Foster Mission, 1.

GRAY TOM DISLODGES LEADER.

Beats Cutler in the Shortstop Billiard Tournament—Taylor Wins from F. Hoppe.

New York, Nov. 27.—[Special.]—Albert Cutler of Boston met with his first defeat tonight in the 18.2 shortstop tournament. Tom Gallagher beat him 400 to 300, the Bostonian being in poor form. Gallagher got out of some tight situations and continued to hand out strong medicine to Cutler. Score:

Gallagher—	0,	1,	13,	0,	0,	19,	13,	2,	1,	2,	0,	0,	10,	
6,	23,	27,	11,	0,	8,	0,	30,	0,	0,	21,	0,	2,	20,	8, 0,
1,	36,	0,	14.	Total,	400.	Average 12 10-32.								
Cutler—	12,	0,	6,	0,	2,	47,	0,	0,	8,	1,	2,	4,	5,	9, 1,
0,	1,	12,	14,	0,	0,	13,	8,	6,	17,	0,	15,	7,	0,	8. Total,
300.	Average, 10 14-31.	High runs, 47, 17, 12, 13.												

In the afternoon Al Taylor of Chicago won his first game in the tournament. Frank Hoppe being the victim. Score:

Taylor—	0,	1,	0,	10,	0,	59,	0,	0,	28,	31,	2,	5,	1,	6, 1,
6,	46,	1,	5,	2,	0,	17,	28,	49,	0,	1,	0,	20,	23,	2, 1, 46,
14,	0,	15.	Total,	400.	Average, 12 10-32.	High runs, 59, 46, 46.								
Hoppe—	0,	1,	1,	30,	15,	2,	5,	9,	6,	0,	0,	1,	6,	0, 1, 9,
14,	0,	15,	10,	6,	2,	0,	2,	13,	10,	2,	0,	1,	2.	Total,
250.	Average, 7 19-31.	High runs, 59, 30, 28.												

At the Billiard Halls.

At Clarke's—Fay defeated Swresher at pool, 100 to 86.

At Sutton's—Church [58] beat Corbett [33] at three cushions, 50 to 27.

At Anson's—Arthur defeated Sweet at balk line, 100 to 52. Bliss and Parson tonight.

At Moyle's—Demarest [400] won from Bingham [225] at balk line, 400 to 166. Demarest and Brown tonight.

At Renninger's—Ellson [300] defeated Maggioli [209] in the balk line tourney, 300 to 134. Wheeler and Kain tonight.

MURPHY KEEPS UP JOSHING MATCH.

Chicago Baseball Man Comes Back with Public Reply to Hermann.

REALLY WANTS A RULING

Local Official Says He Is Not Trying to Make the Reds a Special Mark.

In what he characterized as "one more allopathic dose of words anent spring exhibition games," President Murphy of the Chicago club yesterday answered the voluminous letter received from President Hermann of Cincinnati. The reply was aimed more in the direction of Business Manager Frank Bancroft than at the owner of the Cincinnati club.

The battle of typewriters at long range has developed into more or less of a farce. The local magnate, alluding to the Count Bonl reference in Mr. Hermann's letter, says: "I shall probably challenge you to a duel, if the count doesn't take similar action before I issue a formal challenge."

Honest Differences.

Among other things Mr. Murphy says:

There can be an honest difference of opinion as to the wisdom of National and American league teams indulging in prechampionship season games in cities of either major league circuit, and in expressing mine I am simply voicing the sentiments expressed by James A. Hart, Charles A. Comiskey, Umpire Henry O'Day, and a majority of the Chicago baseball writers. It is true Cincinnati is a National league bulwark, and any games that have a tendency to militate against the success of the traditional formal opening of the championship season are to be deplored.

It is not, however, my intention to make specific complaint against the management of the Cincinnati club for arranging games in Cincinnati on the eve of our championship season, thus removing a major portion of the halo surrounding that time honored auspicious event. My suggestions have a much wider scope and are intended for the betterment of all clubs identified with major league ball. It is not my intention to cast aspersions on any individual, and there is no valid reason for the engendering of bitter feeling or resentment on the part of any one connected with the Cincinnati club at the course I have pursued. The views that I have expressed to you will no doubt precipitate a lengthy discussion at the annual meeting of the National league in New York and at the Chicago convocation of the American league. There will ultimately be some adequate legislation to prevent these ill advised spring games I have no doubt. They are not a test of playing skill, but of physical condition, and at best are catchpenny affairs.

Like Syndicate Ball.

The National and American leagues are separate organizations, working in such harmony as to bring financial success to each, but the playing of these spring prechampionship season games, without any regular schedule, savors entirely too much of syndicate ball, and they have already been thus characterized by the press. Each league has its followers, and the sentiments of such persons must not be disregarded or the life of the great national game is jeopardized. It is all well to book these games under the guise of a desire of allowing Cincinnati baseball patrons an opportunity to see the stars of the American league, but how about the people of Pittsburg and Brooklyn? No American league teams have been booked for spring games in those cities. Moreover, these American league players in the early spring will be in no condition for persons who have never seen them to form an adequate opinion as to their playing ability. In fact, such games are not fair to the public.

The people of Cleveland, Detroit, and Washington do not get to see the star players of the National league. It is for this reason that I favored the interleague games as proposed by you when we discussed the schedule for 1907 at the last meeting of the national commission. There should, however, be some method by which all of the populous cities having only one major league team could be afforded an opportunity of witnessing the playing of clubs in the other league.

Matter of Opinion.

So far as the American league club of Chicago is concerned, that is a matter of purely personal opinion. Many think that the Chicago Cubs still enjoy that distinction. I do not think that it will become me to say that in my opinion the Chicago Cubs form the greatest playing aggregation ever put together.

I guess if the National league should enact retroactive legislation covering these games, you would be amenable to baseball law. You, of all persons identified with the sport, would stand by the will of the majority, and I believe that you did not book these games of your own volition, but on the advice of others. If these games are not prevented in the spring of 1907, I sincerely trust that they will be in the future. Perhaps when I have heard the matter discussed at length by men of more baseball experience than I have had, I may change my mind. I do not think that my judgment is infallible by any means.

Johnson and Taylor Confer.

President Ban Johnson of the American league and John I. Taylor, owner of the Boston American league club, held a conference yesterday on the affairs of the Boston club. Mr. Taylor left early in the afternoon for the east and President Johnson said there probably would be some trades in which the Boston club would figure. "There will be numerous trades at the annual meeting of the league," said Ban, "but nothing in the trading line is likely to be done before then."

Changes Training Plans.

President Murphy received yesterday a telegram from James Gardner, president of the Dallas club, saying he had secured quarters for the Chicago team at Waco from March 12 to 21, which time was to have been spent at San Antonio. Mr. Murphy said that as a result the team probably would go to Waco after they leave Marlin Springs. The St. Paul club has put in a request for a game with the Nationals at Leavenworth, Kas., on their way northward.

Reception for "Jiggs" Donohue.

Springfield, O., Nov. 27.—[Special.]—A reception was given tonight by the Knights of Columbus in honor of "Jiggs" Donohue, the first baseman of the Chicago White Sox. Addresses were delivered by Martin O'Toole, Father J. S. Michelbrink, and others. "Jiggs" responded, relating some of his boyhood experiences. Afterwards a dinner was served and a musical program given.

RE-ELECT COMMODORE BAUM.

Chicago Yacht Club Chooses Officers and Presents W. B. Mundie with Ship's Clock.

The election of officers of the Chicago Yacht club was held last night at the fifth general meeting and annual dinner of that organization held in the Victoria hotel. Commodore W. L. Baum, who was reelected, presided.

On behalf of the club G. H. Aikin presented William B. Mundie with a gold Chelsea ship's clock. This, it was declared, was a token of appreciation for Mr. Mundie's efforts as historian of the club as well as for the pictures which he has given them.

The election of officers was as follows: Commodore, W. L. Baum; vice admiral, Charles S. Pond; rear admiral, L. G. Fisher; secretary, Charles E. Soulis, Jr.; treasurer, D. A. Bage; judge advocate, George B. Shattuck; fleet surgeon, Will Hoyt; trustees, C. A. Black and Murdock Mackay; delegates to the L. M. Y. A., E. P. Warner and F. W. Hill; delegate to the I. L. Y. A., George D. Wellington.

DRIVING CLUB LEAGUE MEETS.

Raises Weight Limit for Drivers to 175 Pounds—Officers for 1907 Are Elected.

New York, Nov. 27.—The League of Amateur Driving Clubs today elected H. K. Devereux, Cleveland, president; J. D. Cafferty, Pittsburg, vice presidents; T. L. Quinby, Boston, secretary and treasurer.

The directors elected were the above officials and C. K. G. Billings, Memphis; W. C. Brown, Chicago; J. D. Waldron, Lexington, Ky.; Senator Horace White, Syracuse; and George W. Grote, New York City.

Two important rules were passed affecting interclub meetings. One was the raising of the weight limit for drivers to 175 pounds to wagons in actual contest. When going against time the weight limit is 130 pounds.

The second was the decision of the league to divide the fields where more than seven starters to wagons are scheduled for an event.

Bought by W. C. Floyd-Jones.

New York, Nov. 27.—W. B. D. Stokes, owner of the Patchen Wilkes farm at Lexington, Ky., affected a sale of trotters privately today to Floyd-Davis, a New York trainer, who represented W. C. Floyd-Jones. Five horses were included in the deal, which involved something like $30,000. It is said Davis will ship the horses to Columbia, S. C., for the winter and will campaign them in the grand circuit next year.

HIGH BIDS BY W. H. BROWN

PITTSBURGER OUTDOES WHITNEY AND OTHERS AT SALE.

Disposal of Thoroughbred Stock from Farm of Late Capt. S. S. Brown at Lexington Draws Wealthy Easterners Into Bidding, but Most of the Horses Will Be Kept on Old Estate—Sallie of Navarre Goes to New Yorker for $10,000.

Lexington, Ky., Nov. 27.—[Special.]—Capt. W. H. Brown of Pittsburg today outbid Harry Payne Whitney, Frank Bishop, and other wealthy easterners at the sale of thoroughbred stock from the farm of the late Capt. S. S. Brown and kept most of the royally bred stock on the Brown estate.

Whitney secured Sallie of Navarre, the dam of Salvidere, but he had to pay $10,000 for the 9 year old daughter of Henry of Navarre—Sallie McClelland. He also bought Monadour, ch. m., 10, by Troubadour—Monja, for $5,000. Frank Bishop got Purity, b. m., 11, by imp. Deceiver—Becky Sharpe, for $3,500, but all the other high priced horses were bid in by Capt. Harry Brown. The latter bid in the grand old mare Reckon for $900.

One hundred and thirty-one head were sold for $125,790, an average of $960 a head. The big price of the day was for the stallion Garry Herrmann, by imp. Eclipse—Silk Gown, which Capt. Brown secured for $14,000. He paid $3,500 for Broomstick. Among the mares that he bid in were the following:

Ascot Belle, 6, $4,000; Audience, 5, $1,200; Ethel Lee, 12, $3,600; Flocarine, 6, $4,600; Performance, 12, $6,500; Rancello, 10, $3,800; Senorita, 10, $2,700; Thirty-third, 4, $3,600; Wayward Lass, 4, $2,650.

Sales to outsiders were made as follows:

Clementine, 15, Thomas Welch, New York, $900. Mabis Deeds, 9, J. N. Camden Jr., Versailles, Ky., $1,100.

Defense [imp.], 6, T. L. Carpenter, $1,050.

Pink Rose, 14, J. Carson Lexington, $600.

Cerets, 16, P. C. Bishop, $1,500.

Armoury [imp.], 10, H. P. Headley, $1,050.

Dairy Rose, 14, J. H. Lewis Philadelphia, $1,200.

Woolsthorpe [imp.], 12, Milton Young, $950.

Alcestis, 12, E. S. Knox, $900.

Lamp Over, 7, T. C. Ryan, $700.

Ophirdale, 3, C. L. Harrison, New York, $1,300.

Hal Direct Sells for $6,900.

New York, Nov. 27.—At tonight's Old Glory horse sale Hal Direct, from J. McClary's stable at Hartford, was sold to Fred Smythe, manager for Miss Lotta Crabtree, for $6,900.

SOCIETY BUD AT 60 TO 1 WINS.

Long Shot Captures First Race at Bennings—One Track Record Broken.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 27.—Only two favorites won at Bennings today. Society Bud, a 60 to 1 shot, captured the first race. Red Knight, at 1 to 8 in the third race, finished third. G. L. M. winning at 30 to 1.

The last race furnished an exciting finish between Cederstrome and Barker. The pair came under the wire side by side, with Cederstrome ahead. Jockey Miller, who rode Banker, claimed a foul against Cederstrome, ridden by Horner. Cederstrome was disqualified, making Ormonde's Right, the even money favorite, third. Cederstrome was backed from 10 to 1 to 5 to 1.

One track record was broken. Banker clipped two-fifths of a second off the mile and a quarter record, which has stood since 1896. Summaries:

First race, selling, 2 year olds, 7 furlongs—Society Bud, 90 pounds [Simmons], 60 to 1, won; Anna Smith, 92 [J. Johnson], 10 to 1, second; Cinchona, 98 [Horner], 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:30.

Chippewa, Akbar, Lawsonian, Midas, King's Gem, House Focus, Redcmere, Hooray, Annetta Lady, Lamarton, Gentian, Tranemute, and Baby Willie ran.

Second race, 2 year olds, 6 furlongs—Cabchon, 112 pounds [Miller], 6 to 5, won; Pierrot, 112 [R. Wilson], 15 to 1, second; Blue Book, 112 [Beckman], 30 to 1, third. Time, 1:11 2-5.

El Tovar, Monkey Puzzle, Marvin, Sheridan, and Tuckernuck ran.

Third race, 1 1-16 miles—G. L. M., 89 pounds [Brady], 30 to 1, won; Onatas, 108 [Noone], 5 to 2, second; Red Knight, 111 [Miller], 1 to 3, third. Time, 1:47 4-5. Delabar, Aselina, Ocean Spray, and Hanover Hornpipe ran.

Fourth race, 3 year olds, 6 furlongs—Lady Karma, 109 [Notter], 7 to 1, won; Old Colony, 106 [Miller], 10 to 1, second; Mary Hall, 100 [W. Doyle], 100 to 1, third. Time, 1:16 2-5. Ambush, Arlington, Panama, June Time, Grace Carpenter, Blackburn, Swift Girl, Hammyrnoco, Wee Boy, Dissent, Millstone, and Pluck ran.

Fifth race, selling, 1 mile and 40 yards—Loretta, 98 pounds [Englander], 12 to 1, won; Rather Royal, 106 [Beckman], 10 to 1, second; Delphic, 103 [Powers], 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:46. Wordsmith, Grand Duchess, Panique, Weirdsome, Holloway, Filmnap, Judge White, Hennessy, and Plantagenet ran.

Sixth race, handicap, 1¼ miles—Banker, 99 pounds [Miller], 4 to 1, won; Solon Shingle, 103 [Spencer], 15 to 1, second; Cedarstrome, 121 [Notter], even, third. Time, 2:11. Cederstrome finished first, but was disqualified for fouling. Peletta, Bulwark, Pete Duller, and Caromal also ran.

BOWLERS GET NEW RECORDS.

Lipmans Get Highest Team Score Ever Rolled in Monroe League with 1,178—Average 1,113 2-3.

All season's records were broken by the Lipman bowlers in the Monroe league last night, the highest team score ever rolled in the city being negotiated by the jewelers in the series with 1,178 in their closing effort. The other new records are a team average of 1,113⅔, and Louis Semones' score of 290 and subsequent average of 248⅔.

The new team average is almost 100 pins better than the former mark this year and is only a trifle under the record for last year, made by the Howards with 1,118¼ in the Chicago league. Louis Semones will be remembered best as the first man to roll 300 inside of the loop in league competition, a mark he missed by a hair line in his big game last night.

The Blue Islands, opponents of the Lipmans, won the first game with an 1,108 count and averaged 1,028 flat. Every man on the Lipmans averaged over 200, the marks being: Semones, 248⅔; Collier, 230⅔; Fisher, 228; Bruck, 204, and Lipman, 202⅓. Three of the Blue Islands passed double century figures—Jimmy Blouin getting 210⅓, Metcalfe 210⅔, and Ed Blouin 210. Scores:

MONROE.

Lipmans.	1.	2.	3.
Fisher	245	205	228
Lipman	196	253	202
Semones	223	299	224
Bruck	210	199	200
Collier	183	243	205
Totals	1062	1101	1178

Blue Isl.	1.	2.	3.
E. Blouin	238	204	188
Metcalf	228	204	210
Rooney	231	176	192
Mahoney	183	202	180
J. Blouin	228	202	175
Totals	1108	1008	975

Edelweiss.	1.	2.	3.
Toemmel	246	208	156
Ashfield	181	206	204
Kelly	182	189	176
H. Loff well	223	206	232
E. Loff well	149	167	180
Totals	981	964	917

Brunswicks.	1.	2.	3.
Gruver	168	171	160
Gandfield	202	179	168
Loeb	177	199	152
Hull	192	155	167
Gerour	206	191	180
Totals	945	910	843

MANHATTAN.

Kalinas.	1.	2.	3.
Viachia	200	210	194
Chinelik	265	196	182
Hurt	198	225	198
Raydi	168	187	183
Datlek	231	233	171
Totals	1062	1049	848

Two Joes.	1.	2.	3.
Viral	160	142	130
Novak	139	160	170
C. Albrecht	147	221	185
Sluka	173	166	174
L. Albrecht	184	170	167
Totals	796	859	825

SHERIDAN.

Rovers.	1.	2.	3.
Carlson	162	153	148
Murphy	215	200	154
Stretch	193	185	208
Peth	182	158	159
Rolfe	178	225	173
Totals	987	975	911

Leland.	1.	2.	3.
Appler	161	125	188
Reichert	173	190	168
Anderson	163	190	151
Dwyer	141	154	152
Hedrich	147	167	179
Totals	785	827	808

FIRST REGIMENT.

Gatling Plat.	1.	2.	3.
Ranglund	186	178	198
Quinn	158	161	158
Jones	148	151	158
Williams	171	177	155
Sidebotham	174	196	200
Totals	823	854	854

Co. D.	1.	2.	3.
Hampson	160	166	175
Bick	140	108	144
Sharland	141	158	144
Cornhauser	227	159	126
Myer	182	165	173
Totals	853	754	762

NORTH CHICAGO.

Federals	882	952	865
Topaz	859	872	797

Standards	791	856	779
Websters	885	850	900

BELMONT.

Dunnings	948	894	830
Schmitt	819	868	914

Brigands	905	884	888
Watterhan	810	866	870

BUSINESS MEN'S.

Brunswicks	926	959	892
Bullheads	886	814	827

Peerless	797	771	798
Reliance	866	872	986

MERCHANTS.

AMERICAN.

Crystals	854	914	871
Sch.-Kellys	899	877	846

Panatellas	863	765	804
Seniors	905	920	922

UNION.

WEST END.

Columbias	864	875	812
Colonnas	859	811	863

Acallas	880	771	741
Keesters	844	868	808

COLONNA.

CALUMET.

Calumets	456	525	527

Royals	472	461	550

CO-OPERATIVE.

Fullerton	807	866	887
Pinson	800	928	986
Difficulties	900	869	921

Brunswick	871	867	808
P. Tigers	952	906	940
Optics	908	974	955

Cornell Off for Philadelphia.

Ithaca, N. Y., Nov. 27.—[Special.]—The Cornell team leaves tomorrow morning for Philadelphia. It will line up as follows in Thursday's game: Babcock and Van Dusan, ends; Cook and Brinton, tackles; Thompson and O'Rourke, guards; Newman, center; Jamieson, quarter back; Earle and Gibson, half backs; Waldo, full back.

Kinsella Drafted by Portland.

Bloomington, Ill., Nov. 27.—[Special.]—President Holland was advised today that Portland, Ore., had drafted Pitcher Kinsella.

FEATURE IS WON BY THE JUGGLER.

Eastern Combination Keeps Up Victorious Streak at New Orleans.

TOBOGGAN IN THE PLACE.

Archie Zimmer Captures Both Second and Third Races; Dry Dollar in Front.

New Orleans, La., Nov. 27.—[Special.]—The Juggler carried the colors of the Burlew-O'Neill stable to the front in the feature event at the Fair grounds today. It was the fourth race on the card and gave the eastern combination the remarkable record of four unbroken victories since the opening day.

The layers took no liberties with the eastern representative, notwithstanding the fact that most of the public play went to Toboggan, which really was the best backed horse in the race. The actual contention narrowed down to these two at the finish. Nicol rent Toboggan to the front shortly after the start. Little J. Hennessy soon had Juggler on the heels of the leader. At the final eighth pole Toboggan was all out, and Juggler, passing him with comparative ease, won by a comfortable margin. Four favorites were beaten.

Big Winning by Zimmer.

Archie Zimmer started the season's winnings for the Sullivan horses by taking both the first and second races, incidentally winning wagers that ran up into four figures. Bonart, from the stable of Pat Dunne, was supposed to have the opening dash at his mercy, while Nedra and Idalia were lookedon as likely to be troublesome. Idalia forced the early pace, but Dry Dollar took up the running as soon as he was straightened out for the wire, and won off by himself, with Bonart second.

Pat Dunne furnished the favorite in the second race, and again it was a representative of the congressman from New York which upset him. Airship carried the talent's money, but Cannon Ball carried Zimmer's, and the latter won. Garner took Cannon Ball to the front immediately after the start, and, keeping him going all the way, got home a neck in front of the long priced Invasion, with Airship third.

Missouri Lad in Front.

Nicol and Missouri Lad came to the rescue of the form players by taking the third race. Johnnie Mayberry's Quinn Blackburn kept the backers of Missouri Lad with their hearts in their mouths the first part by scampering away in front and refusing to be caught until he had turned for the wire. Then he chucked it badly, however, and the Cook colt had no trouble in pulling down the long end of the purse.

Nothing but Cutter would do the price players in the fifth race, and the gloom was thick enough to cut with a knife when Alencon, after leading all the way, obtained judicial recognition from Martius, with the favorite third.

Bitterhand shot away from a large field in the closing rush and won with plenty to spare from Stoic, with the favorite, Merry Belle, third.

Crescent City Summaries.

First race, 5½ furlongs, selling—Dry Dollar, 106 pounds [Garner], 20 to 1, won; Bonart [Nicol], 7 to 5,

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THEIR DAY
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of the Pure Food Laws these
Whiskies will have to drop the
The United States Government
imposition upon the people.

key, much spirits, sweetening, color,
k, etc., will no longer be allowed to

Distillers with guarantee of the U. S

WHISKEY IS

Rye

cest Rye and Pure Mountain

is none other just as good, it is
d heated warehouses.

TILLING COMPANY,
RE, MD.

istributers, Chicago, Ill.

d to above, will go into effect Jan. 1, 1907.

RUNNING SORES
COVERED LIMBS

Little Girl's Obstinate Case of Eczema — Instantaneous Relief By Cuticura — Little Boy's Hands and Arms Also Were a Mass of Torturing Sores — Grateful Mother Says:

"CUTICURA REMEDIES A HOUSEHOLD STANDBY"

"In reply to your letter I write you my experience, and you are privileged to use it as you see fit. Last year, after having my little girl treated by a very prominent physician for an obstinate case of eczema, I resorted to the Cuticura Remedies, and was so well pleased with the almost instantaneous relief afforded that we discarded the physician's prescription and relied entirely on the Cuticura Soap, Cuticura Ointment, and Cuticura Pills. When we commenced with the Cuticura Remedies her feet and limbs were covered with running sores. In about six weeks we had her completely well, and there has been no recurrence of the trouble.

"In July of this year a little boy in our family poisoned his hands and arms with poison oak, and in twenty-four hours his hands and arms were a mass of torturing sores. We used only the Cuticura Remedies, washing his hands and arms with the Cuticura Soap, and anointed them with the Cuticura Ointment, and then gave him the Cuticura Resolvent. In about three weeks his hands and arms healed up; so we have lots of cause for feeling grateful for the Cuticura Remedies. We find that the Cuticura Remedies are a valuable household standby, living as we do twelve miles from a doctor, and where it costs from twenty to twenty-five dollars to come up on the mountain. Respectfully, Mrs. Lizzie Vincent Thomas, Fairmount, Walden's Ridge, Tenn., Oct. 13, 1905."

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humor, from Pimples to Scrofula, from Infancy to Age, consisting of Cuticura Soap, 25c. Ointment, 50c. (in form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 25c. per vial of 60), may be had of all druggists. A single set often cures the most distressing cases when all else fails. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston, Mass.

"How to Cure Torturing, Disfiguring Humors," and "The Great Skin Book."

Tribune Ads.

Bring Results

ADVERTISE IN THE TRIBUNE.

BIG PROFIT SHOWN IN UNION PACIFIC.

Annual Report Indicates Assets of $100,000,000 Above All Liabilities.

WEALTH IS $450,000,000.

Figures Considered Remarkable in View of Bankruptcy Ten Years Ago.

New York, Nov. 27.—[Special.]—Union Pacific is the wonder of the railway and financial world. According to the annual report, made public today, the property can show assets of $100,000,000 above all liabilities. This is the more remarkable when it is remembered that ten years ago the line was in a condition of bankruptcy, being unable to meet its interest charges.

The item "stocks and bonds owned" forms a striking feature of the report. These collateral holdings are carried in the balance sheet at $94,761,806, while their actual value at current prices is more than $348,000,000. This, together with the working capital of $30,000,000, brings the total collateral wealth of the company up to about $450,000,000. This amount would be sufficient to liquidate the company's entire funded and preferred debt.

N. P. Profits $73,000,000.

Profits from the Northern Pacific operation after the payment of all costs are shown to have been more than $73,000,000, not all of which had been realized on June 30, the date on which the report closes. By adding Hill stocks sold during the year to the other surplus, the total makes about 26 per cent earned for the common stock.

On June 30, when the report closed, the par value of Great Northern stock, the actual value of which at current market quotations is about $38,500,000. It also had $34,232,500 Northern Pacific stock, worth around $60,000,000. In addition it had $724,400 of Great Northern stubs, representing about $1,450,000.

The report states that in exchange for 200,000 shares of the stock of the Northern Securities company there were received 29,868 shares of preferred stock of Great Northern, 18,577 shares of Northern Pacific common, and 1,000 shares of Northern Securities company stubs under the subscription rights given to the Great Northern railway stockholders. The Oregon Short Line railroad company acquired 37,444 shares of preferred stock of the company.

There were sold during the year stock of the Northern Securities company to the amount of $2,850,000 par value, preferred stock of Great Northern railroad company to the amount of $9,960,089 par value, common stock of the Northern Pacific company to the amount of $14,880,082 par value, and stubs of the Northern Securities to the amount of $25.17 par value.

During the fiscal year the common stock was increased by $30,604,990 and the preferred by 117,154, making a total increase of $30,-767,856.

Earnings and Expenses.

Figures on earnings and expenses as follows:

		Increase.
Gross transportat'n receipts	$67,281,543	$7,966,598
Operating expenses	35,281,171	7,958,804
Net earnings	32,000,372	8,006,123
Total charges	10,885,614	2,079,285
Surplus	1,902,454	3,299,294
Fixed surplus	5,082,250	812,968
Profit and loss surplus	43,796,029	7,802,334

Important changes in assets are:

		Increase.
Cash	$21,208,888	$12,918,819
Demand loans	34,710,000	34,710,000
Current assets	71,862,800	64,271,673
Adv. new lines	22,330,611	16,841,646

Following is a statement of current assets and liabilities:

		Increase.
Assets	$71,862,800	$34,271,673
Liabilities	20,419,101	*4,504,500
Excess assets	51,426,699	38,776,173

*Decrease.

Harriman Gives Income.

President Harriman in his report says:

"Income from investments, or income from interest, dividends and rentals, and from sources other than transportation operations, amounted to $10,329,815. This sum probably will be increased by more than $4,000,000 on receipts of a full year's dividends on the common stock of the Southern Pacific, by the increased yield from reinvestment of the proceeds from the sale of securities, and by receipts from other investments. The board of directors, therefore, decided to declare a dividend of 2 per cent from the income from investments in addition to the dividend of 3 per cent declared from the operations of the railways, thus increasing the semi-annual dividend payable Oct. 1, 1906, to 5 per cent."

Leader in Stock Market.

The Union Pacific report was a potent factor in the stock market trading, the buying of this stock being on an impressive scale. It exerted a pronounced sympathetic effect on other issues, boosting prices and adding heavily to the volume of business.

The accuracy of the forecasts of the main facts of the report made it evident that some has been had to it by those who have been operating in the stock. The limitation of the actual income applicable to dividends, both from operation and from other income, including the Southern Pacifics, to below 15 per cent, contrasted with recent claims that a showing of at least 20 per cent would be made. The support accorded the stock today found a short interest uncovered, and this helped to advance the price.

PUSH 14-FOOT WATERWAY.

GOVERNMENT ENGINEERS PROMISE TO URGE IT ON CONGRESS.

After Hearing Arguments of Supporters in St. Louis They Announce That Effort Will Be Made to Secure Action at Coming Session—Big Argument Is Lowering of Freight Rates—Speaker Predicts a Clear Mississippi Yet Will Be Seen.

St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 27.—[Special.]—Engineers acting under the direction of the rivers and harbors committee of congress today listened to arguments in favor of a fourteen foot waterway between Chicago and St. Louis. At the end of the hearing in the directors' room of the Merchants' exchange, they promised to try to bring the matter before congress at its coming session.

The engineers have decided that the channel from Lockport, Ill., to St. Louis can be constructed for $31,500,000. The present hearing was to determine whether the expenditure would be warranted by the benefits.

Predicts Big Freight Saving.

W. P. Kennett of St. Louis read an address concerning the value of such a waterway from the gulf to the great lakes through the Mississippi and Illinois rivers and the Chicago drainage canal. He emphasized the great saving in freight rates.

"The average rate per ton per mile for railroad transportation is 7½ mills," said Kennett. "The average rate on improved waterways has been figured by those of acknowledged ability to be one-sixth of the rail rate."

R. R. Bouriand of Peoria, Ill., secretary of the Illinois River association, said the canal would increase the value of products and property in the Mississippi valley. The great output of the Allegheny and Monongahela valleys, he said, could be equaled by the coal producing valleys of the Illinois river.

W. K. Kavanaugh read the address of the Chicago Commercial association, which declared that the largest producing area in the world was crippled by the inadequate and expensive system of transportation by railroads. Water transportation, he said, was adaptable to the fluctuations of commerce and furnished an elastic freight system which railroads could not.

Foresees Clear Mississippi.

Dr. W. J. McGee of St. Louis, representing the Latin-American club and the Foreign Trade association, estimated that the sediment poured into the Mississippi river each year by the Missouri river amounted to 100,000,000 tons. To remove this sediment and keep the channel clear he estimated would cost $5,000,000 a year. He asserted that control of the entire tributary system of the river was necessary. He predicted a clear Mississippi river some day.

WOULD MAKE CHICAGO PORT FOR GREAT OCEAN STEAMERS.

Minister Barrett Says Deepening of the Mississippi Would Add $3,000,000,000 Annually to Middle West.

Deepening of the Mississippi river so as to permit ocean steamers to enter it and ascend the stream as far as the Iowa line is advocated by John Barrett, United States minister to Colombia, who arrived at the Auditorium Annex hotel yesterday on his way east from the Kansas City deep waterway congress.

"Let the work of this deep ship canal begin at once," he said. "It will take some time to finish it, and when the Panama canal is opened for traffic within the coming few years Chicago will be ready for the great ocean ships.

"It means $3,000,000,000 annually to the great middle west, this South American trade, and it will be distributed throughout the entire country. It will help the railroads of the country by providing them with commerce they can never hope to secure otherwise. South America is progressing wonderfully, its products are immense, and it must have an outlet.

"Start the ship canal now, and it can be deepened and widened annually until the largest freighters on the oceans can come right to Chicago."

BOTH BURIED IN SAME GRAVE.

James H. Delaney and His Wife, Principals in Tragedy, Taken to Last Resting Place.

The remains of James H. Delaney and his wife, principals in the double tragedy, in which the woman is said to have killed her husband and herself, were buried in Graceland yesterday.

Both caskets were lowered into the same grave after a simple service in the cemetery chapel. The Rev. C. E. Deuel of the Episcopal Church of the Atonement said the funeral ritual.

Only a few friends and relatives, among them being C. E. Brown, father of the woman, were present.

A Diamond for Christmas

will be kept and appreciated. Open a charge account with us and buy one on our easy credit terms. Loftis Bros. & Co., 2d floor, 92 to 98 State-st.

FEW WOULD BE POSTAL CLERKS

Only 30 Persons Apply for Positions in Postoffice Service—200 Men Still Needed.

But 30 applicants appeared to take the examination for clerk in the postoffice service in Chicago yesterday. Most of the applicants were young men. There were three army veterans holding discharges for disability. Secretary Peter Newton, of the federal civil service commission, is anxious to obtain a large list of eligibles, and would have been more satisfied if 600 men had applied.

In speaking of the difficulty experienced in getting applicants for work in the postoffice service, Mr. Newton said that probably half the number taking the present examination will qualify, and that immediate positions for 200 men could be provided. He said that another examination will be held soon for fifty applicants, but the needs of the Chicago postal service are far from satisfied.

In addition to the examination for clerk in the postal service in Chicago, three applicants took the examination for assistant chemist in the department of agriculture.

NO TIME TO INVESTIGATE GRAFT

Ald. Melvin P. Riley Declines to Serve on Bartzen Committee of Inquiry.

Mayor Dunne yesterday ran against another snag in the selection of a committee to investigate the graft charges made by Building Commissioner Bartzen against members of the city council. Ald. Melvin P. Riley of the Thirteenth ward declined an invitation to serve on the committee. He said he was "too busy."

"I think I shall find out whether appointments on the committee will be acceptable before I make another attempt," said the mayor. "Otherwise, I fear I shall have to draft some of the aldermen."

Bartzen chuckled horsely in his den, but had little that was new to say about the investigation. He sent out inspectors to look after dangerous billboards and received a report on State street stores, showing that most of the big establishments have been making strenuous efforts to comply with his orders.

EFFORT TO STOP FREIGHT DELAYS.

Congressman Madden to Introduce Amendment to Interstate Commerce Law.

IS BACKED BY SHIPPERS.

Business Men's Association of Springfield Boycotts the Alton Railroad.

Immediately following the convening of congress next week Congressman Martin B. Madden of Chicago will present an amendment to the interstate commerce law penalizing railways for unreasonable delays in handling shipments of goods. Levy Mayer, general counsel for the Illinois Manufacturers' association and the American Shippers' association, is drafting the amendment.

Mr. Madden will be backed in attempting to secure the bill's passage by shippers' organizations in all the large cities of the United States, having 250,000 members and representing many millions of dollars of capital. The Merchants' and Travelers' association of Philadelphia has been especially active in promoting the proposed legislation. The railways will oppose it vigorously, claiming it would inflict heavy loss upon and do grave injustice to them.

Many Protests by Shippers.

Railroads and shippers have long been at war over the question of demurrage. If a shipper who has received a consignment of goods keeps a car more than a certain time, known as the "free storage period," and varying from two days to a week, he is charged $1 or more a day, the object being to hasten the releasing of cars. Shippers have contended that, as railways penalize the detention of cars beyond a certain period, it is only fair that they should be penalized for failing to deliver goods promptly. The protests of shippers regarding delays in shipments have grown especially loud during the present severe congestion of traffic.

Reciprocal Demurrage Urged.

"The failure of the railroads to deliver commodities promptly is costing the shippers of the country millions of dollars annually," said Congressman Madden, who is president of the Western Stone company and formerly was president of the Illinois Manufacturers' association. "Owing to delays of goods in transit shippers are unable to keep their delivery contracts, and either lose sales or have to pay heavy penalties to the consignees. If the railroads knew they would have to compensate shippers for the enormous losses these delays cause they would make greater efforts to provide adequate facilities for handling the country's traffic.

"There should be a national reciprocal demurrage law which should penalize the roads at least as heavily for each day's unreasonable delay in the delivery of a carload of goods as the shipper is penalized by the roads for each day's unreasonable delay in releasing cars. Statistics compiled by the interstate commerce commission show that on the average a loaded freight car moves less than sixteen miles per day. This slow movement of cars is chiefly responsible for the congestion of traffic at busy seasons."

Opinion of Railway Official.

A prominent railway traffic official declared the railways were not responsible for the existing congestion of traffic and that the proposed legislation would not help conditions.

"Nobody foresaw the amazing growth of business," he said, "and it is unreasonable to blame the railroads for not having provided adequate facilities for handling it without delays. The roads move traffic as fast as they can under the circumstances. It is to their interest to do so. If shippers would provide larger warehouse capacity and unload more promptly there would be less congestion at terminals, and it would be possible to deliver goods more rapidly. The government can hardly regulate the movement of cars without saying what is a reasonable schedule. I think it will not be disposed to go into the business of regulating railway schedules."

Audit Company Loses Suit.

The Illinois Audit company yesterday lost the first of the 15,000 cases it has brought on behalf of shippers against Illinois railways for freight overcharges. The case was that of Zambrook & Co. of Springfield against the Chicago and Alton. The audit company was unable to produce evidence that anybody had been charged less for a given haul than Zambrook & Co.

Earlier in the day the audit company secured a judgment for three times the amount of an alleged overcharge by the Wabash against Frank H. Barbour of Gibson, Ill. Rudolph M. Patterson, president of the audit company, declares the Business Men's association of Springfield has started a boycott against the Alton because of the result of the Zambrook case and is sending cards reading as follows to Chicago business houses:

Notice is hereby given to wholesalers and jobbers that if they ship any freight over the Chicago and Alton railroad to Springfield we will refuse to accept it.

BUSINESS MEN'S ASSN. OF SPRINGFIELD.

Mr. Patterson intimated that he will start prosecutions for perjury against President Felton and Auditor Davis of the Alton, the former for swearing he did not know the road's tariff rates and the latter for swearing all the waybills bearing on the Zambrook case had been destroyed.

The audit company has brought both civil and criminal suits against railroads in eighteen counties of Illinois against the Illinois Central, the Alton, the Wabash, the Vandalia, and other roads. The statutory penalties for overcharges range from $1,000 to $25,000.

Ticket Scalpers Enjoined.

Judge Kohlsaat in the United States Circuit court issued a preliminary injunction restraining ticket scalpers from dealing in the certificate tickets of sixteen railroads entering this city, but execution was suspended pending the decision of the Bitterman case from New Orleans, which is now before the United States Supreme court.

MILITARY CLUB FOR OAK PARK.

Organization Just Incorporated Will Take Hand in Promotion of Good Government.

Oak Park is to have a military club, whose purpose is not only to render such aid and assistance to the militia as shall make for the best interests of the organization but also to promote good government, local, state, and national, and develop patriotism and love of country.

The certificate of incorporation was filed for record yesterday, and the following are named as directors: Thomas E. Roberts, C. F. Hafner, John Farson, G. W. Hayden, S. P. Nissen, J. E. Tristam, S. Kentlworth, E. S. Conway, H. R. Brinkerhoff, A. J. Redmond, W. C. Hunter, and John P. Garner.

NEWS OF THE COURTS.

Decrees.

SUPERIOR COURT.

Judge McEwen—6221—Eisendrath vs. Champion; dec.—200251—Hall vs. Erickson; dec. sale.

CIRCUIT COURT.

Judge Gibbons—15900—Wedel vs. Wedel; dec., div.—18027—Langan vs. Langan; dec. div.

Judge Windes—12276—Esy vs. Wilcoxon; dec.—18629—Brooks vs. Brooks; dec. div.

Judge Honore—17976—Doherty vs. Doherty; dec. div.—17641—Smith vs. Smith; dec. div.

Judgments.

SUPERIOR COURT.

Judge Frost—275509—Frank Salis vs. Baltimore & Ohio R. R. Co.; on ver., $220; satisfied.

Judge Chetlain—257658—Roy H. Stroh vs. C. C. Ry. Co.; on ver., $100; satisfied.—257560—Charles Gay vs. C. C. Ry. Co.; on ver., $80; satisfied.—257495—Sadie Sullivan vs. City; on findg., $500.—257555—Edward Cease vs. Baltimore & Ohio R. R. Co.; on ver., $550; satisfied.—257559—Annie Mashinsky vs. C. C. Ry. Co.; on ver., $60; satisfied.

Judge Chytraus—243772—J. H. Strong, admr. of the estate of Thelma G. Telander vs. Alfred Bergback; on findg., $135; satisfied.—204982—George F. Wright vs. The Fair; on findg., $25; satisfied.—257535—Dirk Stuit vs. Lewis S. Owsley, receiver of Suburban R. R. Co.; on ver., $50; satisfied.—257536—Henry Stuit vs. same; on ver., $50; satisfied.—256427—Frank Kulis vs. Brunswick-Balke-Collender Co.; on ver., $125; satisfied.

CIRCUIT COURT.

Judge Clifford—226363—Rue Pitzele vs. Charles R. Bornstein et al.; on findg., $15; satisfied.

Court Calls for Today.

SUPERIOR COURT.

Judge Brentano—At Criminal court.

Judge Frost—Room 1302 Fort Dearborn building—Judge Brentano's cal. No. 1. Trial call, 5289, 2413893, 7587, 7588, 7690, 7753, 7758, 7759, 1839, 7579, 7917, 7921, 7922, 7923, 7924, 7925, 242850, 7530. On trial, 7223.

Judge Chetlain—Room 1308 Fort Dearborn building—Trial call, 3543, 4530, 4636, 5424, 6975, 6042, 6043, 5356, 5049, 4051, 6121, 6122, 6124, 6181, 6182, 6183, 6184.

Judge Dupuy—Room 1208 Fort Dearborn building—Trial call, 9039, 9407, 9408, 5983, 2 p. m., 6362, 7390, 8453, 9295, 21458, 9411, 4294. On trial, 194.

Judge Barnes—Room 1206 Fort Dearborn building—Trial call, 6887, 7038, 6162, 7700, 7111, 7383, 7230, 7265, 7327, 6974, 6838. On trial, 6005.

Judge Chytraus—Room 1208 Fort Dearborn building—Motions of course and law contested motions. Trial call, 5249, 5225, 5821, 6284, 6277, 5574, 8098, 205, 5191, 5461, 5894, 5957, 5960, 5961, 8943. On trial, 5277.

Judge Heard—No court.

Judge Smith—Room 1102 Fort Dearborn building—Trial call, 8119. On trial, 8116.

Judge McEwen—Room 844 Monadnock block—Chancery motions of course. Trial call, 8138, 4068, 3620, 5315, 5801, 5404, 5466, 6002, 215400.

Judge Abbott—No court.

Judge Wright—Room 1320 Monadnock block—Trial call, 240063, 7231, 7726, 7527, 7329, 7352, 7408, 7409, 7410, 7411, 7429, 7430, 7431, 7462, 7463, 7464, 7466, 7468, 7468, 7468. On trial, 7261.

CIRCUIT COURT.

Assignment room—Room 1402 Fort Dearborn building—Trial call, 2761, 1792, 1795, 1796, 1800, 1802, 1806, 1809, 1813, 1819, 1824, 1826, 1827, 1830, 431, 565, 1785, 1709, 1788, 1789, 1844, 1853, 1857, 1903, 1903, 1904, 1875, 1898, 1848, 1906, 1901, 1905, 1906, 1909, 1910, 1918, 1915, 1916, 1917, 1920, 1921, 1922, 1850, 1923, 1929, 1952, 1954, 1939, 1941, 1942, 1943, 1945, 1946, 1948, 1949, 1950, 1952, 1953, 1954.

Judge Walker—Room 1202 Fort Dearborn building—Law motions of course. Assigned cases. On trial, 1761. Set case, 1068.

Judge Tuthill—Room 1204 Fort Dearborn building—Law motions of course. Assigned cases. On trial, McKechney vs. city.

Judge Gibbons—Room 1104 Fort Dearborn building—Law motions of course. Assigned cases. On trial, 1790.

Judge Carpenter—Room 1108 Fort Dearborn building—Law motions of course. Assigned cases. Set cases, 271216, 278858.

Judge Clifford—Room 1106 Fort Dearborn building—Law motions of course. Assigned cases. On trial, 1 716.

Judge Windes—Room 448 Monadnock block—Chancery motions of course. On hearing, 11196.

Judge Honore—Room 448 Monadnock block—Chancery motions of course. Trial call, 6852, 16898, 17585, 5882, 5888, 10781.

Judge Mack—At Criminal court.

COUNTY COURT.

Judge Hinebaugh—Room 414 Rand-McNally building—City special assessment cal. 147. Legal objections and benefits in 30681, 31019, 30898, 30044, 30543, 30537, 30094, 30870, 30867, 31242, 30241, 30881, 30905, 30723, 30734, 30780, 30753, 30755, 30717?, 30840.

Judge Pond—Room 407 Rand-McNally building—On hearing, Wilmette special 56.

Judge Houston—Room 414 Rand-McNally building—10 a. m., motions. Set cases, 24330, 23764.

CRIMINAL COURT.

Judge Brentano—Trial call, 2440, 2074, 1830, 1535, 1795, 2189, 1848, 1849, 1850, 1852, 1853, 2129, 2130, 2155, 2168, 2172, 2241, 2242, 2268, 2267.

Judge Kersten—Trial call, 2144, 565, 2248, 1472.

PROBATE COURT.

Judge Cutting—Ests. of Christian Peterson, Moses Yelda, John Carns, Frank Cowell, Abraham Singer, Anna Frank, Frank Altenstadt, Emma Altenstadt, Alfred M. Boyer, John Zickman.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT.

Judge Kohlsaat—10 a. m., motions; set case, 28559.

Judge Landis—10:15 a. m., motions; on trial, 27684; set case, 26670.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.

Judge Landis—10:15 a. m., motions.

Petitions in Bankruptcy.

John F. Butterly, bartender; lia., $717.15; assets, $266.

Abram Yampolskal, butcher; lia., $350.57; assets, $550.

Charles W. Melvin, architect; lia., $356.73; assets, $1097.

Thomas Ryan, alias T. J. Gare, switchman; lia., $637.16; assets, $267.

Carlo O. Quaylia, physician's assistant; lia., $2,987.45; assets, $288.05.

Appellate Court—Third District.

Springfield, Ill., Nov. 27.—[Special.]—Opinions were handed down in the Appellate court, Third district, today as follows:

Affirmed—First National bank of Atwood vs. Drew; Lake Erie and Western railroad company vs. Klinkrath; Pierce, administrator, vs. Kelleyville Coal company; Manufacturing Fuel company vs. White; Springfield Consolidated railroad company vs. Keiser; Coe vs. Garvey et al.; Sterling Life Insurance company vs. Rapps; Peoria and Pekin Terminal Railway company vs. Schantz; Rhodes et al. vs. Chicago and Alton Railway company; Greenburg vs. Barker; Conners vs. city of Springfield; Miller Harness company vs. Flanigan; Scott et al. vs. Fowler; Illinois Central Railway company vs. Stuart; Sarver & Whittington vs. Hadley; Toledo, St. Louis and Western railroad company vs. Gerrard; Bitzmuller vs. Keiser; county of Cass vs. Chicago, Peoria and St. Louis Railway company; Tobey vs. Collins; Swanson vs. Miller; Keokuk and Hamilton Bridge company vs. Western Lilly vs. Banks; Blatz vs. Kirksey Woolen mills vs. Picker; Modern Woodmen of America vs. Conner et al.; Dasey vs. Massey et al.; Rosas vs. Rosas et al.; Roberts, administrator, vs. Weimer; Price vs. city of Lincoln; Kingsley vs. Kingsley; city of Taylorville vs. Hogan; Carter vs. Simpson; Tickell vs. Fowler; city of Charleston vs. Neuman et al.; Lienhart vs. Kirkwood; Pearce vs. Martin; Toledo, St. Louis and Western railroad vs. Smith; Dawson vs. Wolf; Bradshaw vs. Edgar County National bank; Lindley vs. Bahls; Miller et al. vs. Riddle, administrator; Young vs. West; Zanor et al. vs. Hayes; Great hive, Ladies Modern Maccabees, vs. Hodge; Hasenwinkle Grain company vs. Dooley & Co.; Boiles vs. Burlington and Missouri River railway; Meyers et al. vs. Henderson; Reisch et al. vs. people; Quincy Horse railway vs. Stiker; Toledo, St. Louis and Western railroad vs. Poe; Chicago and Alton railroad company vs. Hill; Vandalia railroad company vs. Hinds; State Bank of Otterbein vs. Riordan; Chicago and Eastern Illinois railroad company vs. Ice St.; administrator.

Reversed and remanded—Pana Coal company vs. Becker [Futterbaugh took no part]; Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis railroad vs. Dukeman, administrator; city of Carlinville vs. Leader; Riordan vs. Chicago and Eastern Illinois railroad company vs. Ice St

NEW YORK STOCKS RISE.

HIGHER PRICED ISSUES RECOVER AND HOLD GAINS.

Profit Taking Sales Made During Latter Part of the Session on the Exchange Fail to Push Back Quotations, Which Turn Upward After Appearance of Union Pacific Statement—Great December Requirements Have Some Depressing Effect

[BY A SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.]

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—[Special.]—Prices on the stock exchange yesterday recovered well, especially in the higher priced issues, under the influence of the good annual report of Union Pacific and the renewed reports of the accumulation of Missouri, Kansas and Texas in the interests of Great Northern preferred.

Soon after the appearance of the report quotations on practically all of the higher priced issues rose and trading switched toward them instead of the lower priced stocks, which have been getting most of the interest of traders for the last few days. Some realizing sales were made upon the advances in the latter part of the session, but, despite this, a good part of the gains remained to the close, which was generally steady.

The approach of the Thanksgiving day holiday, which will be followed closely by heavy December payments, had some repressive influence on the market.

December payments are usually large this year, estimates of dividend and interest payments running as high as $70,000,000. Among the requirements on Friday and Saturday are included the United States Steel preferred quarterly dividend, calling for $6,400,000; American Tobacco dividends, $4,000,000; and Atchison semi-annual dividend on the common stock, $2,500,000.

During December the Standard Oil dividend calls for nearly $10,000,000, and subscriptions to the New York Central stock call for nearly $30,000,000.

Bonds were steady. Total sales, par value, $2,446,000. United States 2s coupon, the 3s, and the old 4s registered declined ¼ and the old 4s ⅝ per cent on call.

Prime mercantile paper, 6@6¼ per cent. Sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at 485.65@485.70 for demand, and at 480.45@480.50 for sixty day bills. Posted rates, 481¾@486¼. Commercial bills, 480¾. Bar silver, 69¾c. Mexican dollars, 53⅝c. Government bonds weak; railroad bonds steady. Money on call was firm; 4@5% per cent; ruling rate, 5¼; closing bid, 4; offered at 4½. Time loans were dull and steady; sixty days, 7⅛; ninety days, 7@7¼ per cent; six months, 6.

NEW YORK STOCK TRANSACTIONS.

Description.	Sales.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close Nov. 27.	Close Nov. 26.
Ails-Chalmers	200	17¾	17¾	17¾	17¾	17¾
Do pfd	40	46¼	46¼	46¼	46¼	46¼
Amal. Cop	43,800	112⅝	113¼	112¼	113¼	111¾
Am. Agr	200	25¼	26	25¼	26	25¼
Am. Car & Fdy	1,000	44	45¼	43¾	45¼	43¾
Do pfd	100	101¾	101¾	101¾	101¾	101¾
Am. Cot. Oil	2,800	33	33¾	33	33¼	32¾
Am. Hide & L	300	27	27	26¾	27	26¾
Do pfd	400	80	80	80	80¼	80
Am. Ice	1,000	74¾	75¼	74	75	73¾
Am. Linseed	100	11½	11½	11½	11½	11½
Do pfd	300	11	11	10½	10¾	11
Am. Smelt. & R	18,800	154¼	156	153¾	155¾	154¾
Do pfd	1,100	104¾	105¼	104¾	105¼	104¾
Am. Sugar	800	136¾	138¾	136	138¼	134¾
Am. Tel. & Cable	100	90	90	90	90	90
Am. Tob. pfd	100	132	132	132	132	130¾
Am. Woolen	400	30¾	30¾	30¾	30¾	30¾
An. C. & Ore	1,000	54¾	55¾	54¾	55¼	55¼
Atch. T. & S. F	15,400	85¾	87¾	85¾	87¾	85¾
Do pfd	1,400	98¾	98¾	98¾	98¾	98¾
Atl. Coast Line	100	135	135	135	135	135
B. & O	2,000	115¾	116¾	115¾	116¼	115¾
B. R. T	5,000	79¾	79¾	78	79¾	79
C. & N. W	3,600	181¾	183¾	180¾	183¼	181¾
Do pfd	100	212	212	212	212	212
Can. Pac	1,100	176	177	175	176¾	175¾
C. C. C. & St. L	200	103	103	103	103	103
Do pfd	100	108	108	108	108	108
C. & O	4,600	54¾	56¾	54¾	56¾	54¾
C. G. W. 1st pfd	1,400	84¾	85¾	84¾	85¾	84¾
C. G. W. 2d pfd	1,400	58¾	59¾	58¾	59¾	57
C. & Alton pfd	200	74	74	74	74	74
Chi. Gt. West	2,700	19¾	20	19¾	20	19¾
Chi. Ind. & L	100	38	38	38	38	38
Chi. & N. W	1,100	178¾	180	177¾	180	178¾
Chi. R. I. & P	8,200	173	175¾	173	175¼	173
Chi. Term. & T	600	23¾	24¾	23¾	24¾	23¾
Do pfd	1,000	47¾	48¾	47¾	48¾	47¾
Chi. Un. Tr	600	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾	5
Do pfd	1,000	19¾	20	19¾	20	19¾
C. C. C. & St. L	4,000	94¾	96¾	94¾	96¾	94¾
Col. Fuel & Iron	1,400	54¾	56¾	54¾	56¾	54¾
Col. Gas & Elec	1,000	57¾	58¾	57¾	58¾	57¾
Col. Southern	1,400	37¾	38¾	37¾	38¾	37¾
Com. Cable	200	197¾	198	197¾	198	197¾
Corn Prod.	8,200	23¾	24¾	23¾	24¾	23¾
Do pfd	100	87	87	87	87	87
Del. & Hudson	1,000	226	229¼	225¾	227¾	227¾
Del., L. & W	2,100	417¾	422¾	417¾	422¾	414¾
Den. & Rio G	2,700	42¾	43¾	42¾	43¾	42¾
Do pfd	300	93	93	93	93	93
Distillers' Sec	300	178	178	177	177	177
Do pfd	800	99	99¾	99	99¾	98¾
Gen. Elec	1,600	174¾	176¾	174¾	176¾	174¾
Gt. Nor. pfd	11,300	315¾	318¾	315	317¾	315
Gt. Cent. Ore	1,400	176	176¾	174¾	176¾	175
Int. Met.	300	10¾	10¾	10¾	10¾	10¾
Do pfd	200	76	76	76	76	76
Int. Paper	1,200	18¾	18¾	18¼	18¾	18¼
Iowa Cent. pfd	200	34¾	34¾	34¾	34¾	34¾
Int. Pump	1,000	31¾	31¾	31	31¾	31¾
Do pfd	1,000	81¾	82¾	81¾	82¾	81¾
K. C. So	1,000	37	37	36¾	37	36¾
Do pfd	5,000	77	77	77	77	77
Knick. Ice	400	124	124	124	124	124
L. & N	1,800	146¾	148¾	146¾	148¾	146¾
Man.	100	168	168	168	168	168
Mich. Cent	100	126¾	126¾	126¾	126¾	126
M., St. P. & S. M.	2,100	167¾	168	167¾	168	168
M., K. & T	81,000	47¾	49¾	47¾	49¾	47¾
Do pfd	6,000	75¾	76¾	75¾	76¾	75
Mo. Pac	2,600	94¾	94¾	94¾	94¾	94¾
Nat. Enamel	100	31	31	31	31	31
Nat. Biscuit	100	74¾	74¾	74¾	74¾	74¾
Nat. Lead	1,600	74¾	74¾	74¾	74¾	74¾
N. Y. Air Brake	1,200	128	130	128	129	128
N. Y. Central	18,100	129¾	130¾	129¾	129¾	129
N. Y. C. & St. L	200	58	58	58	58	58
Do 1st pfd	2,900	96¾	96¾	96¾	96¾	96¾
Do 2d pfd	200	94¾	94¾	94¾	94¾	94
N. Y., O. & W	1,400	47¾	49¾	47¾	47¾	49¾
Nor. & W	1,100	94¾	94¾	94¾	94¾	94¾
Nor. Pac	22,000	214¾	220¾	214¾	220¾	214¾
Pac. Mail	6,000	44¾	44¾	44¾	44¾	44¾
Penna	20,500	138¾	139	138¼	138¾	138¾
People's Gas	1,000	97¾	97¾	97¾	97¾	97¾
Pitts. Coal	800	17¾	17¾	17	17¾	17
Do pfd	800	66	66¼	66	66¼	66¼
Pressed Steel	300	54	54	54	54	54
Do pfd	400	99	99	98¾	99	...
Pullman	1,000	206¾	207¾	206¾	207¾	207
Ry. Steel Spg	300	58	58	58	58	58
Reading	172,100	147	149¾	146¾	147¾	146¾
Rep. I. & S	2,100	27¾	28¾	27¾	28¾	27
Do pfd	800	91¾	92¾	91¾	92¾	91¾
Rock Island	11,200	30¾	31¾	30¾	31¼	30¾
St. L. & S. W	100	31¾	31¾	31¾	31¾	31¾
Do pfd	100	76	76	76	76	76
Sloss-Shef	1,100	75¾	76	75¼	76	75
Do pfd	100	104	104	104	104	...
So. Pac	11,500	94¾	95	94¾	94¾	94¾
So. Ry	19,000	119¾	119¾	119¾	119¾	119¾
Do pfd	1,000	94¾	94¾	94¾	94¾	94
Tenn. Coal	600	161	162	161	161¾	161¾
Tex. & Pac	3,400	33¾	34¾	33¾	34¾	33¾
Tol. Rys	100	25	25	25	25	...
Tol. St. L. & W	100	34¾	34¾	34¾	34¾	34½
Do pfd	100	74¾	74¾	74¾	74¾	74¾
Twin City	100	109¾	109¾	109¾	109¾	109¾
Un. Bag	100	84	84	84	84	84
Un. Pac	100	179	179	179	179	179
Do pfd	100	188½	188½	187¾	187¾	186½
U. S. Cast I. P	2,600	48¾	49¾	48¾	49¾	48¾
U. S. Leather	800	22¾	23¾	21¾	21¾	23
Do pfd	800	92¾	93¾	91¾	91¾	93
U. S. Rubber	800	22¾	23¾	21¾	21¾	23
Do 1st pfd	1,000	107¾	107¾	107¾	107¾	107¾
U. S. Steel	22,000	47¾	47¾	47¾	47¾	47¾
Do pfd	800	104¾	105	104¾	104¾	104¾
Va.-Caro. Chem.	2,700	69¼	72	69¼	69¼	69¼
Do pfd	1,000	116	116	116	116	116
Va. Coal	2,100	75¾	77	75¾	76¼	74¾
Wabash	200	19¾	19¾	19¾	19¾	19¾
Do pfd	1,000	42¾	43¾	42¾	43¾	42¾

West. Un	3,700	86	87¾	86	87¾	85
W. L. E. 2d pfd	200	22	22	22	22	.....

Total sales, 787,000 shares.

EXPRESS STOCKS.

Adams	275	United States	115
American	240	Wells	300

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

	Bid.	Asked.
United States 2s, reg	103½	104¼
United States, 2s, cpn	103½	104¼
United States 3s, reg	102¾	103¼
United States 3s, cpn	102¾	103¼
United States 3s, small	102½	.....
United States 4s, reg	101¾	102
United States 4s, cpn	101¾	102
United States 4s, new, reg	130½	131
United States 4s, new, cpn	130¾	131
Panama 2s, reg	104¼	104¾
Panama 2s, cpn	104¼	104¾
District of Columbia 3.65s	115	.....
Philippine 4s	101¼	101¾

NEW YORK BOND SALES AND QUOTATIONS—10 A. M. TO 3 P. M.

$8000 Jap 6s.....83¾@¾
16000 do 6s.....83¾@¾
108000 do 2d 4½s.....91½@92
7000 do 6s.....83¾@84
2000 Onbas 6s.....87¾
2000 Ala-B Bs pd.....117¾½
2000 A Co Oil 4½s.....94
10000 Am Hide 5s.....100
$6000 Am Tob 4s.....79¾@77¾
2000 do 6s.....109½
1240000 Atch cv 4s.....106⅝@107¼
18000 do gen 4s.....95¾@96
100¾@101
2000 do 4d 4s.....92¾
8000 do stamp.....92¾
16000 A C L con 4s.....97¾
2000 do 5s.....98
2000 B-O 5½s.....94¾
6000 do 5s.....101¾
2000 do S W 5s.....98
40000 do S W 4½s.....
1000 B U 1st 5s.....94½
1000 Buf Gas 5s.....94½
4000 Can So 1st 5s.....102¾
10000 Cent R U P 1st 5s.....
5000 C of Ga 2d S.....75
113000 Cen Lea 6s.....98¾@¾
11000 C of N J 6s.....74¾@75¼
3000 C-O 4½s.....106½
1000 do 5s.....118
1000 C-Alton 5½s.....78
44000 C B-Q 4s.....100¾
42000 do reg 4s.....101
20000 do reg 5s.....104
4000 do Den 4s.....101
16000 do Ill 3½s.....93¾
4000 do Ill 5½s.....105¾
1000 do Ia 5s.....104¾
4000 Chi-Erie 1st.....111
6000 C I-Le 5s.....125
5000 C R I-P Ry 4s.....102¾
10000 do R R 4s.....77¾
10000 do R-G 4s.....92¾
6000 do col 5s.....92¾
1000 Chi Term 4s.....97¾
2000 C C C-St L 4s.....102¾
5000 Colo Ind 1st 5s.....75¾
5000 Colo Mid 4s.....75
Col So 4s.....91¾@93
91000 Del & Hud 4s.....
111¾@112¾
2000 D-R-G con 4s.....87¾
3000 E T-V-G 4s.....115
1000 Erie gen 4s.....89¾
6000 do Pa col 4s.....92
5000 Hock Val 4½s.....106¾
$54000 Int Met 4½s.....
81¾@83
2000 Int Paper 5s.....97¾
2000 Int Pump 6s.....104
20000 do deb 5s.....
46000 do 5 P C 5s.....
53¼@54
4000 West Md 4s.....84¾
4000 W U 4½s.....100⅝
6000 Wis Cent 4s.....90@¾

Naval Stores.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Nov. 27.—Turpentine and resin—Nothing doing.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Nov. 27.—Spirits turpentine—Nothing doing. Resin—Nothing doing. Tar—Firm; $2.20; Crude turpentine—Firm; $3.35, $4.50 and $4.50.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Nov. 27.—Turpentine—Firm; 66¼c. Resin—Firm; quote: A, B, C, $3.85; D, $3.82½@3.90; E, $3.87½@3.90; F, $3.90@3.95; G, $3.95@4.00; H, $4.15; I, $4.37½; K, $5.10; M, $5.50; N, $6.25; WG, $6.50; WW, $6.90.

Oil and Oil Certificates.

TOLEDO, O., Nov. 27.—Oil—North Lima, 90c; South Lima and Indiana, 85c.

OIL CITY, Pa., Nov. 27.—Credit balances, $1.58. Runs, 33,740 bris; average, 36,006 bris; shipments, 156,424 bris; average, 156,814 bris.

COBALT!
The Cobalt-Nipigon Syndicate
(Registered)

The only way to get in on the ground floor of a great mining enterprise is to syndicate. This we are doing. Special Memberships in this Syndicate are $120 each, or $10.00 per month for twelve months. In case of failure to meet payments credit will be given for amount paid in.

The money subscribed will be used in buying, developing, locating and exploiting Cobalt and other mineral lands. We already have Government titles to over 700 acres of choice mineral lands.

We also have options on several hundred acres in Coleman Township, within a radius of two miles of Cobalt.

Title to all mineral lands is and will be vested in the Trust Company named below upon trust to distribute, pro rata among Special Members, 40 per cent of the net proceeds or profits from sale or other disposition under the direction of the Syndicate.

Fill in appended application for Special Membership and mail to the Trusts and Guarantee Company, Limited, Toronto, Canada, who will send you receipts for each payment, or, if paid in full, non-assessable Special Membership certificates.

All applications must be accompanied by draft payable to our order.

COBALT-NIPIGON SYNDICATE.

To THE TRUSTS AND GUARANTEE COMPANY, LIMITED,
Registrar and Transfer Agents,
Toronto, Canada.

I hereby apply for.....Special Memberships in the **Cobalt-Nipigon Syndicate**, and inclose draft for $.....payable to the Syndicate.

Name.....

Address.....

The Cobalt-Nipigon Syndicate
(Registered)

Hold an Option on Several Hundred Acres Within a Radius of Two Miles of

COBALT.

This property will be immediately incorporated and listed on the New York and Boston markets; 40 per cent of said stock will be distributed pro rata among fully paid Special Members in the **COBALT-NIPIGON SYNDICATE** of record on or before December 5th, 1906.

Application for fully paid Special Memberships in the **COBALT-NIPIGON SYNDICATE** for the above purpose, accompanied by payment in full (certified cheque or draft), will be received by the Trusts and Guarantee Company, Limited, of Toronto, Canada, Registrars and Transfer Agents, until Dec. 5th, 1906. Cheques or Drafts to be payable to the Syndicate.

COBALT-NIPIGON SYNDICATE.

$120 originally invested in the Silver Queen is now worth.....$420
$120 originally invested in the Foster is now worth.....$555
$120 originally invested in the Nipissing is now worth.....$900
$120 originally invested in the McKinley-Darragh is now worth.....$500
$120 originally invested in the Temiskaming and Hudson Bay is now worth.....$13,900

How Many Times Have You Thought of California?

Why not pack up and go next week via

Los Angeles Limited

No time is better than *now*—No train better than *this*—No way more *attractive* than the

Chicago & North-Western, Union Pacific and Salt Lake Route

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FROM CHICAGO TO

NEW ORLEANS, ONE WAY, DEC. 4 AND 18	$ 15.00
DENVER, COLORADO SPRINGS & PUEBLO and Return (Dec. 4 and 18)	$25.00
SAN ANTONIO, TEX., and RETURN (Dec. 4 and 18)	$25.00
SAN ANTONIO, TEX., and RETURN (good all winter)	$49.30
EL PASO, TEX., and RETURN (Dec. 4 and 18)	$31.50
NEW ORLEANS and RETURN (good all winter)	$35.00
HOT SPRINGS, ARK., and RETURN (Daily, limit 90 days)	$37.20
DALLAS and FT. WORTH and RETURN (Daily, limit June 1)	$39.35
JACKSONVILLE, FLA., and RETURN (good all winter)	$45.00
MEXICO CITY & RETURN (Nov. 22 & 28; good 60 days, diverse routes)	$60.75
HAVANA, CUBA, and RETURN (Daily, good 6 months)	$79.00
SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES and RETURN (good 9 months), going via New Orleans and return via Omaha, or vice versa	$110.00

Correspondingly low round-trip rates to all points in South and Southwest. Dec. 4 and 18. Stopovers allowed. Diverse routes and stop-over privileges at certain points on California and North Pacific Coast tickets. ONE night out to Denver, Colorado Springs, and Pueblo. Through sleeping cars Chicago to Hot Springs, Ark. Particulars at CHICAGO CITY TICKET OFFICE, 99 ADAMS-ST. Phone Central 6270. Or, address R. J. CARMICHAEL, District Passenger Agent, 99 Adams-st., Chicago, Ill.

You Can Trust The People—They Know What They Want.

OVER 5,000,000 BOTTLES SOLD ANNUALLY

And the sale increasing each year leaves no room to question the wisdom of the people's Choice of a Cough Remedy.

Look for the Bell on the Bottle.

25c., 50c. and $1. Bottles.

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SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS

CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY
MAPLE LEAF ROUTE

ROUND TRIP RATES

St. Charles	$1.07	South Freeport	$3.21
Sycamore	1.70	Pearl City	3.60
DeKalb	1.70	Stockton	3.93
Stillman Valley	2.50	Elizabeth	4.31
Byron	2.63	North Hanover	4.41
German Valley	3.03	Good returning following Monday.	

SAME RATES TO CHICAGO FROM ABOVE STATIONS

For full information apply to
F. P. Lasier, General Agent Passenger Department, 103 Adams Street.

Always Remember the Full Name **Laxative Bromo Quinine**
Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days
E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

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CAN OBTAIN **LOANS**
In sums of $10 upwards without security or publicity. Low rates, easy payments.
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Has a distinctly fine Flavor, Aroma Purity and Healthfulness possessed by teas of no other country

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A NEW WAY TO THE OLD WORLD—GIBRALTAR—NAPLES—ADRIATIC—EGYPT. FOR SAFETY, SPEED, AND COMFORT TAKE THE OLD RELIABLE
CUNARD LINE ESTABLISHED 1840.
SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.
The mammoth NEW twin-screw steamship CARONIA
678 feet long, 77 feet wide, 20,000 tons.
SAILS FROM NEW YORK JAN. 5.
Scheduled through to ALEXANDRIA 14 days.
FEB. 19—TO GIBRALTAR AND NAPLES.
Supplements the NEW modern twin-screw steamers

Slavonia	Dec. 4	Apr. 9 May 26
Ultonia (2d and 3d class only)	Jan. 15	Mar. 20
Pannonia	Mar. 12	Apr. 30
Carpathia, N. Y.	Mar. 26	May 14

N. Y.—QUEENSTOWN—LIVERPOOL ROUTE.
Record passage, 5 days 7 hours 22 minutes.
THE GIGANTIC NEW FAST CUNARDERS.
CARMANIA (Triple-Screw Turbine).
LARGEST TURBINE STEAMSHIP AFLOAT.
CARONIA (Twin-Screw).
TWO OF THE LARGEST IN THE WORLD.

CARONIA, N. Y.	Dec. 1	.....
Campania, N. Y.	Dec. 15	Jan. 22
Saxonia, Boston	Dec. 11	Jan. 22 Feb. 19
CARMANIA, N. Y.	Jan. 19	Feb. 16 Mar. 16 Apr. 13
Etruria, N. Y.	Dec. 15	Jan. 12 .....
Lucania, N. Y.	Dec. 22	Feb. 9 Mar. 9 Apr. 6
Ivernia, Boston	Dec. 25	Feb. 5 Mar. 5 Apr. 2
Umbria, N. Y.	Dec. 29	Feb. 16 Mar. 16 Apr. 13

F. G. WHITING, Mgr., Dearborn and Randolph sts.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD—
FAST EXPRESS SERVICE.
PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—BREMEN.

Kronprinz	Dec. 15, 2 pm	Kronprinz	Feb. 26
K. Wm. II	Jan. 8	Kaiser	March 7
Kronprinz	Jan. 22, K. Wm. II		March 12
K. Wm. II	Feb. 12	Kronprinz	March 26

TWIN-SCREW PASSENGER SERVICE.
BREMEN DIRECT.

Trave	Dec. 6, 10 am	Cassel	Jan. 3
Rhein	Dec. 11, 10 am	Main	Jan. 10
Fulda	Dec. 18, 10 am	Rhein	Jan. 24
Friedrich	Dec. 27, 10 am	York	Jan. 31

MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE.
GIBRALTAR—NAPLES—GENOA.

K. Irene	Dec. 1, 11 am	*Kaiser	Jan. 26, 11 am
K. Luise	Dec. 6, 11 am	Main	Feb. 2, 11 am
K. Albert	Jan. 8, 11 am	Rhein	Feb. 9, 11 am
K. Irene	Jan. 19, 11 am	K. Albert	Feb. 22, 11 am

*Omits Gibraltar. †Omits Genoa.
From Bremen Piers, 3d and 4th sts., Hoboken.
NORTH GERMAN LLOYD TRAVELERS' CHECKS GOOD ALL OVER THE WORLD.
OELRICHS & CO., NO. 5 BROADWAY, N. Y.
H. CLAUSSENIUS & CO.,
General Western Agents, 90 Dearborn-st.

Lake Navigation.

GOODRICH BOATS—
Chicago and Racine 8:00 p. m. daily. $1.50 to Milwaukee and Racine $2.00 p. m. daily, $1.50 to Grand Haven and Muskegon. $2.00 to Grand Rapids. 7:45 p. m. daily, except Sunday. Docks foot of Michigan-av. City Ticket office, 101 Adams-st. Phone Central 76.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.
WESTERN ROADS.

*Daily. §Sunday. ‡Ex. Saturday. †Ex. Sunday. TEx. Monday.

Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway.

City ticket office, 95 Adams-st. Phone Harrison 664. Automatic 1631. Depots, Wells Street, Kinzie, Adams and Canal-sts., and Western Ave. Station, Austin and Western Aves. Phone Main 2122.

Leave.		Arrive.
† 7:45 am	Janesville, Madison	† 1:50 pm
† 8:00 am	Milwaukee	† 12:30 pm
† 8:30 am	Janesville	† 5:30 pm
† 9:00 am	Elgin, Rockford, Janesville	† 5:30 pm
§ 9:15 am	Elgin	† 5:30 pm
	Rockford	† 5:30 pm
* 9:00 am	Day Express—Milwaukee, St. Paul, Minneapolis	*11:15 pm
† 9:00 am	Wausau and Wausaukee	† 5:30 pm
9:00 am	Waukesha, Madison	† 5:30 pm
9:00 am	Beloit	† 5:30 pm
† 11:30 am	Milwaukee and Wauksha	† 5:30 pm
† 1:00 pm	Elgin, Rockford, Janesville, Beloit, Rock Island, Dubuque, Cedar Rapids	† 1:55 pm
† 1:00 pm	Milwaukee, Wauksha, Bijou, Berlin, Oshkosh, Beaver Dam	
† 3:00 pm	Commutation Special	† 12:55 pm
† 3:00 pm	Milwaukee, Madison, Beloit	† 9:00 pm
† 4:00 pm	Waukesha, Madison, Portage, Green Bay	
† 4:05 pm	Janesville, Madison, Mineral Point	† 9:00 pm
	Elgin, Rockford	† 9:00 pm
†5:00 pm	Milwaukee, Wauksha, Madison	† 9:00 pm
† 6:00 pm	Milwaukee Special	† 9:45 am
† 6:00 pm	Savanna, Dubuque, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Iowa, Minnesota	† 9:45 am
† 6:10 pm	Prairie du Chien and intermediate	† 1:55 pm

The Southwest Limited.

† 6:00 pm	Elgin, Rockford, Beloit, Molina, Rock Island, Davenport, Ottumwa, Kansas City	† 9:30 am
† 6:05 pm	Sioux City, Sioux Falls	† 7:30 am
† 6:05 pm	Denver—One Night Train	† 7:30 am
† 6:30 pm	Janesville and Madison	† 9:30 am
† 6:50 pm	Prairie du Chien and intermediate	† 1:55 pm

The Pioneer Limited.

* 6:00 pm	Milwaukee, St. Paul, Minneapolis Northbound The Pioneer Limited does not stop at Watson Lake.	* 9:55 am

The Overland Limited.

* 6:00 pm	Omaha, Des Moines, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland	* 9:55 am
*10:25 pm	Omaha, Denver, San Francisco, Los Angeles and Portland	* 7:45 am
*10:25 pm	Elgin, Moline, Rock Island, Davenport, Ottumwa, Kansas City	* 7:45 am
†10:25 pm	Des Moines, Sioux City, Dubuque, Minnesota, Dakota	† 9:30 pm
*10:30 pm	Milwaukee, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Dubuque, Iowa	* 7:00 am
*10:30 pm	Green Bay, Iron Mountain, Champion, Marquette	* 7:00 am
*10:30 pm	Omaha, Sioux City, Sioux Falls, Mason City, Fort Dodge	* 7:00 am
10:30 pm	Wausau, Minocqua	7:00 am

(a) Milwaukee daily.

Burlington Route
Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railway Company.

Union Passenger Station, Telephone Main 607, Canal and Adams sts. City Ticket Office, Telephone Central 6317, 720 Clark st.

Leave.		Arrive.
* 5:00 pm	Number One Limited—for Colorado, Utah and California	* 9:40 pm
*11:00 pm	Overland Express—for Denver, Salt Lake City, San Francisco and Los Angeles	* 6:55 am
* 9:30 am	Minnesota Day Limited—for St. Paul and Minneapolis	* 6:25 pm
* 6:30 pm	Twin Cities Limited—for St. Paul and Minneapolis	* 9:00 am
*10:30 pm	Twin Cities Express—for St. Paul and Minneapolis	*11:35 am
* 6:30 pm	Jil Limited—for Kansas City, St. Joseph and Leavenworth	* 9:00 am
* 6:00 pm	Nebraska Express—for Council Bluffs, Omaha, Lincoln and Nebraska points	* 9:05 am
*11:00 pm	Northern Limited—for Burlington, Council Bluffs, Omaha, Lincoln and Nebraska points	* 6:55 am
* 9:15 am	Fast Mail—for Galesburg, Burlington, Council Bluffs, Omaha, Lincoln, Cody, Wyoming (†), Billings, Butte, Helena, Spokane, Seattle and Portland	* 9:05 am
*11:00 pm	The Northwest Express—for Lincoln, Billings, Helena, Spokane, Tacoma, Seattle and Portland	* 6:55 am
*11:00 pm	Illinois-Iowa Limited—for Galesburg, Monmouth, Burlington, Ft. Madison, Keokuk, Mt. Pleasant, Ottumwa and Creston	* 9:05 am
* 5:00 pm	Iowa Express—for Burlington, Ft. Madison, Keokuk, Ottumwa, Creston, Council Bluffs and Iowa points	* 9:05 am
*11:00 pm	Illinois-Missouri Express—for Quincy, St. Joseph, Kansas City, Atchison and Leavenworth	* 6:55 am
*10:30 pm	Day Limited—for Rochelle, Oregon, Savanna, Galena, Dubuque, La Crosse and Winona	* 9:25 pm
* 9:20 am	Northern Limited—for Rochelle, Oregon, Savanna, Galena, Dubuque, La Crosse and Winona	* 9:05 am
* 6:30 pm	Northern Express—for Rochelle, Oregon, Savanna, Gal

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

WESTERN ROADS.

*Daily. §Sunday. ‡Ex. Saturday. †Ex. Sunday. ‖Ex. Monday.

Chicago & North-Western Railway.

Ticket office, 212 Clark-st. Telephones Central 7211 and Main 986 and Automatic 626. Wells Street Station, Information Bureau, Telephone Main 4272.

	Leave.	Arrive.
† 7:00 am	Milwaukee, Madison	Arrive.
a10:00 am	Milwaukee, Sheboygan, Manitowoc	a7:30 pm
† 8:00 am	Rockford and Freeport	† 5:30 pm
† 8:45 am	via Elgin	† 4:45 pm
a10:00 am	Milwaukee, Green Bay, Menominee	a7:30 pm
* 9:00 am	St. Paul and Minneapolis, Beloit, Janesville, Madison	* 5:00 pm
† 9:00 am	La Crosse, Winona and Minnesota	† 5:30 pm
* 9:00 am	Marshfield via Merrillan	* 5:00 pm
† 9:00 am	Rockford via Harvard	† 5:30 pm
* 10:25 am	Cedar Rapids, Des Moines, Council Bluffs and Omaha	* 5:00 pm
† 11:05 am	Elgin, Rockford, Freeport	† 5:30 pm
† 11:30 am	Milwaukee, Green Bay, Sheboygan, Manitowoc, Wausau, Marshfield	† 10:00 pm
† 12:00 pm	Cedar Rapids and intermediate	† 5:30 pm
† 2:00 pm	Milwaukee and Madison	† 1:00 pm
a12:00 pm	Milwaukee, Green Bay, Menominee	a11:30 pm
† 3:00 pm	Ripon, Green Lake, Grand Rapids	† 6:00 pm
a10:00 pm	Milwaukee, Madison	a7:30 am
† 4:05 pm	Beloit, Janesville, Madison	† 10:00 am
† 4:15 pm	Elgin, Rockford, Freeport	† 10:00 am
† 4:15 pm	Beloit, Janesville via Elgin	† 10:00 am
* 5:00 pm	Milwaukee, Sheboygan, Manitowoc	† 12:30 pm
	Appleton Jct., Ashland	* 9:45 am
* 5:00 pm	Oshkosh, Wausau, Marshfield	* 9:45 am

The North Shore Special

* 9:00 pm	Milwaukee and Intermediate	* 9:00 am
a6:00 pm	Madison via Milwaukee	a9:30 am
* 6:30 pm	Mason City, Fox Lake	* 12:30 pm
* 6:30 pm	Northern Iowa and the Dakotas	* 12:30 pm
a6:25 pm	Elgin, Rockford, Freeport	* 10:00 am

The North-Western Limited

* 6:40 pm	St. Paul and Minneapolis	* 10:00 am
† 6:40 pm	Rockford via Harvard	† 10:00 am

The Colorado Special

* 7:00 pm	Denver, Salt Lake, Omaha, Des Moines, Sioux City, Sunset	* 9:00 am
* 8:00 pm	Milwaukee, Green Bay, Marquette	* 10:00 am
† 8:00 pm	The Copper Country	† 10:00 am
* 8:00 pm	Sault Ste. Marie (Through Sleeper)	* 10:00 am

The Overland Limited

* 2:00 pm	Omaha, Sioux City, Ogden, Salt Lake, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland	* 9:00 am
* 9:04 pm	La Crosse, Winona, Minnesota and Dakota	* 7:00 am
* 10:00 pm	Janesville, Superior and Duluth	* 7:00 am
* 10:00 pm	Madison, St. Paul and Minneapolis	* 7:00 am

The Los Angeles Limited

*12:05 pm	Omaha, Salt Lake, Los Angeles	*12:05 am
* 10:05 pm	Cedar Rapids and Des Moines	* 7:00 am
* 10:00 pm	Milwaukee, Green Bay, Kenosha	* 7:00 am
*11:00 pm	Omaha, Sioux City, Black Hills, Denver, Salt Lake, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland	* 7:00 am
‖11:00 pm	Mason City, Fox Lake	* 9:00 am
‖11:00 pm	Hawarden and Northern Iowa	* 9:00 am
*2:45 am	Milwaukee, Ashland, Marquette, Wausau, Marshfield, Grand Rapids	*6:05 pm
* 9:00 am	Beloit, Janesville, Madison, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Superior and Duluth	*12:05 am
† 9:00 am	La Crosse and Winona	* 5:30 pm
† 9:00 am	Green Bay, Menominee	* 5:30 pm
† 9:00 am	Milwaukee, Sheboygan, Manitowoc	* 5:30 pm
† 9:00 am	Marshfield via Merrillan	* 5:30 pm
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DEATHS.

IN MEMORIAM.

HODGSON—In loving remembrance of my beloved mother, Mary Ann Jennings Hodgson, who died 28th inst.
Not gone from memory—not gone from love,
But gone to our Father's home above.
M. J. S. HODGSON.

BEHAN—Nov. 27, at 603 W. 69th-st., Michael L. Behan. Member of St. Elizabeth's Court No. 22, C. O. F., and Englewood Council, No. 2, C. K. of C. Funeral notice later.

BURKE—Thomas Burke. Funeral Thursday at 9 a. m. from late residence, 6125 Halsted-st., to Visitation church. Friends invited.

BRENNWALD—Frederick Brennwald. Funeral from late residence, 820 N. Monticello-av. on Wednesday at 1 p. m. Interment at Oakridge.

CAIRNS—Esther Amelia Cairns, nee Johnson, 1217 Grove-av. Funeral services at late residence at 8 p. m., Nov. 27; funeral leaves union depot via Chicago and Alton, 9 a. m., Nov. 28, for Wilmington, Ill.

CLEVELAND—Gardiner Cleveland. Funeral from the residence of J. F. Cleveland, 709 Superior-st., Oak Park, at 2 o'clock Wednesday.

COONEY—Thomas Cooney. Burial from his daughter's home, 6407 Morgan-st., Wednesday, at 10 a. m., by cars to Mount Olivet.

FISHER—Henry Walter Fisher of Wheaton, Ill., on Tuesday, Nov. 27, 1906. Funeral notice later.

FITZSIMMONS—William Fitzsimmons, 1763 35th-st. Funeral Thursday at 9 a. m. to St. Agnes' church, by cars to Mount Olivet.

FLEMING—Thomas M. Fleming, 1727 W. 12th-st. Funeral Thursday at 9:30 a. m. to St. Agatha's church, by carriages to Mount Carmel.

GIBSON—James Gibson, Nov. 26, 1906, beloved brother of Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners, Local No. 58. Funeral from daughter's residence, 772 W. 67th-st., Nov. 29, at 9 a. m., to Oakwood.

GOUGH—Ellen Gough, nee Moriarty. Funeral from late residence, 576 S. Morgan-st., by carriages to Mount Carmel.

HANSBROUGH—Clara Boone Hansbrough, widow of the late William Hansbrough, Nov. 26, at Lincoln, Neb. Funeral Nov. 28 at 1 o'clock p. m., Immanuel Baptist church, Chicago.

HART—Michael Hart, beloved husband of Catherine, nee Callahan, father of John M. Hart and Mrs. C. G. McAuliffe and the late Mary Hart. Funeral from late residence, 1247 Wilcox-av., Friday, 9:30 a. m., to Our Lady of Sorrows church, carriages to Calvary. Member of Blessed Virgin Circle Court No. 22.

HAUGAARD—Peter Haugaard, Nov. 27, aged 83, beloved husband of Charlotte, father of Meta, member of Wicker Park Lodge No. 19, Fraternal Tribune, Sunday, from 2 to 5 p. m. From late residence, 1648 Fulton-st., to Forest Home. Hamburg (Germany) papers please copy.

HAYES—At 613 W. 42d-pl., Thomas Hayes. Funeral Thursday, to St. Gabriel's church, thence to 47th-st. and Stewart-av. depot and by train to Mount Olivet.

HARLSTRAND—John Karlstrand, Nov. 27, at Chicago, beloved husband of Augusta and father of Bertha Karlstrand, and father of Alma, Mallvina, and Albert, and brother of Mrs. Emma Hertbert, aged 46 years. Funeral notice later.

KELLY—Patrick Kelly. Funeral Thursday from the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Nemsi, 106 W. 25th-st., to Mount Olivet.

LEAHY—John P. Leahy. Funeral from residence of nephew, David Barrett, 2939 Elias-av., Thursday, at 9 a. m., to St. Bridget's church. Friends may by carriages to Mount Olivet.

LEONARD—Rose Leonard, nee McCabe. Funeral Wednesday, at 9:15 a. m., from 16 N. Western-av., to St. Malachy's church, thence by carriages to Calvary.

MALLORY—Mrs. Frances A. Mallory, on Monday morning, Nov. 26. Funeral services from her late residence, 120 Oakwood-blvd., on Wednesday at 2 o'clock. Friends are invited to be present. Interment private.

McDERMOTT—Thomas McDermott. Funeral Wednesday, 209 Wells-st., at 9:30 a. m., to Holy Name cathedral, thence to the Northwestern depot, by cars to Calvary.

M'GUIRL—Patrick McGuirl, beloved son of the late Dennis and Bridget McGuirl, brother of Dennis, Edward, Bernard, and Mrs. Mary Sers, aged 38 years. Funeral Thursday, Nov. 29, at 9 o'clock sharp, from late residence, 1264 35th-st., to St. Agnes' church, where high mass will be celebrated, by cars to Calvary. Private depot.

McMORRAN—Thomas James McMorran, the beloved son of George A. and Jessie McMorran, and brother of William, Jessie, and Frances McMorran, aged 16 years. Funeral from his late residence, 565 Herndon-st., 1:30 p. m., Friday, Nov. 30. Interment at Mount Rose cemetery.

MOORE—Entered into rest, Nov. 26, 1906, Andrew S. Warfield, daughter of Edwin A. and Carra C. Warfield, aged 12 years. Funeral from residence of parents, 10300 Longwood-av., at 11:15 a. m., Wednesday, Nov. 28. Burial private.

WINHOLIS—Samuel B. Winholis, at the home of his sister, Mrs. H. D. Smith, 1040 Deming-pl. Funeral 2 p. m., Nov. 28, 1906. Funeral service at late residence, 8 p. m., Wednesday, Nov. 28, 1906. Leave Thursday, 11 a. m., for interment at Decatur, Ill.

OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

OFFICE OF CHIEF OF WEATHER BUREAU.
Washington, D. C., Nov. 27.—Forecast for Wednesday and Thursday:
Illinois and Indiana—Fair Wednesday and Thursday, light to fresh northwest winds, becoming variable.
Ohio—Fair Wednesday, except snow in extreme northeast portion, Thursday fair, fresh west winds.
Upper Michigan—Partly cloudy Wednesday, snow near Lake Superior, Thursday fair, fresh west winds, becoming variable.
Lower Michigan—Partly cloudy Wednesday, probably snow flurries in northeast and extreme west portions, Thursday fair, fresh west winds, becoming variable Thursday.
Wisconsin and Minnesota—Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday, fresh west winds, becoming variable.
Iowa and Missouri—Fair Wednesday and Thursday.
North Dakota—Fair, warmer Wednesday and Thursday.
South Dakota, Nebraska, and Kansas—Fair Wednesday and Thursday.

Place of observation.	Time taken	Thermometer	Max. temp.	Direction of wind	Precipitation 24 hours.	State of weather
Nov. 27, 7 p. m.						
Abilene		50	68	N.E.	.01	Clo'dy
Albany		38	50	N.	.05	Clo'dy
Alpena		32	36	W.	.10	Clo'dy
Atlanta		56	58	W.	....	Clear
Amarillo		40	64	S.	....	Clo'dy
Bismarck		22	38	Calm	....	Clear
Buffalo		36	42	N.W.	.05	Clo'dy
Boston		42	46	N.	.02	Clo'dy
Cairo		60	66	N.E.	....	Clear
Calgary		20	38	Calm	....	Clear
Cheyenne		30	48	W.	....	Clear
Chicago		38	46	W.	....	Clear
Charlotte		60	74	N.W.	....	Clear
Cincinnati		46	60	S.W.	....	Clear
Cleveland		40	46	W.	Tr.	Rain
Concordia		36	56	N.W.	....	Clear
Davenport		36	38	N.W.	....	Clo'dy
Denver		30	56	N.	....	Fair
Des Moines		32	50	W.	....	Clear
Detroit		38	42	W.	Tr.	Clo'dy
Devils Lake		18	30	W.	....	Fair
Dodge		34	50	W.	....	Clear
Dubuque		36	40	N.W.	....	Clo'dy
Duluth		26	30	W.	.06	Snow
El Paso		46	66	S.E.	.02	Clo'dy
Edmonton		22	38	S.W.	....	Fair
Escanaba		36	38	W.	.54	Clear
Galveston		66	68	S.	....	Clear
Grand Rapids		36	40	W.	.02	Clo'dy
Green Bay		30	36	S.W.	....	Clo'dy
Helena		20	44	S.W.	....	Clear
Huron		28	40	N.W.	....	Clear
Indianapolis		44	50	W.	....	Clo'dy
Jacksonville		68	78	S.E.	....	Clear
Kansas City		38	48	N.W.	....	Clear
Little Rock		56	62	N.	....	Clear
Los Angeles		50	64	W.	....	Clear
Madison		32	44	W.	Tr.	Clo'dy
Marquette		30	34	W.	.08	Clo'dy
Memphis		52	54	N.	....	Clear
Medicine Hat		20	20	Calm	....	Clear
Milwaukee		36	40	W.	....	Clear
Minnedosa		24	32	Calm	....	Clear
Montgomery		72	72	N.W.	Tr.	Clear
Nashville		52	52	N.W.	....	Clear
Moorhead		18	36	N.W.	....	Clear
Nashville		46	56	N.W.	....	Clear
New Orleans		68	70	N.	....	Clear
New York City		46	52	W.	....	Clo'dy
Norfolk		50	60	W.	....	Clear
North Platte		24	42	N.	....	Clear
Oklahoma		42	62	S.	....	Clear
Omaha		40	44	S.W.	....	Clear
Pittsburg		40	46	W.	.18	Clo'dy
Parkersburg		46	52	W.	....	Clo'dy
Peoria		40	46	N.	Tr.	Clo'dy
Philadelphia		50	60	W.	....	Fair
Pittsburg		42	46	W.	.01	Clo'dy
Qu'Appelle		30	28	W.	....	Clear
Rapid City		28	44	N.W.	....	Clear
Roseburg		46	54	N.W.	....	Clear
San Francisco		52	56	W.	....	Clear
St. Louis		36	36	N.W.	Tr.	Clo'dy
St. Paul		26	36	W.	....	Clear
Salt Lake City		40	50	Calm	....	Clear
San Antonio		62	64	N.	.12	Clo'dy
Santiago		64	64	N.	....	Fair
Ste. Marie		30	34	S.W.	Tr.	Clo'dy
Springfield, Ill		36	38	W.	....	Clo'dy
Washington		56	64	N.W.	....	Clo'dy
Wichita		44	54	W.	....	Clear
Yellowstone Park		14	30	S.	....	Clear

WEATHER IN CHICAGO.

The temperature as observed yesterday by L. Meisenbach, optician, 1104 Tribune building, was as follows: Thermometer—8 m., 41; 9 a. m., 42; 10 a. m., 42; 11 a. m., 41; 12 m., 41; 1 p. m., 41; 2 p. m., 42. Barometer—8 a. m., 29.74; 8 p. m., 29.82.

OFFICIAL DEATH RECORD.

THE FOLLOWING BURIAL PERMITS WERE issued by the health department yesterday:
Adams, Ethel, 2 days; 3257 Calumet-av., Nov. 25.
Altschul, Otto, 40; 618 W. 20th-st., Nov. 25.
Buckingham, L. J., 52; 3781 Ellis-av., Nov. 24.
Bunge, Wenzel, 60; 1 Monticello-av., Nov. 26.
Bernis, A., 26; 350 N. Harding-av., Nov. 25.
Broadbent, Lemer, 25; 1068 Millard-av., Nov. 26.
Bleich, Elsie, 23; Cleveland, O., Nov. 26.
Brownell, Frederick, 53; 1600 Monticello-av., Nov. 26.
Beard, baby, 19 hours; 732 Flournoy-av., Nov. 27.
Bowman, Annie, 57; 517 Carroll-av., Nov. 25.
Bosak, Jaga, 67; 1134 Dobson-av., Nov. 26.
Coates, Harvel, and Western-av., Nov. 25.
Cooney, Emma, 20; 91 Hazel-av., Nov. 26.
Collins, Ellen, 11 months; 579 Dawes-av., Nov. 25.
Carlson, Alma, 33; 3426 Ontario-st., Nov. 26.
Cohan, Jacob A., 67; Michael Reese hospital, Nov. 26.
Chamberlain, Phebe, 48; 4625 Langley-av., Nov. 27.
Dinkel, Frederick, 25; 8432 Vincennes-av., Nov. 26.
Denbeck, Fred, 38; 172 Custom House-ct., Nov. 24.
Dillery, Ida, 26; 626 Cornelia-st., Nov. 26.
Estes, Mary B., 36; 339 Washtenaw-av., Nov. 25.
Faith, Elsie, 43; 2170 N. Hermitage-av., Nov. 24.
Fischer, Herman, 67; 1127 Racine-av., Nov. 25.
Ford, Franklin, 44; 9628 Winston-av., Nov. 24.
Fitzgerald, L. H., 50; 6349 Evans-av., Nov. 18.
Fisher, Henry, 15; 2803 South Park-av., Nov. 25.
Foley, Hannah B., 28; 1 Edgemont-av., Nov. 25.
Fuller, Mary, 67; 3259 Calumet-av., Nov. 25.
Grenter, Maria, 67; 272 Mohawk-st., Nov. 24.
Guesner, Herman, 73; 243 Larrabee-st., Nov. 24.
Hartung, William, 2 months; 61 Otto-pl., Nov. 26.
Holan, Anna, 57; 1218 40th-ct., Nov. 26.
Hines, Timothy, 45; 906 32d-st., Nov. 27.
Hoffman, Alexander, 65; 1000 Sedgwick-st., Nov. 26.
Hansen, Anna, 7 days; 381 Winchester-av., Nov. 24.
Hanley, Nellie, 38; 819 W. 54th-pl., Nov. 25.
Herdrick, Barbara, 73; 907 Milwaukee-av., Nov. 25.
Hutchinson, Nellie, 71; 5801 Monroe-av., Nov. 24.
Hartung, Augusta, 86; Cook County Infirmary, Nov. 26.
Howard, Anna, 24; 167 61st-st., Nov. 24.
Hoyt, Mary, 70; 3 Belden-av., Nov. 25.
Johnson, James F., 1; 3129 Wabash-av., Nov. 24.
Kewitz, Morris, 70; 6125 May-st., Nov. 26.
Kohl, Gyda L., 19 days; 176 32d-st., Nov. 26.
Kraino, Annie, 29; 3257 N. Harding-av., Nov. 24.
Kuhn, Otto, 1; 5819 Lowe-av., Nov. 24.
Lamp, Josefa, 86; 1575 W. 22d-st., Nov. 25.
Lelton, Margaret, 62; 180 W. Madison-st., Nov. 25.
Lutz, Mary, 10; 582 Dickens-av., Nov. 24.
Mallory, Francis, 68; 120 Oakwood-blvd., Nov. 26.
Martinez, Antonio, 19 days; 56 Fry-st., Nov. 26.
McGrath, Agnes, 32; 134 W. Madison-st., Nov. 26.
Marnell, John, 25; 1857 Sunnyside-av., Nov. 24.
Nowell, Ellen, 75; 1127 Racine-av., Nov. 25.
Olsen, Emma, 46; Cook Co. Infirmary, Nov. 26.
Peterson, Holger, 3; 1907 W. 19th-st., Nov. 26.
Paradowski, Kasmica, 2; 401 Milwaukee-av., Nov. 27.
Paradowski, Zofia, 1; 401 Milwaukee-av., Nov. 26.
Petkow, Amanda, 4; 912 N. Winchester-av., Nov. 26.
Pratt, Jennie, 48; 230 W. 12th-st., Nov. 26.
Platt, Henry T., 65; 536 Dearborn-st., Nov. 26.
Rosenthal, Augusta, 58; 1 Belden-av., Nov. 25.
Roelle, Frank W., 21; 54 Edgemont-av., Nov. 25.
Rossman, Serpina, 15; 4846 Paulina-st., Nov. 25.
Sawyer, Margaret, 1; 3309 Shields-av., Nov. 26.
Sullivan, Patrick, 40; 401 W. 13th-st., Nov. 24.
Skibicka, Carolina, 66; 76 Cornell-st., Nov. 24.
Schultz, Otto, 1; 1631 Montana-st., Nov. 24.
Stocker, Lauretta, 2; 926 W. 14th-st., Nov. 26.
Schuster, Peter, 59; 1226 Lill-av., Nov. 25.
Stocker, Charles J., 19; 1226 Shields-st., Nov. 26.
Stolder, Fritz, 6 months; 426 North Lawndale-av., Nov. 25.
Schoppe, Marie, 70; 248 Division-st., Nov. 25.
Taylor, William, 2 days; 3310 Armour-av., Nov. 25.
Trudeau, Lena, 66; 11810 Curtis-av., Nov. 25.
Thurston, Robert H., 73; 7658 Emerald-av., Nov. 26.
Woods, William, 25; 482 State-st., Nov. 12.
Zirbs, Wilhelmine, 81; 449 Wolfram-st., Nov. 25.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

NEW CORPORATIONS WERE LICENSED YESterday by the secretary of state at Springfield, as follows:
U. S. brokerage company, Decatur; capital, $12,000; commission; incorporators, C. A. Burke, G. H. Spannagel, Louis A. Warner.
Ideal Heating company, Chicago; capital, $50,000; manufacturing and dealing in heating supplies; incorporators, James Stillwell, Robert W. Richards, Percy W. Sullivan.

NOT FOR PROFIT.

Colored Bartenders' Association of Chicago, Chicago; benevolent; incorporators, Mort Shoecraft, John Baker, Edward J. Watson.
Lithuanian Independent Citizens' club, Herrin; fraternal; incorporators, Stanley W. Walelko, Charles Banish, Tomas Broszozowski.

FOREIGN CORPORATIONS.

Kiel Manufacturing company, location, Kiel, Wis.; manufacturing; capital, $40,000; capital in Illinois, $1,000.
Lawson Manufacturing company; location, Milwaukee, Wis.; capital, $10,000; capital in Illinois, $1,000.
Fleming & Co.; location, Portland, Me.; location in Illinois, Chicago; capital, $125,000; capital in Illinois, $125,000.

AMENDMENTS.

American Storage and Trading company, Chicago, dissolved. Thuessig & Co., Chicago, dissolved. American Wood Preserving company, Chicago; capital increased from $2,000 to $50,000.

UNDERTAKERS.

H. J. M'GEENST, UNDERTAKER, EST. 1879, 3252 S. Halsted-st.; 1266 Jas. Buren, tel. Monroe 526. Private ambulance, electric lighted carriages.
J. WHITTIER BUFFUM [20 YEARS WITH THE late H. Berdan, undertaker], 1722 Wabash-av. Tel. Calumet 1284.
KELLY & DORAN, UNDERTAKERS AND LIVery—John H. Kelly and John D. Doran, 1939 Archer-av., corner Archer-av. Phone Yards 54.

CEMETERIES.

MOUNT GREENWOOD CEMETERY, ON THE Grand Trunk Ry., 111th-st., near Morgan Park. Street cars to entrance. Train daily, 12 m.

FLORISTS.

FRESH FLOWERS AND DESIGNS SENT ANYwhere. BUTLER'S, 207 Dearborn-st.

SITUATIONS AND HELP WANTED.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED — CREDIT MAN, 30 YEARS OLD, THOROUGH OFFICE MAN AND ACCOUNTANT, DESIRES A CHANGE JAN. 1; NOW EMPLOYED AS OFFICE MANAGER AND CREDIT MAN BY LARGE HOUSE IN THIS CITY. SALARY $2,500 YEAR. ADDRESS L L 788, TRIBUNE.

SITUATION WANTED—MANAGER WHOLEsale house; energetic, systematic man; thoroughly experienced bookkeeping, credits, insurance office details; A1 references; bond. Address K X 159, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY ALL AROUND MAN age 26, experienced as bookkeeper, cashier, credit man, asst. mgr.; 5 yrs. with mfg. co., 10 yrs. with wholesale agency; A1 references; wish change Jan. 1; voluntary. Address L L 134, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—CHRISTIAN MAN, 35 years; experienced ledger man or general office work; place where attention to business will be appreciated; about $16 to start. Address L L 121, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BOOKKEEPER EXperienced, general office man, good ability, reliable and trustworthy; good habits; moderate salary; West Side. Address L H 186, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY REG. PHARMAcist, in Illinois; 8 years' experience; single, good references; city or country. Address R S 197, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — YOUNG MARRIED man, experienced cashier, bookkeeper, with small concern; capable, ambitious. Address L L 115, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG COLORED man; good morals; liberal education; exp. and baggage master, office work or janitor. BEDFORD, 84 N. Ann-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BOOKKEEPER AND OFFICE MANAGER; THOROUGH ACCOUNTANT; GERMAN, FRENCH; A1 REF.; $20; WILL LEAVE CITY. Address L K 124, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—TEMPORARY BOOKkeeping work or any kind. Address L J 110, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—THOROUGH FACTORY cost accountant wishes a change; able to install or improve systems. Address L H 102, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BOOKKEEPER OR general office work; 10 years' practical experience. Address L L 151, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BOOKKEEPER; RAPID, accurate; furnish refs. Address L K 125, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — BY YOUNG MAN, 20 years, in general office work; am experienced; references. Address L L 157, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—MAN OF 25 DESIRES office position with reliable house; have had large experience. Address L L 110, Tribune.

Accountants.

SITUATION WANTED—EXPERT WILL AUDIT, open, close, balance, install securities, keep books, etc.; very reasonable; highest refs. SPENGLER, 5071 Evans-av. Tel. Drexel 7403.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED — SALESMAN, AGE 21, college graduate, good city experience, desires change; northwest territory preferred; am sound of mind and body, with aggressive, but winning personality; successful record; all references could give 4 weeks of own time to learn new line. Address L L 119, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — AN ENERGETIC, INtelligent specialty salesman, possessing high class selling ability, with seven years' city and road experience, desires first class connection; age 29; single, sober, reliable; A1 references; bond. Address L F 146, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—SALES MANAGER; AN advertising man, thoroughly reliable and experienced, is open for engagement after Jan. 1st in a confidential or executive capacity; have had large experience in handling salesmen. Address D E 115, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—TO REPRESENT A RELiable house or handle an article of merit; have a splendid office in Chicago Stock Exchange, will furnish free; best of references. Address L P 116, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—CITY SALESMAN, any line used to interior or wagon manufacturing; know the business; salary. Address L L 118, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — BY YOUNG MAN AS representative or assistant in Chicago. G. E. SCHMAECKEL, 859 N. Springfield-av.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN, 18 months' exp. as salesman, 2 years' office exp., with good company. Address L L 122, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—A1 SALESMAN AND practical office mgr.; age 34; good references. Address L K 191, Tribune.

Trades.

SITUATION WANTED—BY ENGINEER AND draftsman, evening work; tracing, detailing, estimating, designing, steel and reinforced concrete bldgs., foundations, etc. Address L J 172, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY ELECTRICAL ENgineer and draftsman; experienced in power plant or special machinery lines. Address L P 182, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—DRAFTSMAN, YOUNG man, evening class student, some experience; will guarantee to stick if offered opportunity; best refs.; means business. Address L K 186, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—ENGINEER; EXPERT on automobiles; can handle repairing; good city ref. and license. Address L K 187, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — PRACTICAL MILLER; stonedresser; sober and steady. Address L K 189, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—EXPERT ELECTRIcian; residence work, motors, wiring, etc. Address L L 117, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—ARTIST; MEN'S FASHions; have samples; low wages. Address L K 180, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — EXPERIENCED GOdon pressman; steady, reliable. Address L F 113, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—ALL ROUND MACHINist; lathe and bench work. 72 E. State-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY PLUMBER AND steamfitter. Address L E 109, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—SPECIAL ART FIXture designer and draftsman. Address L L 114, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—CARPENTER, 20 YRS. exp.; steady. Address L L 142, Tribune.

House Servants.

SITUATION WANTED—BY RESPECTABLE and industrious Norwegian patient; quality, as houseman for private family; have the necessary experience and the best of city references. Address HERMAN ANDERSON, 117 S. Canal-st., care Ross.

SITUATION WANTED—PERMANENT; COMpetent, highly experienced, steady Japanese, willing, obliging, best references; understands butler, houseman or valet in highly respectable family only; furnish best city references. Address N H 128, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—ANY LADY DESIRING the services of an honest, reliable, and useful houseman seeking permanent position of time address A. B. WILSON, 1211 State-st., top flat.

SITUATION WANTED—GERMAN HOUSEMAN; 3 years employ last; private family; refs. Address L L 111, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — BY EXPERIENCED houseman; first class refs. Address L K 161, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — STRONG YOUNG German, house or coachman. 76 La Salle-st., R. 8.

Janitors and Porters.

SITUATION WANTED—BY JANITOR; SOBER, good man; housework; understands boiler; single. FRED SMITH, 55 N. Ashland-av.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COLORED MAN, AS porter. H. MITCHELL, Phone Drexel 8079.

Coachmen, Teamsters, Chauffeurs, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED — COACHMAN; EXPERT driver and horseman, understands all work about house, garden, steam heat, etc.; single, sober, steady, reliable, willing, obliging; best references. Address L F 191, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COACHMAN AND useful man, German, single; thoroughly understands his business; good refs. Address L L 115, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—COACHMAN, SINGLE; total abstainer; willing to be generally useful about the place; first class city refs. Address L L 159, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EXP. SWEDISH coachman, single; good driver, handy worker; understands gardening; temperate, reliable, good refs. Address L K 195, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—COACHMAN, SWEDish, single; good driver; handy worker; understands housework, furnace, etc.; good refs. Address L K 149, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY SINGLE COACHman; understands driving and caring for autos. Good refs. Address L L 156, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — COMPETENT MARried coachman; best refs.; suburb or country preferred. Address L L 155, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—CHAUFFEUR, 6 YRS. experience; also 4 years repair work; careful driver; A1 refs. Address L L 154, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — AS CHAUFFEUR. BY thoroughly experienced and reliable man; will work for mod. salary. Address L L 129, Tribune.

Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED—BRIGHT, WELL EDUcated young man; thoroughly experienced in stenographic and general office work; excellent reference; moderate salary, but desire opportunity to advance. Address L J 121, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — THOROUGHLY COMpetent young man stenographer; railroad experience; good references; salary $75. Address L H 193, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY RAPID, EXPERIenced, well educated stenographer; reasonable salary; now employed; no agencies. Address L K 145, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN, FIRST class stenographer; 5 years' experience; salary, $17 per week; grad.; references. Address L J 107, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COMPETENT MALE stenographer and office clerk; wholesale coal office preferred. Address L L 148, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—STENOG.; 7 YRS.' EXP.; many lines; $15. Address L L 141, Tribune.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A BRIGHT, ACTIVE elderly man of good moral habits; strictly honorable and trustworthy; of practical business experience; salary no object. Address Postoffice Lock Box 71, Chicago.

SITUATION WANTED — DO YOU DESIRE A manager for business or estate? Do you wish freedom from business cares? A gentleman of integrity, a high class executive, desires such a position. Address J B 50, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—AS LUMBER BUYER and yard manager; now employed; have had 16 years' experience; thoroughly posted in all kinds and grades of lumber; best of reference. Address J B 7, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—NIGHT WORK, BY young man; best army refs. Address K X 170, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — REFINED, ELDERLY man will give services for small remuneration and comforts of home. Address L K 135, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY HIGH CLASS EXecutive or manager; salary, $10,000. Address J E 1, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — FIRST CLASS GERman farmer, for stock; best ref. WERLE, 606 Wabash-av.

SITUATION WANTED—AS DOORMAN OR AD vertising; experience and ref.; height, 6 ft. 8 in. Address L H 114, Tribune.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED — WITH RELIABLE firm; 5 yrs. with present employers, from stockman to traveling salesman; 27 yrs. old, married; A1 refs.; want a position where an ambitious man with brains can make a future for himself without selling goods on the road. Address N H 235, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — WELL EDUCATED GENTLEMAN, 28, AMBITIOUS, KNOWING ENGLISH, FRENCH, GERMAN, RUSSIAN, POLISH; WILLING TO START AT TH

TED.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Boys.

BUNDLE BOYS WANTED—
MUST BE 16 YEARS OF AGE
AND NEAT IN APPEARANCE.
APPLY SHIPPING ROOM.
CARSON, PIRIE, SCOTT & CO.
STATE AND MADISON-STS.

OFFICE BOY—16 TO 18 YEARS OF AGE, for large corporation; plenty of opportunities for advancement. Address application in own handwriting, stating age, nationality, and residence at once, F A 584, Tribune.

OFFICE BOY—BRIGHT AND ENERGETIC BOY, between the ages of 16 and 18; reference required; experience not necessary. Address B E 506, Tribune.

OFFICE BOY — GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR right boy; SAMUEL CUPPLES WOODENWARE CO., 26 E. Lake-st.

OFFICE BOY—IN DRY GOODS COMMISSION office. Address, in own handwriting, J. LANE & CO., 221 Fifth-av.

WAGON BOYS—MUST BE 16 YEARS OF AGE. APPLY SHIPPING ROOM.
CARSON, PIRIE, SCOTT & CO.
STATE AND MADISON-STS.

WANTED—
BOYS, 14 TO 18 YEARS OF AGE, FOR POSITIONS AS MESSENGERS, INSPECTORS, AND STOCK BOYS. GOOD, PERMANENT POSITIONS FOR THOSE WHO CAN QUALIFY. BOYS UNDER 16 BRING SCHOOL CERTIFICATES. APPLY NORTH END OF BALCONY BEFORE 10 A. M.
CARSON, PIRIE, SCOTT & CO.
STATE AND MADISON-STS.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Trades.

ENGINEER — COMPETENT, LIGHT, for concrete mixer; must be sober and a worker. Apply Archer-av. and Fort Wayne Brownell Improvement Co.

ENGINEER—COMPETENT; OPEN SHOP; NO trouble with union; give references; $20 week; steady work. KENTON PRINTING CO., Des Plaines, Ill.

FOREMAN—COMPETENT; OPEN SHOP; NO trouble with union; give references; $20 week; steady work. KENTON PRINTING CO., Des Plaines, Ill.

TAILORS (TRIMMERS)—EXPERT MEN ON coat. KUH, NATHAN & FISCHER CO., 362 W. Randolph-st.

TINNERS—EXPERIENCED ON LOCOMOTIVE and car work; two for Texas; must have references; steady work; transportation furnished. Address R. 407 State-st.

TRACERS—EXPERIENCED, ON STRUCTURAL work. Apply Featherstone Foundry and Machine Co., 348 N. Halsted-st.

WANTED—
3 experienced repairers for toys and dolls. Apply before 10 a. m., 8th floor, Superintendent's office.
THE FAIR,
State, Adams & Dearborn-sts.

WANTED—
Man to trim arc lights. Apply 8:30 to 11 a. m., 8th floor, Superintendent's office.
THE FAIR,
State, Adams & Dearborn-sts.

WANTED—SECOND HAND CAKE BAKER. 678 Milwaukee-av.

WATCHMAKER—ALSO SALESMAN. H. R. KIRCHBERG, 76 State-st.

WEAVERS—FOR BROAD LOOMS; STEADY work; mill 200 miles from Chicago. Apply R. R. STREET & CO., 184 Washington-st.

YOUNG MAN—WITH SOME ABILITY AT writing and tracing, in superintendent's office of large factory; good opportunity. Address D W 158, Tribune.

Window Trimmers.

ASSISTANT WINDOW TRIMMER—EXPERIenced man who thoroughly understands the work. Apply JOSEPH PHILLIPSON, Halsted and 12th-sts.

Coachmen, Teamsters, Chauffeurs, Etc.

COACHMAN—SINGLE, WHITE, MIDDLE AGE Apply JOHN M. SMYTH CO., Stables, 300 W. Adams-st., rear.

Janitors and Porters.

JANITOR—MARRIED MAN; 21 APARTMENTS; for 2d floor. 4453 Oakenwald-av., 1st floor.

PORTER—IN FIRST CLASS FLOWER SHOP; one to run errands. Call early this morning at 214 E 47th-st.

PORTER—REFERENCES REQUIRED. H. BOLLIN, 155 Wabash-av.

Agents Wanted.

ONE MILLION WILL BE SOLD — AGENTS wanted everywhere to sell the Perfection Incandescent gasoline lamp that burns the only gasoline lamp that does not require generating; no waiting to "get up steam"; lights just like gas; 100 candle power light for cent per night. Write today.
THE PERFECTION INCANDESCENT GAS LAMP COMPANY, EVANSTON, ILL.

MONEY MAKING AGENT IN DURHAM MADE over $100 first TEN WEEKS WITH OUR WONDERFUL BOX CONTAINING SIX CAKES SOAP AND SET SOLID GOLD SPOONS; SELLS AT SIGHT. AMAZING PROFITS; AGENTS CALL OR WRITE PARKER CHEMICAL CO., 151 Market-st.

SOMETHING NEW; SHOES FOR flat iron; never goes on stove; makes ironing easy; no beswax, dirty aprons, or scorching; saves large profits. Dexter Supply Co., 234 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—RELIABLE MEN AS SALES agents; money to hustlers; cash weekly; outfree; now is the time to start. Western New York Nursery Co., Dept. 2, Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED—A FEW MORE MALE AND FEMALE agents and house canvassers for new 25c article; quick sales; 100% profit. Call today 56 5th-av., room 1.

AGENTS WANTED—ILLINOIS; BEST INSURance proposition ever offered to live agents. American Friendly Society, Urbana, Ill.

AGENTS—EASY AND QUICK SALE; SOMETHING big money. Photographic Studio, 195 W. Wabash-av.

AGENT—FIRST CLASS, FOR FURNITURE AND carpet line. Address B 227, Tribune.

CHEMIST—GRADUATE, FOR TECHnical laboratory; good prospects for advancement. Address E 8 549, Tribune.

COPPERSMITHS AND FINISHERS—2184 Milwaukee-av.

COMPOSITORS—SIX; DISPLAY OR CATALOG men; steady positions; $18 per week; apply at once. W. B. CONKEY COMPANY, Hammond, Ind.

CONCRETE MIXERS—UNION. APPLY RIVER-vey and Pleasant-st., Oak Park.

CUTTER—FIRST CLASS, IN MERCHANT TAILoring store. 120 Dearborn-st.

CYLINDER PRESS FEEDERS—FIVE GOOD steady position; $13 per week for night run. Apply to W. B. CONKEY COMPANY, Hammond, Ind.

CYLINDER PRESSMEN—FOUR UNION 122 to handle high grade black work; steady position that is open. Write or apply at once. W. B. CONKEY COMPANY, Hammond, Ind.

DRAFTSMAN—ARCH — EXPERIENCED in steel construction. 2866 N. Ashland-av.

ENGINEER—SMALL PLANT; $20 TO 25 own firing; state experience and salary expected. Address D W 285, Tribune.

ENGINEER—WITH CITY LICENSE; STEADY, sober and industrious. Call at 121 W. Superior-st.

ENGRAVER—WHO UNDERSTANDS ENGRAVing script and old English letters on jewelry or silverware. State where last employed. Inquire for Mr. Metzenberg, BEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., Homan-av. and Harvard-st.

ENGRAVERS WANTED—
Two, experienced, for jewelry and silverware. Apply 8:30 to 11 a. m., 8th floor, Superintendent's office.
THE FAIR,
State, Adams and Dearborn-sts

FEEDERS—ONE CYLINDER AND ONE PAPER feeder; also one job compositor; steady positions; good light and pleasant quarters; union. The Whitworth Bros. Co., Cleveland, O.

FOREMAN—COMPETENT, WITH EXPERIENCE of millroom of a first class establishment; must be a hustler, understand drawings, and have ability to manage men. Address E 8 505, Tribune.

GORDON PRESS FEEDER—YOUNG MAN. 26 Lafayette-pl.

HALF-TONE ETCHER. DEARBORN ENGRAVing Co., 302 Dearborn-st.

JEWELER—GOOD POLISHER. ONE WHO UNderstands lap wheel and general jewelry work must have best of references and be looking for a steady permanent position with responsible firm for advancement. Inquire for Mr. Metzenberg, BEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., Homan-av. and Harvard-st.

JEWELER—TO FILE UP GOLD RING CASEings; must have good references and appreciate permanent position. Ask for Mr. Metzenberg, BEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., Homan-av. and Harvard-st.

JEWELERS — FIRST CLASS, 3, FOR SPECIAL order work and repairing; also one watch case maker; steady work; highest prices. GEO. E. MARKS, 92 State-st.

JEWELER—PERMANENT PLACE FOR FIRST-class workman. Wm. Jeweler, 1554 Wabash-av., Chicago.

JOB COMPOSITORS—FOUR; STEADY POSItions; $18 per week. Apply at once to W. B. CONKEY COMPANY, Hammond, Ind.

LITHOGRAPHERS — TWO FIRST CLASS transferrers and two lithe pressmen; commercial and color work; permanent position to competent parties. Address Lock Box 591, Cincinnati, O.

LOCOMOTIVE ENGINEERS AND FIREMEN—for the southwest. Do not apply unless you have first class written refs. of recent date. Asst. Room 8, 407 State-st.

MACHINIST, ALSO HANDY MEN AND HELPers (nonunion); 1st class floor hands, also roundhouse men for locomotive repairs. 2 for gang machine work, handy men for rough floor work, helpers for roundhouse, also good all around machinist familiar with Westinghouse w. t. equipments; all positions in southwest; transportation furnished. Apply Room 8, 407 State-st.

MACHINISTS — TWO FIRST CLASS, CAPABLE of doing first class repair work; steady position; highest wages; none but first class workmen need apply. C. CONKEY & SON, Hammond, Ind.

MACHINISTS—NONUNION; LATHE, DRILL press, and bench hands; automobile work. 2nd Hunt Hotel, 144 Dearborn-st. Mr. Adams.

MAN—FIRST CLASS, TO TAKE CHARGE OF shop for wholesale jobbing and prescription optical house in the west; must be a practical workman, able to handle repair work, fit lenses and frames to measure, etc.; good salary to the right man. Also men to do surfacing and grinding of prescription department; state wages wanted and give references. Address J B 1, Tribune.

MAN—WITH EXPERIENCE IN WATCHCASE work; steady and remunerative employment; state references. N J 290, Tribune.

MANUFACTURING JEWELER—FOR FIRST class new work; state salary. $30 per week to right man. Box 721, Denver, Colo.

MOLDERS — FLOOR, INDEPENDENT; steady work. R. 508 218 La Salle-st.

PHOTO FINISHER—WORK UNDER PERMANENT position in high class studio to competent man; give references and salary wanted. Address N J 296, Tribune.

PRESSMAN — EXPERT HALF-TONE AND COLor printer to take charge of four platten presses outside of Chicago. Must furnish references and samples of work. Apply 6547 Ellis-av., Tuesday between 4 and 9 p. m., Friday and Saturday.

PRINTER—LOCKUP ON CATALOGUE WORK; must be first class, non-union. Burton & Hamner Stationery Co., St. Louis, Mo.

PRINTER—YOUNG MAN, TO SET STRAIGHT matter. 358 Dearborn-st.

PRINTER—JOB; FIRST-CLASS. ATCHISON & CO., 84 6th-av.

PROOFREADER — ON CATALOGUE WORK; must be first class, non-union. Burton & Hamner Stationery Co., St. Louis, Mo.

RELIABLE MAN TO TAKE CHARGE OF DEpartment of labels, etc., in printing department of manufacturing concern; state fully your experience and wages wanted for permanent place and good results. Address H T 12, Tribune.

RUBBING—RED MAN—3401 LA SALLE. JOHN TAIT.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Employment Agencies.

BOOKKEEPERS.

We simply must have several A1 BOOKKEEPERS and LEDGERMEN this week, who can earn from $12 to $20 week.

HIGH GRADE MEN.

We are pretty well supplied with orders for good men in all lines, our salesmen find plenty of openings; it is up to us find the men.
We have openings for
MANAGERS, SALESMEN,
ACCOUNTANTS, STENOGRAPHERS,
CLERICAL MEN, TECHNICAL MEN.
Timekeepers. $720, piece work.

BUSINESS MEN'S CLEARING HOUSE,
SUITE 1107, 184 LA SALLE-ST.

OFFICE CLERKS—GOOD PENMEN.....$12-$18
STENOGRAPHERS.....$12-$18
H. C. KELLOGG & CO., 310 140 DEARBORN-ST.

Trade Schools.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER TRADE. We prepare you for positions, $12 to $20 weekly. Most thorough system of the kind in the world; located in 22 leading cities. Tools given; wages in finishing room. Positions or locations waiting. Call or write Moler Barber College, 435 Wabash-av.

100 MEN AND BOYS—PREPARE FOR POSItions as plumbers, bricklayers, and plasterers; positions secured. Coyne's Trade School, 840 N. Ashland.

BRICKLAYING—LEARN TO LAY BRICK AT Chicago School of Practical Bricklaying. Phone West 1437. Adams-st. and 42d-av.

AUTOMOBILE SCHOOL—
CHICAGO SCHOOL FOR MOTORING.
264 Michigan-av. Phone Har. 119.

TELEGRAPHY—LEARN AND EARN HIGHEST wages. U. E. TEL. CO., 58 La Salle-st., Room 82.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Stenographers and Clerks.

ADDRESSERS—SEVERAL YOUNG LADIES TO do addressing; qualifications, good penmanship, rapidity, and accuracy. Apply in person between 8 and 11 a. m. Shipping Dept. Office, Merchandise Building, SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., corner Homan-av. and Harvard-st.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPher—Lady; $7 to start. SOKOL & CO., 118 W. Randolph-st.

BOOKKEEPER—D. E., YOUNG LADY, COMPEtent to take charge of office; permanent position; state experience and salary expected; South Side. Address N J 300, Tribune.

BOOKKEEPER—LADY; $9 PER WEEK TO BEgin. International Lecture Assn., 610 Stelzway Hall, 17 Van Buren-st.

CASHIER—YOUNG LADY; MUST BE OF NEAT appearance, live with parents, and come well recommended. Dexter Lunch Room, 80 Adams-st.

GIRL—TO COPY ORDERS; SALARY $7.50. Regal Silk Garment Co., 2106-10 Wabash-av., Chicago.

GIRLS—EXPERIENCED MAIL ORDER GIRLS; by large manufacturing concern; addressers and card indexers; nice position; state age, experience, and salary. Address E S 550, Tribune.

GIRLS—FOR GENERAL OFFICE WORK; 18 to work; good hours; $4 per week. CURRIER-BOYCE CO., 63 Washington-st.

LADY CLERKS—FOR OFFICE WORK; PENmanship must be very good. Address N J 295, Tribune.

YOUNG LADIES—SEVERAL, BETWEEN 19 and 25 years of age, who have had experience as bookkeepers, entry clerks, or bill clerks; to young ladies of good education who write a good hand and are quick and accurate at figures we are prepared to offer liberal salaries with good chance for advancement. Address C C 504, Tribune.

YOUNG LADY—EXPERIENCED AS CHECK copier in shipping department of retail dry goods store; no night work. L. KLEIN, Halsted and 14th-st.

YOUNG GIRL—OVER 16, FOR GENERAL OFfice work; must write a good hand. Cosmopolitan Magazine, 1204 Heyworth Bldg.

TEN GIRLS, 17 YEARS OLD,

For office positions in our various offices; must be graduates of school and write a plain hand; salary $5 to start; bright, ambitious girls who are active and willing workers will find this an exceptional opportunity; only those who can demonstrate where merit will quickly gain recognition, and increased salary. Call immediately at the Administration Bldg., and ask to see Mr. Palmer. SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., Kedzie-av., Harvard-st. and Central Park-av.

Agents Wanted.

WANTED— 100 LADY AGENTS
AND CANVASSERS BOTH CITY AND COUNTRY TO SELL ARTICLE INDISPENSABLE TO WOMEN. ENORMOUS PROFITS. WE PAY $5 TO $20 PER DAY; QUICK SELLER. CALL TODAY. ASK FOR OR WRITE MRS. GRAY.
HERRSCHE & SMITH-ST. BUILDING.

LADY AGENTS WANTED—EVERYWHERE, TO sell a new article to ladies only; commission liberal. Write for full particulars. Dr. Fosgate Co., 6139 Lexington-av., Chicago, Ill.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

WANTED—300 SALESWOMEN
20 for coats and suits.
20 for gloves.
100 for toys and dolls.
15 for handkerchiefs.
10 for jewelry.
10 for silverware.
10 for leather goods.
10 for art needlework.
20 for books and stationery.
10 for glass and bric-a-brac.
10 for housefurnishings.
50 for ribbons, notions, neckwear and toilet articles.
15 for groceries.
Apply at once, Superintendent, 8th floor south.
SIEGEL, COOPER & CO.

FEMALE HELP WANTED AT
THE FAIR.
500 saleswomen for
Toys and Dolls,
Fancy Goods,
Jewelry and Silverware,
Laces and Gloves,
Dry Goods,
Hosiery and Neckwear,
Shoes and Candies.

200 inspectors, wrappers, and cash girls.
50 cashiers (references required).
10 young women for office work.

Apply 8 to 11 a. m., 8th floor; after 11 a. m., 2d floor, Superintendent's office.
THE FAIR,
State, Adams & Dearborn-sts.

SALESWOMEN WANTED FOR FOLLOWING DEPARTMENTS:
Jewelry,
Leather Goods,
Books,
Toys,
Stationery,
Gloves,
Shoes.
Also bright girls, 16 to 19 yrs. old, for various positions. Liberal salaries and excellent opportunities for advancement. Apply to Supt. on fifth floor at 8:30 a. m.
ROTHSCHILD & COMPANY,
State and Van Buren-sts.

COMPETENT SOLICITOR — ONE EXPERienced in selling books preferred; liberal salary. Address N C 228, Tribune.

WE PAY $7 TO $10 WEEKLY AND 50% COMmission to ladies who can spare 4 hours daily, selling Cable piano polish. 626, 225 Dearborn-st.

LADY SOLICITORS MAKING $5 DAY; CAN use 4 more. B. HARRIS, 161 W. Madison-st.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Salesrooms, Solicitors, Etc.

SALESWOMEN AT ONCE FOR THE FOLLOWING SECTIONS:

Furs,
Laces,
Handkerchiefs,
Ribbons,
Gloves,
China,
Cut Glass,
Bric-a-brac,
Art Needlework,
Jewelry,
Silverware,
Clocks,
Lamps,
Leather Goods,
Pictures,
Toilet Articles,
Stationery,
Neckwear,

And various other sections throughout the store.

Must come well recommended. Applications considered at any time during the day. Apply Superintendent's office, ninth floor.
MARSHALL FIELD & CO., RETAIL.

Domestics.

COOK AND LAUNDRESS, CHAMBERMAID and waitress, 2; small family. 5634 Washington-av.

COOK—WOMAN, 241 W. 63D-ST. OR 6013 Washington-av.

COOK—WOMAN CAFE COOK OR MAN AND wife. 611 Davis-st., Evanston, Ill.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK—GIRL; ALSO SECond girl. Apply 628 N. Euclid-av. Take Lake-st. elevated and Chicago-av. cars. Carfare refunded.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK—COMPETENT GIRL; in family; Swedish preferred. M. S. LALLY, 5124 Lexington-av.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK—COMPETENT WOMan for general housework; must be a good cook; refs. required. Apply 3158 Calumet-av.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERal housework for small family. Apply to W. L. SANDFORD, 5707 Washington-av.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK—GOOD GIRL. 1644 Briar-pl., 2d flat.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK—WOMAN; SMALL family. 1068 Washington-blvd., 2d flat.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK—3711 PRAIRIE-AV., 1st flat. A Swedish girl; in small family.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK—GIRL. CALL AT once. 1248 Michigan-av.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK—EXP. GIRL; $5.00 week; no washing. 7828 Sangamon-st.

GIRL—BRIGHT, YOUNG, ABOUT 18 YEARS old, for light duty in a private home 8 hours a day. Apply in person. MRS. J. ROSENWALD, 4901 Ellis-av.

GIRL—SWEDISH, GERMAN, OR AMERICAN; for second girl and care of children; $6 per week. 4022 Forrestville-av.

HOUSEWORK—EXPERIENCED GIRL, GENeral hwk., including laundry; small family; north shore suburb; must be good cook; wages, $7. Address N J 298, Tribune.

HOUSEWORK—COMPETENT GIRL, GENERAL housework. First flat, 626 W. Madison-st.

Waitresses and Hotel Help.

CHAMBERMAIDS—3 GOOD HOTEL EXPERIenced; 1 pantry; housekeeper $21 Prado Hotel, 50th-st. and Woodlawn-av.

WAITRESSES—2; MUST BE EXPERIENCED; $6. 408 S. State.

Housekeepers.

HOUSEKEEPER — IN TRANSIENT FLAT; small family. 346 Oak-st., Flat "D."

Dressmakers. Milliners. Seamstresses.

ALTERATION HANDS—100. APPLY SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE.
CARSON, PIRIE, SCOTT & CO.
STATE AND MADISON-STS.

BASTERS, WAIST MAKERS, AND SKIRT MAKERS WANTED FOR DRESSMAKING WORK. APPLY AT ONCE, NINTH FLOOR.
CARSON, PIRIE, SCOTT & CO.,
STATE AND MADISON-STS.

CUTTER AND FITTER—GOOD; REFERENCES required; good wages and steady work. Address E S 515, Tribune.

DRESSMAKER—IN HAIRDRESSING AND millinery parlors. Tel. 4753 Blue.

SILK STITCHERS—EXPERIENCED. ROGERS & CO., 521 Wabash-av.

WAIST AND SKIRT HANDS; ALSO HELPERS. YEAGER, 121 E. 43d-st.

Nurses and Governesses.

LADY—MIDDLE AGED; TO TAKE FULL charge of a 5 months' old baby; good home and good pay. 850 S. Halsted-st.

NURSE MAID—GERMAN; TO CARE FOR 5 year old child; best references required. 837 N. State-st.

NURSE MAID—EXPERIENCED, FOR INFANT; refs. required. Call mornings, 667 E. 48th-pl.

Girls.

ADDRESSERS — PIECEWORK. CURRIER-BOYCE CO., 63 Washington-st.

BINDERY GIRLS — EXPERIENCED; GOOD pay. 55 River-st.

CHOCOLATE AND BON BON DIPPERS — Steady positions. 34 MORSE, candy factory, 44 N. Halsted-st., near Lake-st.

CHOCOLATE DIPPER—EXPERIENCED. 845 Milwaukee-av.

GIRL—SCANDINAVIAN, TO PRESS GARments in dry cleaning establishment; neat, attractive work; experience not necessary; not necessary to understand English. ADAMS & PITNEY, 2141 Wabash-av.

GIRL—92 STATE-ST., GOOD NEAT GIRL TO wrap and tie up candy boxes. SWANSON'S.

GIRLS WANTED.
100 bright girls for wrappers, inspectors and cashiers. Apply at once. Superintendent, 8th floor south.
SIEGEL, COOPER & CO.

GIRLS—16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, FOR INSPECTORS; MUST BE NEAT IN APPEARANCE, BRIGHT, AND ENERGETIC; GOOD, PERMANENT POSITIONS FOR THOSE WHO CAN QUALIFY. APPLY ON 7TH FLOOR, BEFORE 10 A. M.
CARSON, PIRIE, SCOTT & CO.,
STATE AND MADISON-STS.

GIRLS—TO STUFF DOLLS, AT 475 EAST 39th-st.

GIRLS—EXPERIENCED, FOR BINDERY work; to gather and fold paper; steady positions. Phoenix Engraving Co., 164 Clark-st.

Stenographers.

STENOGRAPHER—WELL KNOWN MFG. CONcern will require services of first class stenographer and general office assistant about Dec. 10; must be well educated, write good hand, and have some knowledge of bookkeeping; good permanent position for suitable applicant; $12 to start, with chance for advancement. Address N J 282, Tribune.

STENOGRAPHER—TO TEACH SHORTHAND and typewriting in first class high school in Iowa; $75. Apply 605 Steinway Hall.

STENOGRAPHER — COMPETENT; EXCELlent chance and good salary. Arms Co., 167 Dearborn-st.

STENOGRAPHER — MONARCH MACHINE; good and experienced. 401, 203 Dearborn.

STENOGRAPHER—YOUNG MAN; SALARY $6 TO $8; IMMEdiately. Underwood Typewriter Co., 125 Wabash-av.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Miscellaneous.

APPRENTICES — IN HAIR DRESSING PARlor. MME. WEISS, 1205 W. Madison-st.

GIRLS—EXPERIENCED, FOR HAIR WORK; also apprentices. M. THOME, 1208 Heyworth Bldg.

GLOVE MENDERS—EXPERIENCED. APPLY SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE.
CARSON, PIRIE, SCOTT & CO.
STATE AND MADISON-STS.

GORDON FEEDERS—GIRLS, EXPERIENCED. ROGERS & CO., 521 Wabash-av.

LADY REPRESENTATIVE TO EXHIBIT ARticle of merit; straight salary and give permanent position to responsible party. Call at once. Fulton Parisian Skirt Gauge Co., Room 816, 56 5th-av.

LADY—WITH KNOWLEDGE OF MUSIC; $900 first year; refs. required. Address E E 507, Tribune.

TELEPHONE OPERATORS

CAN OBTAIN POSITIONS IN ANY TOWN IN THE UNITED STATES OR CANADA.

THE WORK IS PLEASANT. SURROUNDINGS IDEAL.

A PROFESSION THAT ONCE LEARNED WILL ALWAYS BE PRACTICAL.

THE CHICAGO TELEPHONE COMPANY PAYS YOU WHILE TEACHING YOU THIS WORK.

IF YOU ARE 16 YEARS OF AGE AND IN GOOD HEALTH

APPLY AT ROOM 9
123 WASHINGTON-ST.

WOMEN—AN OLD ESTABLISHED BUSINESS house wants the services of three women of education; experience unnecessary; no canvassing. Address C J 849, Tribune.

YOUNG LADIES—EXPERIENCED, FOR COLoring commercial photographs.
Will also teach several young ladies, ages 16 to 20, photo tinting and give steady employment when competent. Apply 9 to 10 mornings.
STADLER PHOTOGRAPHING CO.,
1222 Wabash-av.

YOUNG LADY—WHO HAS BUSINESS ABILITY and who knows a way to make money in photography. Address N E 261, Tribune.

Employment Agencies.

MME. CAVELL.

WANTED—COOKS, GENERAL GIRLS, FOR BEST SOUTH SIDE FAMILIES; HIGHEST WAGES; REFS. CAVELL, 106 53D-ST.

COMPETENT MAIDS—REFS. ALL NATIONALities. CATH. BERRY, 226 Chicago-av. No. 881.

DRESSMAKING AND MILLINERY.

TWO WEEKS FREE IN DRESSMAKING and ladies' tailoring if you start this week. Try our cut to order patterns. Call or write for circular.
VALENTINE'S Ladies' Tailoring College,
1208 Wabash-av.—3d. Wells-st.

DRESSCUTTING, DRESSMAKING AND LADIes' tailoring taught from A to Z $5 starts you. Let us cut your patterns from your measurements and make your dresses easy. McDowell School, 78 State-st., opp. Field's.

MADAM HUNT'S MILLINERY SCHOOL—BEST in city; positions furnished; indorsed by leading wholesale houses. 1701 Masonic Temple.

KEISTER'S LADIES' TAILORING COLLEGE 4047 Drexel-blvd., finest equipped in city. Call or write for terms. MARGARET KEISTER, Mgr.

PATERSON SCHOOL OF MILLINERY DESIGN; only school recommended by leading houses. Pattern hats for sale. 6 E. Madison-st.

MISS BOCK'S SEWING SCHOOL—CUTTING taught by new tailor system. 52 Dearborn-st.

TAILORS' CUTTING SCHOOLS.

CROONBORG ACADEMY, 183-189 DEARBORN-ST.—DAY AND EVENING CLASSES.
CENTRAL 5529—PHONES—AUTO. 7582.

ACCOUNTANTS.

THE ACCOUNTING AND BOOKKEEPING CO., 309, 112 Dearborn-st. Central 5730. Accountants and auditors.

SCHMIDT, PALMER & CO., ACCOUNTANTS, 1008 ASHLAND BLOCK. TEL. CENTRAL 3500.

CORSETS.

WE HAVE AN EXCELLENT HIP CORSET selling at $4 this week. WADE CO., 215 Venetian Bldg., 24 Washington-st. Tel. Central 3872.

COWS, BIRDS, DOGS, ETC.

ON ACCOUNT OF MOVING TO CHICAGO WE are compelled to sell our lofts of HOMER PIGEONS. For 30 days only 12 PAIR MATED HOMERS, $12. All birds guaranteed. St. Paris Squab Pigeon Co., St. Paris, Ohio. Chicago address, 1138 Addison-st.

BIRDS AND PETS OF ALL KINDS—DOGS, young parrots, guaranteed to talk, $2.50; goldfish, German singing male canaries, $2.00 each; guaranteed. VARLEY Bird Store, 45 State-st.

HIGH CLASS ENGLISH SETTER PUP PUPpies, Blenheims, King Charles, Rubys; makes nice Christmas present. C. SCHAEFER, 545 South 41st-ct.

THE GREENWOOD KENNELS, 6453 GREENwood-av., Eng. toy spaniels and Japs; stud imported King Charles and Blenheims. Tel. 6065 H. P.

FINE DOGS, SINGING PARROTS, GOLDFISH, speaking parrots, pets, etc. 232 E. 43d-st.

CANARIES ANDRESBERGER IN FULL SONG, largest variety, lowest price. Franke, 5425 State.

CLOTHING, FURS, ETC.

ONE OF OUR BEST CUTTERS GOT A BIT RATtled last week and cut the vest pieces into the from the wrong goods. We would like to get the cost of replacing out of them. How many would $20 make you for one of these $40 suits?
NICOLL THE TAILOR, CLARK AND ADAMS.

TWO BRAND NEW OTTER JACKETS, 36-38 bust, 34 inches long; finest workmanship; cost $150; will sell for $75 if taken at once. Address E K 401, Tribune.

FINE FURS MADE TO ORDER AND REMODeled; reduced 15% for this month. P. Frankel, 95 E. Washington, formerly with Chas. Stevens Bros.

FOR SALE—HIGH GRADE DISCARDED EVENing and dinner gowns for 34 of original price. Ladies' Wardrobers, 217 Blue Island-av.

A FEW FINE SEAL SACQUES AT A BARGAIN. Geiler's Loan Bank, 1752 S. State-st.

SACRIFICE—LONG BLACK BROADTAIL COAT, size 36. 3131 5th-av.

CLEANERS AND DYERS.

KORNBRODT'S—380-8 W. CHI.-AV. TEL. MON. 2626; 1171 W. North; 390 S.-av.; 1107 State-st.; 1594, 1132, 801 Milwaukee-av.; 148 State-st., 4th fl.

AUG. SCHWARZ—LADIES' AND GENTS' GARments; 24 stores. 168 Illinois-bldg., 120 Dearborn-st., 830 W. Madison-st. Tel. Main 3520.

COOK & McLAIN, 80 DEARBORN-ST., PHONE Central 3021; 54 and 56 39th-st., phone Oak. 539; 504 W. Madison-st., phone Monroe 1131.

DAVID WEBER, THE EXPERT.
3525 State-st. BRANCHES: 118 E. 43d-st., 22d-st. and Michigan-av. Phone Douglas 534.

CAST-OFF CLOTHING.

THE ORIGINAL MRS. H. STARR, 267 S. STATE-st., phones Harrison 3856, Drexel 12784. Highest prices paid for evening gowns, opera coats, and sealskin coats.

H. L. 474 N. CLARK-ST., PAYS THE HIGHEST prices for ladies' and gentlemen's castoff clothing. Phone North 3350. Will call immediately.

MYERHOFF, 626 W. CONGRESS-ST., PAYS highest prices for gents' clothing. Tel. Seeley 2557.

STOVES.

MAGIC STOVE LININGS AT SIEGEL & COOPer's. PLASTIC as PUTTY; fit any stove; 3 slabs, 25c; 6 slabs, 45c. HARDEN IN FIRE.

MAGIC STOVE LININGS, FIT ANY STOVE; keep moist and plastic until used; 3 for 35c, 4 for 45c. At THE FAIR; reline your own stoves.

STOVES—GLENWOOD RANGES, BEST HARD coal ranges made; Bon-ton hotel ranges; ask your dealer for them. J. RETTERER, 109 Lake-st.

FOR SALE—SEVERAL GAS AND COAL stoves, very cheap. 113-114 S. Franklin-st.

STORAGE AND SHIPPING.

BAER'S NEW STORAGE WAREHOUSE, 1535 Milwaukee-av. Tel. Humboldt 647. Iron rooms; furniture and piano moving in padded vans. Second hand furniture bought, sold, and exchanged.

WERNER BROS. FIREPROOF STORAGE, 18-24 Evanston-av., 1965-1970 Evanston-av.—Absolutely fireproof storage warehouses; household reraving; packing and shipping. Phone Lake View 33.

AUCTION SALES.

WILLIAMS, BARKER & SEVERN CO., 185-187 Wabash-av., general auctioneers. Sales at store every Wednesday and Saturday, 10 a. m. Furniture, carpets, gen. household goods. Tel. 2100 Cent.

AUCTIONEERING—JONES' NAT'L SCHOOL, 231 Ashland-blvd. Auctioneers furnished.

FOR SALE.

HARDWOOD SAWDUST FOR SALE. REDLICH, 10 Oak-st.

FOR SALE—100,000 CU. YDS. BLACK GARDEN soil on r. r. Address D 507, Tribune.

CANDIES—CHEWING GUM.

CONFECTIONERY. FINE BONBONS AND chocolates, famous throughout the United States. Send for wholesale and retail catalogue.
C. F. GUNTHER, Confectioner, 153 W. Jackson.

CAMERAS, KODAKS, ETC.

4x5 EASTMAN FOLDING P. KODAK, $7.45. Cameras or Kodaks rented or exchanged. Central Camera Co., 51 Adams-st.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A LIBERAL REWARD WILL BE PAID and no questions asked for the return of a leather box and contents which were in a trunk stolen from the Kaiserhof hotel baggage room during June or July, 1906. Address D 988, Tribune.

LOST—SOLID GOLD WATCH WITH INITIALS on back, R. O. C.; on Marshall field grounds, 37th and Ellis Saturday afternoon. Return to M. O. CROSSETTE, a. w. cor. Adams and Market-st. Reward.

LOST—BLACK LEATHER HANDBAG CONtaining currency and draft; a Kenosha commutation ticket, pair eyeglasses. Return to 834 Washington-blvd. and receive reward.

LOST—BETWEEN 65TH AND U. P. STATION AND Grand opera house, gold chain, ring, and watch containing owner's name. E. M. STEINBACH, 1907 Garfield-blvd., Drexel 2582.

FOUND—SATURDAY EVENING, GOLD BRACElet. Owner can have same by paying for this ad and proving property. MISS F. BUCHTRUP, 3318 Forest-av.

LOST—TUESDAY EVE., BLACK MUFF, OF 44th-av., between Washington-blvd. and Madison-st., between 7 and 8 o'clock. Return to 2165 Washington-blvd. Reward.

LOST—SMALL WHITE AND BLACK SPANIEL; near 35th-st. and Cottage Grove-av. Phone Douglas 3071. Reward.

LOST—PLEASE RETURN FOX TERRIER THAT was picked up by young man at 51st-st. elevated Wednesday evening to 6014 Prairie-av. Reward.

LOST — CHINCHILLA SCARF, THURSDAY evening at Rector's; $20 reward for return and no questions asked. Address H 94, Tribune.

LOST—BLACK COCKER SPANIEL, MALE; answers to "Silk." Reward. Return to 4238 St. Lawrence-av.

LOST—LADY'S OPEN FACE GOLD WATCH, with fob; Englewood or Woodlawn; Nov. 18, evening. Liberal reward. 159 W. 66th-st.

LOST—SCOTCH COLLIE DOG. RETURN 500 W. Jackson-blvd. rear. Reward.

LOST—GRAY AND WHITE ANGORA CAT. 0637 Parnell-av. Phone Wentworth 3468.

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—WANTED INFORMATION CONcerning Anton Von Fienne, formerly of Brooklyn, last heard from in 1899 as employed under name Thomas J. Young, Engineer's Department, Rock Island Road, near Kenadarko, Indian Territory. F. M. APPLEGATE, Attorney, 20 Broadst., New York City.

PERSONAL—WILL THE LADY WHO ASSISted a gentleman who was injured on Nov. 5, 1906, by a collision between a 31st-st. and State-st. car of the Chicago City Railway, or any other person who saw the accident, communicate with or send their address to SAMUEL W. JACKSON, 1013, 172 Washington-st., Chicago?

PERSONAL—MY WIFE HAVING LEFT MY BED and board, I will not be responsible for any debts she incurs. JULIUS PETERSON, Deerfield, Ill.

PERSONAL—WE HAVE BABY BOYS AND GIRL FOR ADOPTION; WOMEN'S PRIVATE HOSPITAL, DR. SWARTZ, 270 W. ADAMS-ST.

BUSINESS PERSONALS.

PERSONAL—
FACES IMPROVED
WE CORRECT. WE REMOVE
Sagging Cheeks, Deep Wrinkles,
Crooked Noses, Repulsive Flabbiness,
Ugly Frowns, Crow's Feet, Hollows,
Baggy Eyelids, Mouth to Nose Lines,
Pug Noses, Superfluous Hair,
Hollow Cheeks

BOARDING AND LODGING.

South Side.

8716 WASHINGTON-AV.—A HOMELIKE PLACE near three transportations; 15 min. to city; large enough so a good table can be afforded; flat; elegantly furnished; steam heat; gas; bath; phone; private connection; some very economical arrangements for families. Phone Hyde Park 2492.

4402 BERKELEY-AV.—A REAL HOME FOR refined gentlemen; established in strictly private family; with excellent home cooking; two or three rooms; single or en suite; housekeeper runs; hot water heat; private entrance; private lavatory; L. 43d; 47th and Indiana car line.

6217 STEWART-AV.—PLEASANT, MODERN sunny room, with board; private family; good home cooking; suitable for two young men; married couple employed; price reasonable; near Harvard "L" station.

145 E. 47TH-ST.—LARGE SUNNY ALCOVE AND side rooms; good home for refined; home board; table; organ in parlor; "L" and 3d. detached house; hot water heat. Drexel 1066.

3018 MICHIGAN-AV.—BEAUTIFULLY FURnished room; excellent board; steam heat; private home; references exchanged.

4131 LEXINGTON-AV.—ROOMS, SINGLE OR EN suite; accommodations for 3, 4 or 5; with board; home table; every convenience; L. C. 11, blks. to L station.

3619 ELLIS-AV.—LARGE, WELL FURNISHED steam heated suite of rooms, with bath; private home; convenient to L. C.; and surface lines; adults only.

FOR YOUNG COUPLE OR LADY EMPLOYED, who will appreciate genuine home life, excellent and cooking; in strictly private family; no other boarders. Phone Drexel 7214.

4062 ELLIS-AV, CRESCENT — BEAUTIFUL steam heated room, single or en suite; private home; with or without excellent board. Phone Douglas 1417.

3763 MADISON-AV.—LOVELY, CLEAN, STEAM heated rooms; excellent board; ref. Phone 1417 Calumet.

3036 S. 35TH-ST.—SINGLE ROOM WITH BOARD; convenient to Illinois Central express trains. Telephone Hyde Park 3582.

1402 MICHIGAN-AV.—CORNER RESIDENCE, elegantly furnished large rooms; steam heat; superior board for refined people; walking dist.

4761 PRAIRIE-AV.—HANDSOMELY FURN. rooms; next to first class boarding house; best transp.

3411 MICHIGAN-AV.—NEWLY FURN. ROOMS, FRONT OR REAR; EN SUITE OR SINGLE; LAVATORIES; HOME COOKING; reasonable.

3436 INDIANA-AV.—DESIRABLE LARGE FRONT room; good board; reasonable; best transportation.

4315 ELLIS-AV.—DOUBLE ROOM; RUNNING water; with or without board; references.

4244 MICHIGAN-AV.—LARGE FRONT SINGLE room; running water; home table; phone.

3460 INDIANA-AV.—NICELY FURNISHED front room; with or without table board; home cooking; reasonable; best transportation.

3465 ELLIS-AV.—PLEASANT ALCOVE ROOM with board; steam heat; near L C.

4301 PRAIRIE-AV. — NICELY FURN. ROOM with board; all conveniences; ref. Tel. 2718 Douglas.

3[illegible] MICHIGAN-AV.—NEAR AUDITORIUM; best room, table, and rate for refined couple.

3540 MICHIGAN-AV.—ROOMS WITH BOARD; single and double; 3d floor; Douglas 3070.

1640 WABASH-AV.—ROOMS UPWARDS; with board; 90 upwards; steam, elevator; ref.

3021 MICHIGAN-AV.—DESIRABLE STEAM heated single rooms, with excellent board; private family; reasonable; references.

3850 PRAIRIE-AV.—FRONT ROOM AND board; gentleman; private family; reas.

West Side.

424 WARREN-AV. — LARGE FRONT ROOM; good board; running water; phone; good location.

North Side.

HADDON HALL, 1624-28 PEMBERTON-AV., near Wilson-L station—If you are looking for a quiet and first class home, in the best residence district of Sheridan Park, a few gentlemen or ladies employed can find superior accommodations; board with suite or single rooms; also some choice 2 room suites for men or married couple. $20. Also several comfortably furnished single rooms.

MANSION HOUSE—EASTOR-ST., NEAR Lake Shore-drive and Division—We cater to people who appreciate a refined, homelike atmosphere; elegant rooms and wholesome food at moderate rates; 15 min. to business center.

1069 GLISTON-AV., 3D—LARGE AND SMALL Pleasant outside rooms; double and single; with board; private family; references; one block Wilson-av. L station. Phone Edgewater 1548.

826 WINTHROP-AV.—COR. AINSLIE—LARGE front room; suitable for two; excellent board; modern; private home; hot water heat; 8 lines of transportation; fine location; refs.

SECOND STORY FRONT ROOM, NORTH SIDE; convenient to L; private family; excellent privilege of parlor; piano; phone. Address S 37 Tribune.

414 N. CLARK-ST.—BOARD AND SECOND floor front room; 2 closets, lavatory, bath, steam, modern; strictly first class; best location; private family.

37 BELLEVUE-PL. — HANDSOMELY FURnished rooms with board; near Lake Shore-drive; walking distance.

"FURNISHED" 3 DEARBORN-AV.—LIGHT AND exceedingly pleasant room for 2; all conveniences; 1st class board; terms moderate.

57 DELAWARE-PL.—NICELY FURNISHED rooms; all conveniences; excellent board; desirable location; walking dist. Phone 492 White.

465 LA SALLE-AV.—$4 UP; EXCELLENT steam heated rooms; unsurpassed meals; free light; hot water; near Lincoln Park; 15 min. to loop.

706 N. PARK-AV. 1ST APT.—LARGE FRONT room and alcove bedroom, modern; opp. Lincoln Park; private family; references exchanged.

440 LA SALLE-AV. — A REFINED FAMILY wishes 2 roomers; excellent board; also roommate for one of the same; reference.

406 DEARBORN-AV.—HANDSOMELY FURN. rooms; excellent board; hot water heat; reas.

71 MAPLE-ST.—DOUBLE ROOM WITH BOARD; running hot and cold water. Phone North 3[illegible].

ROOMS WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD; MODERate prices; walking dist. Tel. 4461 Dearborn.

319 DEARBORN-AV.—MODERN FRONT RME; steam heat; walk dist.; excellent table $5.50 up.

618 LINCOLN-AV.—SECOND FLOOR—SINGLE room; hot water; gas.

548 DEARBORN-AV.—2D FLOOR, FRONT; ALSO other rooms; steam heat; good table.

[illegible] DEARBORN-AV.—FLOOR, FRONT, also other rooms; steam heat; good table.

Hotels.

THE DEL PRADO—A SELECT FAMILY AND transient hotel, occupying the entire block between Drexel-blvd. and Ellis-av., fronting on the Midway-blvd., right at the entrance to Jackson Park, which overlooks Lake Michigan; 400 rooms. "L" and surface lines. Illinois Central suburban trains, 1½ blocks away; only 12 minutes to city.

HOTEL ALEXANDRIA, S. W. COR. OF RUSH and Ohio-sts.; walking distance from the business center; a high-class hotel; with and without bath; 2 and 3 room suites, at very attractive rates to permanent guests for the winter; telephone in each room; guests are unqualified to select before you locate. Phone 5417 North; John D. Lull, Mgr.

HOTEL TURNER, 3D AND WARASH-AV.—Corner of Harrison-st.; steam heated and best located family hotels on the South Side; rooms single or en suite, with or without private baths; electric elevator service; all modern improvements; convenient to elevated, Indiana, and State-st. car lines. Phone 308 Douglas.

NEW COMMERCIAL HOTEL, 17 FARMERS AND STOCKMEN; FIREPROOF. European plan. $1.50 to $2.50. Wabash-av., n. w. cor. Harrison-st. 200 modern rooms, all outside; 10-c. car. $1, $1.50, and $2 per day; low rates by week or month.

DREXEL ARMS HOTEL—JUST OPENED—Drexel-blvd. and 39th-st.; location, convenience and transportation; everything new and high class; 150 rooms, private baths, beautiful lobby, office, and dining room; rates reasonable. Your inspection invited. Phone 446 Douglas.

HOTEL HAYES, 64TH AND LEXINGTON—Without exception pleasantest home in Chicago; block from Midway and Jackson parks; lines convenient to Illinois Central; nicely furnished room, with bath; American plan, $12.50 day; $7 week up. First class table; 15 min. to loop. Tel. Hyde Park 1.

THE ARCOLA—QUIET, REFINED, HOMELIKE for permanent people only; rooms single or en suite, with private baths; elevator service; transient trade not desired; excellent service; transportation L 47th and electric; moderate rates. Refrences. 4343 Lake-av. Phone Oakland 1.

THE SHENANDOAH, EVANSTON AND SUNnyside-ave. Everything new and modern; single rooms and suites; Russian palace; hot water heat for the winter; N. W. L express trains, 18 min. from city. Phone Edgewater 1281.

HOTEL HOLLENDEN AND LAKE-AV. — American plan; permanent, single rooms, $7.50 up; en suite, with private bath, for two, $18 up; ten minutes from city; suburban and L express. Phone Hyde Park 192.

THE OAKWOODS, 174 OAKWOOD-BLVD., UNder new management; elegantly furnished front and side parlors; good, German cooking; home made bread; rates reasonable.

CONTINENTAL HOTEL, WABASH-AV. AND Madison-st.; modern, fireproof, select family hotel; excellent meals; Am. plan; $2 single day, $1.50 to weekly guests. Special rates to regulars.

HOTEL WYCHERLY (EUROPEAN), INDIANA-av. and 18th-st.—150 elegant suites; moderate; comfortable rates. Tel. 1098 S. MRS. H. YORK, Mgr.

HOTEL LUZERNE, CLARK AND CENTER-sts., main entrance of Lincoln Park—First class family and transient hotel; 20 min. ride downtown.

THE RETHERLAND, 2124 MICHIGAN-AV. 10 minutes' walk from downtown—Newly equipped rooms, with bath, $9 week up.

THE HOLLENDEN FURNISHED APARTMENTS, 1 to 6 rooms, with bath; $1.20 per day up; cafe; meals a la carte or Am. plan. Phone Hyde Park 192.

DEARBORN-AVENUE HOTEL, DEARBORN and Chicago-ave.—Rooms from $2 week up; steam heat, elevator, telephone. Phone Main 4[illegible].

MOTEL GRANT—OUTSIDE ROOMS, WITH board, $6 up. 114 E. 53d-st. Hyde Park 506.

BOARD WANTED.

BOARD—BY REFINED, MIDDLE AGED JEWish lady; large, cheerful room, breakfast or dinner, with congenial private family; ref. exch. Address H 827, Tribune.

BOARD—BY A QUIET HOME IN PRIvate; refined family; S. Oakley-blvd.; refs. exchanged. Address H 60, Tribune.

WANTED—BOARD AND LODGING IN PRIVATE JEWISH family for young lady; must be strictly first class; L. C. Address SCHWARTZ, 5563 Elmwood-av.

BOARD—TWO PEOPLE, LARGE OR 3 SMALL rooms; private family; permanent position; references exchanged. Address H 822, Tribune.

BOARD—AND ROOM—BY LADY IN PRIVATE family; must be pleasant, good neighborhood. Address H 821, Tribune.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

South Side.

TO RENT—2 COMFORTABLY FURN. BRIGHT rooms in private family; strictly modern; gentlemanly neighborhood; convenient to surface. 3018 Butler-st.

TO RENT—1ST MICHIGAN-AV.—STEAM heated rooms, $3 and up; near business.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED AND SINGLE ROOM; furniture and bed; light closet; 4424 Grand-blvd.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOM; suitable for one or two gentlemen. 3[illegible] Grand-av.

TO RENT—LIGHT, FURNISHED ROOMS; with or without board; 3[illegible] Michigan-av.

TO RENT—ONE FINE PARLOR, PRIVATE home; all mod. conv. 3011 Calumet-av., 1st.

TO RENT—$35 INDIANA-AV.; LARGE ROOMS; 2 closets; modern; will decorate; 4th floor. 2[illegible] Indiana-av. Phone Central 6820.

TO RENT—ALDEN APTS., 148 OAKWOOD-blvd., single and en suite, furnished, unfur.

TO RENT—BEAUTIFUL FRONT ROOM WITH private home. 3[illegible] Michigan-av.

TO RENT—3606 ELLIS-AV. FURNISHED FAMily and single rooms; lavatory; good transportation.

TO RENT—3328 WASHINGTON-AV., LARGE south frontroom; suitable for (wo); modern.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, HEATED; light housekeeping; phone. 2209 Prairie-av.

West Side.

TO RENT—HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS, FURnished or unfurnished; elevated, electric; $2 and $3. 407 Fulton-st.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

South Side.

TO RENT—MODERN STONE FRONT HOUSE; elegant rooms; fine oak finish; steam heat; choice location; Grand-blvd. and State-st. cars; $47.50. Ry., 5[illegible] will sell, a bargain. PETER NILAND, 622 E. 63d-st.

TO RENT—IN KENWOOD, VERY DESIRABLE 10 room, furnished house.

H. E. ASH & CO., 23 E. 47th-st.

TO RENT—49 E. 37TH-ST., ADAPTED FOR club school, or sanitarium; good condition.

North Side.

TO RENT—NORTH SIDE HOUSES.

491 Fullerton-av., 12 room-corner house; combination gas and hot water heat; immediate possession; $70 per month.

OGDEN, SHELDON & COMPANY,
84 LA SALLE-ST. Main 4[illegible].

TO RENT—HOUSE, ONE BLOCK FROM NORTH and Lincoln Park; 8 rooms; modern in every respect; electric light and steam heat furnished free. Apply rentring office, 671 Wells-st.

Suburban.

TO RENT—EVANSTON—FURNISHED AND UNfurnished houses and apts.; $30 to $200 per mo. MASON & SMART, 1580 Sherman-av., Evanston.

Winter Resorts.

TO RENT—COMPLETELY FURNISHED MODern seven room house for season in Daytona, Fla. Address H 833, Tribune.

TO RENT—FURNISHED HOUSES.

TO RENT—FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED—My home, Michigan-av., 30th-st.; 3 baths, 4 settees, ball room, billiard room, two pianos, fine barn; also 2 flats, will rent from 5 to 5 years. Phone Wentworth 2417.

TO RENT — COMPLETELY FURN. 12 ROOM house, winter months; Evanston. Address E 58, Tribune.

TO RENT—FLATS.

South Side.

TO RENT—HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS, FURnished or unfurnished; elevated, electric; $2 and $3. 407 Fulton-st.

TO RENT—MODERN 4 ROOM FLAT, $26.50; 50th, near Grand-blvd.; 1 block 51st-st. L station. Phone Drexel 1326.

TO RENT—PARK OAKS APRTS., ONE 8 ROOM flat; steam, elevator, phone; L. surface, and I. C. trans.; $8 to $26. 215 E. 65d-st.

TO RENT—11½ 56TH-PL., NR. WOODLAND flat; 7 rooms; bath; 2 room flat; excellent bldg.; $22.50. See janitor.

TO RENT—4142 COTTAGE GROVE-AV., 5 rooms; bath; $27.50. H. S. NORCOTT & CO., 122 E. 42d-st.

TO RENT—3137 GROVELAND-AV., 7 ROOM flat; strictly modern; will decorate; 4th floor; $22. 1[illegible] Bldg., 181 La Salle-st. Central 6820.

TO RENT—FLAT 7 R., ALL OUTSIDE 2; ELR. steam, hot water. 104 E. 26th-st. Rent $22.50.

TO RENT—4 AND 7 ROOM HIGH CLASS APTS.; janitor service; steam heat and elevator.

TO RENT—4 ROOM FLAT, WITH RANGE and bath; 1818 Wabash-av. Barker & Jackson.

TO RENT—3 ROOM APARTMENT DECORATed, hardwood floors. 4000 Prairie-av., janitor.

TO RENT—NEW APARTMENTS.
4 AND 5 ROOMS—S. w. cor. Prairie-av. and 50th-st.; new 5 room ceilings in d. r.; elegant decorations; 5 rooms, $35; 6 rooms, corner, $42.50.

7 ROOMS—4043 Michigan-blvd., 3d flat; just finished; fine light; high grade; servants' lavatory.

6 ROOMS—4344-46 Calumet-av., finished in mahogany, oak, and white enamel; sideboards, tile bath, etc.; $40. JANITOR AT 4344 OR 4346.

5 AND 6 ROOMS—731 50th-st., east of Grand; new; all large, light rooms; hese pads, etc.; $30 and $35. 4[illegible] Indiana-av. S. 837, and 3[illegible] janitor.

7 ROOMS AND ALCOVE—4910 Vincennes-av., 1st flat; h. w. floors; sideboard, etc.; $45.

5 ROOMS—Cottage Grove-av. and 47th-st.; new, modern; tile bath, etc.; $40.

5 AND 8 ROOMS—N. w. cor. Vincennes-av. and 46th st., Kenwood; 5 rooms, tile bath, sideboards; will decorate to suit; $45 to $60.

5 ROOMS—4738 Calumet-av., cor. 48th, 3d flat; all outside rooms; hardwood floors; $27.50.

5 ROOMS—522 E. 50th-st., all modern, sideboard, h. w. floors, etc.; $32.

5 AND 6 ROOMS—5246 Wabash-av., single two flat bldg.; new; h. w. floors, sideboards, tile baths, etc.; fine light; $26 to $37.50; cor. 6 r., $40.

5 ROOMS—5030 Wabash-av.; hardwood floors and finish; sideboards; tile bath; low rent.

5 ROOMS—5038-40 Calumet-av., outside light, hardwood floors, tile bath, etc.; $27.50-$30.

7 ROOMS—4906 Michigan-av., 3d flat, new; servants' bath; high grade; $37.50.

5 ROOMS—5400 Indiana-av., 2d flat, corner; hardwood floors and finish; modern; $27.50.

4 ROOMS—56th-st., n. e. cor. Indiana; new; large rooms; all modern conveniences; $18.

5 ROOMS—747 46d-st., bet. Michigan and Wabash, fireproof; $27.50.

3 ROOMS—5620 Indiana-av., 3d flat, h. w. floors, sideboard, tile bath; $37½.

5 ROOMS—N. e. cor. 44th-st. and Forrestville-av.; hardwood floors, tile bath, beautiful decorations; good light; $27.50.

4 ROOMS—4202 Prairie-av., hardwood floors and finish, tile bath, etc.; $25.

6 ROOMS—4849 Lake-av., 2d flat, thoroughly high grade, exceptionally choice.

5 ROOMS—4718 Indiana-av., 3d flat; thoroughly modern; h. w. floors.

7 ROOMS—4221 Prairie-av., unheated; $25.

H. G. HOWARD & CO., 101 Washington-st.

5 ROOMS—Cor. 52d-st. and 36th and Prairie-av.

TO RENT—SPECIAL—
N. w. cor. Grand-blvd. and 38th-st., one elegant 7 room apartments, 2d floor, all outside light; beautifully finished; rent $37.50. Special concessions to May 1.

4630 Washington-av., delightful 8 room apartment; finest part of Kenwood, opposite Blackstone library, overlooking the lake; rent $55.

4729 Lake-av., elegant 7 room apartment; dining room opening on corner of bay window overlooking the lake; rent $60.

H. W. K. YOUNG & BRO., 204 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—NEAR DREXEL-BLVD.
Second floor, 303 E. 45th-st. Eight rooms and two baths, very large rooms; handsomely decorated; first class new building; all light; second and third floors of seven rooms and two baths at 309 E. 46th-st. These apartments must be seen to be appreciated. Janitor service. Rent reasonable to responsible tenants. Open for inspection daily. See janitor or

JOHN WORTHINGTON, Owner,
72 E. Madison-st.

TO RENT—FREE RENT TO DEC. 20TH.
Flats and rooms; electric light; low rents.
NEW STEAM HEATED APARTMENTS.
Near I. C. and "L"; beautifully finished in various woods; latest designs in sideboard and mantels; beam ceiling, open plumbing, plate rack, linowall dado in dining rooms, electric lights; $40 and $42.50.
DRAPER & DRAPER, 4[illegible] Vincennes-av.
Phone Hyde Park 627 and 647. 367 East 83d-st.

TO RENT—2 BEAUTIFUL NEW $55 5 ROOM apartments (can be used together as one); strictly modern; in best location; 2d floor; 1 block from S. S. "L"; will be subleased at a great sacrifice, account family leaving city. Inquire of janitor, or address GEO. NELSON, 1065 E. Garfield-blvd. 3d apt.

TO RENT—4656 WOODLAWN-AV., CORNER 47th-st.; very choice 6 room apartment on 3d floor; all outside rooms; one of the choicest apartments in Kenwood; rent $40.

TO RENT—5 ROOMS—5509 E. 30TH-PL., nr. Champlain, 6 rooms, 2d floor; overlooking Washington Park; $22.50.
HENRY W. ELLIS & CO., 1 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—4327 DREXEL-BLVD., NEWLY DECorated 8 r. apartment in three flat bldg., $50. 6410 Ellis-av., 4 r. steam heated flat; modern; $30. 5 r. flat, $22.50. 353 E. 45th-st., nr. Cottage Grove-av., 6 r. steam heated, $27.50.
BROWN, JENSON & CO., 4301 Drexel-blvd.

TO RENT—NEW, BEAUTIFUL APARTMENTS, 5, 6 rooms, n. w. cor. Indiana-av. and 49th-st.; open for inspection; just completed; exposed oak finish throughout. Michigan-av., 6 rooms; beautiful, light apartments, $32.50.
ALLEN, FRIEND & CO., 183 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—3630-32 GRAND-BLVD.—ELEGANT new apartments, just being completed; beautiful sideboards and mantels of special design in each apartment; all the latest conveniences; all the very latest conveniences; model apartments in every particular; rents $30 and $32.50.
SOUTHARD & TURNER, 3206 Cottage Grove-av.

TO RENT — WE HAVE A LARGE LIST OF flats and houses, 5 to 10 rooms, along the line of the elevated road from $20 to $75. You will save money by calling on
F. P. McCARTHY & CO.,
State and Harrison-sts., 2d floor, Prairie-av.

TO RENT—ONE OF THE FINEST 5 ROOM flats on South Side, all newly decorated; every room outside light; near 47th-st. "L"; 3d floor; rent $30.
H. C. ROSS, 1065 E. 61st-st. Tel. Wentworth 2412.

TO RENT—1806 LAKE-AV. BEAUTIFUL 8 room apartment; superior finish, latest view, all modern appointments; outside light to every room; lowest rental in locality for first class accommodations. See janitor.

TO RENT—4615 KIMBARK-AV., THE HANDsomest 8 room flat in Woodlawn; 4 bedrooms, 2 baths; parlor, library, and reception hall in mahogany finish; all up to date improvements.
CHAS. A. V. STANDISH, 107 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—215 E. 63TH-PL., NEAR JACKSON Park, in Howard apartments, elegant 7 room flat, steam heat, elevator; $30; near South Side L and I. C. Ry.

TO RENT—NEW APARTMENTS.
ERICKSON & ERICKSON,
4527-29 PRAIRIE-AV.
7 rooms, mod., high grade. Apply LANG, 1st flat.

TO RENT—6407 ELLIS-AV., MODERN 6 room flat; 2d floor; $22.50. 6[illegible] 7 elegant rooms each; $42.50. PETER NILAND, 622 63d-st.

TO RENT—THE BEAUFORT, S. E. COR. PRAIrie and 54th-st.; new 6 room flat; top floor; rooms modern; janitor on premises.

TO RENT—6 ROOM FLAT, 4149 CALUMET-AV.; all hardwood; best on street. Call 8-9 flat.

West Side.

TO RENT—GARFIELD VILLA, 1960 WASHINGton-blvd.; 6 room flat, $32; steam heat and janitor service; strictly modern. McCARTY BROS., 804, 134 Monroe-st. Tel. 760 Cent.

TO RENT—5 ROOM FLATS; STOVE HEAT; new decorations; open daily 12 o'clock. 413 West Randolph-st.

TO RENT — 8 ROOM FLAT, ALL MODERN, steam heat, 2d floor; rent $40. 1[illegible] Ashland-av. and L road. 220 Palmer-sq., near Albany-av.

TO RENT — MODERN 6 ROOM APARTMENT; steam heat. Jackson and Wood. Janitor, or J. VAN WYCHELL & CO., Ogden-av. and Van Buren-st.

TO RENT—877 JACKSON-BLVD., 7 R. 1ST. $35. 1508 Portland Bldg., 181 La Salle-st. Cent. 6820.

North Side.

THE
WILLIAMS APARTMENT BUILDINGS
ON THE NORTH SHORE.

THE ELMHURST, 1923 Wrightwood-av., 24 apartments of 4, 5, and 6 rooms; $37.50 to $55. See janitor.

THE STEWART, 1620-28 Sheridan-road, 7 room flat, vacant, 2d floor, $50; also one duplex flat of 9 rooms, $65. See janitor.

My apartment buildings are provided with all the comforts of an elegant home.

THE ELMHURST overlooks Lincoln Park. Some of the most beautiful residences on the North Side are adjacent to the ELMHURST. Thirty minutes' ride to the center of the city.

In the ELMHURST everything is provided—FOR ELEGANCE, PARTY AND CONVENIENCE. A fireproof building, artistically finished in mahogany, telephones, sunshine in every room, etc. The janitor service is the best.

THE STEWART is only one of the handsomest apartments on the north shore; interior finished with carved dropped beam ceilings, etc.

At my office I have views, plans, and full information.

GEORGE J. WILLIAMS, 42 River-st.
Phone Central 2100.

TO RENT — APARTMENTS OF 6, 7, AND 10 rooms in the Majestic. Steam and electric. N. w. corner Rush-st. Steam heat, janitor service, passenger and freight elevators; service first class in every respect; and building is practically fireproof. Apply to janitor at building, or G. P. FISCHER, 1020 First National Bank Bldg. Telephone Central 4836.

TO RENT—NEW HIGH CLASS 6 ROOM APARTment at n. e. cor. Evanston-av. and Crescent-pl.; ready for occupancy Dec. 1; fine location for doctor, dentist, or residence purposes. Rents $40 to $45. Call and see them at once.

F. P. McCARTHY & CO.,
State and Harrison-sts., 2d floor, Prairie-av.

TO RENT—ONE OF THE FINEST 5 ROOM flats on South Side, all newly decorated; every room outside light; near 47th-st. "L"; 3d floor; rent $30.
H. C. ROSS, 1065 E. 61st-st. Tel. Wentworth 2412.

TO RENT—WITHOUT COST, 2 FURNISHED bedrooms and kitchen to a private family; Miss Clark-st. to married couple without children willing to care for balance of house; city references required. Apply Room 202, 61 Clark-st.

TO RENT—295 LA SALLE-AV. FLAT 7, LOwest entrance; beautiful double fur. rooms, reasonable; steam, hot water, phone; select location; references.

TO RENT—SPLENDIDLY EQUIPPED STEAM heated fur. room, with every convenience and service; private home. 429 E. Erie-st., e. of Lincoln Park-blvd.

TO RENT—THE WINTERERIT, 330 WINthrop-av., nicely furnished single room; steam, hot water heat; phone; private family.

TO RENT—FRONT ROOM, REFINED HOME, lady employed; 2 blk. Wilson-av. exp. Phone Lawndale 2005. 1027 Kedzie-av.

TO RENT—521 LA SALLE-AV., HANDSOMELY furnished, large single room; gentleman; refined home; every convenience.

TO RENT—ELLSWORTH-AV.—PLEASANT double and single front rooms in private house; steam, hot water, phone; good transportation.

TO RENT—FRONT ALCOVE ROOM, FURnished, light housekeeping; closets, running water, heat. Phone Black 522. 246 Schiller-st.

TO RENT—386 DEARBORN-AV., 2 LARGE front rooms, one with private bath, lavatories; steam heat, hot water; finished hard wood floors. Phone Main 4[illegible].

TO RENT—ELEGANTLY FURN. COR. LIVING room; also bedroom; board optional; steam; piano; phone. 1008 Michigan-av. Phone Calumet 9698.

TO RENT—LARGE OUTSIDE ROOM; STEAM; near Diversey L. 802 Burling-st., 1st flat.

TO RENT—328 DEARBORN-AV., FURNISHED rooms; steam heat; bath; elevator service.

TO RENT—PLEASANT DBL. AND SGL. FURN. rooms; modern; steam, phone. 460 Dearborn-av.

TO RENT—541 DEARBORN-AV., SGL. & DBL. rm., 2 connecting; also single, furnished.

TO RENT—FURN ROOM; STEAM HEAT; GENtleman or widow. 681 Wells-st., 2d.

TO RENT—WELL HEATED ROOM; ALL CONvenience; light housekeeping. 130 La Salle-av.

TO RENT—FURN. ROOMS FOR L. H. EVERY conv., $3.50; sleeping room $2. 678 Wells-st.

TO RENT—HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS.

South Side.

TO RENT—2 NICELY FURN. CONNECTING front rooms, suitable for light housekeeping; 1 C transportation. 4311 Berkeley-av.

TO RENT—2 CONNECTING FRONT ROOMS for light housekeeping. 2629 Calumet-av.

TO RENT—NEATLY FURN. ROOM, LIGHT h'k'p'g; single or en suite. 3[illegible] Prairie.

TO RENT—2606 IND.-AV., 3D FLAT—KITCHEN and dining room; gas range; housekeeping; $4.50.

TO RENT—HOUSEKEEPING, 2, 3 ROOMS; steam; w. heat; $3 to $4. 3[illegible] Ellis-av.

TO RENT—2994 LAKE PARK-AV. SUITE OF front rooms complete housekeeping. Doug. 5547.

TO RENT—FRONT SIDE ROOMS; GOOD transient and light housekeeping. 3[illegible] Park.

TO RENT—3022 GROVELAND-AV., 2 ROOMS complete; housekeeping; heat; hot water in rms.

TO RENT—2023 GROVELAND-AV., 2 NICELY furnished rooms; housekeeping.

TO RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, HEATED; light housekeeping; phone. 2209 Prairie-av.

West Side.

TO RENT—HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS, FURnished or unfurnished; elevated, electric; $2 and $3. 407 Fulton-st.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

South Side.

TO RENT—MODERN STONE FRONT HOUSE; elegant rooms; fine oak finish; steam heat; choice location; Grand-blvd. and State-st. cars; $47.50. Ry., $45; will sell, a bargain. PETER NILAND, 622 E. 63d-st.

TO RENT—IN KENWOOD, VERY DESIRABLE 10 room, furnished house.

H. E. ASH & CO., 23 E. 47th-st.

TO RENT—49 E. 37TH-ST., ADAPTED FOR club school, or sanitarium; good condition.

North Side.

TO RENT—NORTH SIDE HOUSES.

491 Fullerton-av., 12 room-corner house; combination gas and hot water heat; immediate possession; $70 per month.

OGDEN, SHELDON & COMPANY,
84 LA SALLE-ST. Main 4[illegible].

TO RENT—HOUSE, ONE BLOCK FROM NORTH and Lincoln Park; 8 rooms; modern in every respect; electric light and steam heat furnished free. Apply rentring office, 671 Wells-st.

Suburban.

TO RENT—EVANSTON—FURNISHED AND UNfurnished houses and apts.; $30 to $200 per mo. MASON & SMART, 1580 Sherman-av., Evanston.

Winter Resorts.

TO RENT—COMPLETELY FURNISHED MODern seven room house for season in Daytona, Fla. Address H 833, Tribune.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS.

TO RENT—FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED—My home, Michigan-av., 30th-st.; 3 baths, 4 settees, ball room, billiard room, two pianos, fine barn; also 2 flats, will rent from 5 to 5 years. Phone Wentworth 2417.

TO RENT — COMPLETELY FURN. 12 ROOM house, winter months; Evanston. Address E 58, Tribune.

TO RENT—FLATS.

South Side.

TO RENT—HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS, FURnished or unfurnished; elevated, electric; $2 and $3. 407 Fulton-st.

TO RENT—MODERN 4 ROOM FLAT, $26.50; 50th, near Grand-blvd.; 1 block 51st-st. L station. Phone Drexel 1326.

TO RENT—PARK OAKS APRTS., ONE 8 ROOM flat; steam, elevator, phone; L. surface, and I. C. trans.; $8 to $26. 215 E. 65d-st.

TO RENT—11½ 56TH-PL., NR. WOODLAND flat; 7 rooms; bath; 2 room flat; excellent bldg.; $22.50. See janitor.

TO RENT—4142 COTTAGE GROVE-AV., 5 rooms; bath; $27.50. H. S. NORCOTT & CO., 122 E. 42d-st.

TO RENT—3137 GROVELAND-AV., 7 ROOM flat; strictly modern; will decorate; 4th floor; $22. 1[illegible] Bldg., 181 La Salle-st. Central 6820.

TO RENT—FLAT 7 R., ALL OUTSIDE 2; ELR. steam, hot water. 104 E. 26th-st. Rent $22.50.

TO RENT—4 AND 7 ROOM HIGH CLASS APTS.; janitor service; steam heat and elevator.

TO RENT—4 ROOM FLAT, WITH RANGE and bath; 1818 Wabash-av. Barker & Jackson.

TO RENT—3 ROOM APARTMENT DECORATed, hardwood floors. 4000 Prairie-av., janitor.

TO RENT—NEW APARTMENTS.
4 AND 5 ROOMS—S. w. cor. Prairie-av. and 50th-st.; new 5 room ceilings in d. r.; elegant decorations; 5 rooms, $35; 6 rooms, corner, $42.50.

7 ROOMS—4043 Michigan-blvd., 3d flat; just finished; fine light; high grade; servants' lavatory.

6 ROOMS—4344-46 Calumet-av., finished in mahogany, oak, and white enamel; sideboards, tile bath, etc.; $40. JANITOR AT 4344 OR 4346.

5 AND 8 ROOMS—731 50th-st., east of Grand; new; all large, light rooms; hese pads, etc.; $30 and $35. 4[illegible] Indiana-av. S. 837, and 3[illegible] janitor.

7 ROOMS AND ALCOVE—4910 Vincennes-av., 1st flat; h. w. floors; sideboard, etc.; $45.

5 AND 8 ROOMS—N. w. cor. Vincennes-av. and 46th st., Kenwood; 5 rooms, tile bath, sideboards; will decorate to suit; $45 to $60.

5 ROOMS—4738 Calumet-av., cor. 48th, 3d flat; all outside rooms; hardwood floors; $27.50.

5 ROOMS—522 E. 50th-st., all modern, sideboard, h. w. floors, etc.; $32.

5 AND 6 ROOMS—5246 Wabash-av., single two flat bldg.; new; h. w. floors, sideboards, tile baths, etc.; fine light; $26 to $37.50; cor. 6 r., $40.

5 ROOMS—5030 Wabash-av.; hardwood floors and finish; sideboards; tile bath; low rent.

5 ROOMS—5038-40 Calumet-av., outside light, hardwood floors, tile bath, etc.; $27.50-$30.

7 ROOMS—4906 Michigan-av., 3d flat, new; servants' bath; high grade; $37.50.

5 ROOMS—5400 Indiana-av., 2d flat, corner; hardwood floors and finish; modern; $27.50.

4 ROOMS—56th-st., n. e. cor. Indiana; new; large rooms; all modern conveniences; $18.

5 ROOMS—747 46d-st., bet. Michigan and Wabash, fireproof; $27.50.

3 ROOMS—5620 Indiana-av., 3d flat, h. w. floors, sideboard, tile bath; $37½.

5 ROOMS—N. e. cor. 44th-st. and Forrestville-av.; hardwood floors, tile bath, beautiful decorations; good light; $27.50.

4 ROOMS—4202 Prairie-av., hardwood floors and finish, tile bath, etc.; $25.

6 ROOMS—4849 Lake-av., 2d flat, thoroughly high grade, exceptionally choice.

5 ROOMS—4718 Indiana-av., 3d flat; thoroughly modern; h. w. floors.

7 ROOMS—4221 Prairie-av., unheated; $25.

H. G. HOWARD & CO., 101 Washington-st.

5 ROOMS—Cor. 52d-st. and 36th and Prairie-av.

TO RENT—SPECIAL—
N. w. cor. Grand-blvd. and 38th-st., one elegant 7 room apartments, 2d floor, all outside light; beautifully finished; rent $37.50. Special concessions to May 1.

4630 Washington-av., delightful 8 room apartment; finest part of Kenwood, opposite Blackstone library, overlooking the lake; rent $55.

4729 Lake-av., elegant 7 room apartment; dining room opening on corner of bay window overlooking the lake; rent $60.

H. W. K. YOUNG & BRO., 204 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—NEAR DREXEL-BLVD.
Second floor, 303 E. 45th-st. Eight rooms and two baths, very large rooms; handsomely decorated; first class new building; all light; second and third floors of seven rooms and two baths at 309 E. 46th-st. These apartments must be seen to be appreciated. Janitor service. Rent reasonable to responsible tenants. Open for inspection daily. See janitor or

JOHN WORTHINGTON, Owner,
72 E. Madison-st.

TO RENT—FREE RENT TO DEC. 20TH.
Flats and rooms; electric light; low rents.
NEW STEAM HEATED APARTMENTS.
Near I. C. and "L"; beautifully finished in various woods; latest designs in sideboard and mantels; beam ceiling, open plumbing, plate rack, linowall dado in dining rooms, electric lights; $40 and $42.50.
DRAPER & DRAPER, 4[illegible] Vincennes-av.
Phone Hyde Park 627 and 647. 367 East 83d-st.

TO RENT—2 BEAUTIFUL NEW $55 5 ROOM apartments (can be used together as one); strictly modern; in best location; 2d floor; 1 block from S. S. "L"; will be subleased at a great sacrifice, account family leaving city. Inquire of janitor, or address GEO. NELSON, 1065 E. Garfield-blvd. 3d apt.

TO RENT—4656 WOODLAWN-

REAL ESTATE—WEST SIDE.

FOR SALE—OR LEASE—6 STORY AND BASEMENT buildings and ground at 21 to 27 South Jefferson-st. Ground space, 6,000 square feet; floor space, 19,600 square feet. Possession July 1, 1907.
F. W. McKINNEY & S. H. HODGE,
Telephone Central 6861. Real Estate Valuators.

FOR SALE—S. W. COR. WESTERN-AV. AND Congress-st., 160x178; 20 foot alley on south; transportation; both streets paved; stone and brick buildings; will lease for stores and flats; $250 per year; 14 x great bargain. Owner, 1 FELSENTHAL, State-st. Phone Douglas 586.

FOR SALE—THREE STORY BRICK RESIdence, h. w. cor. Park-av. and Lexington-st.; 14 rooms; splendidly arranged; 2 bathrooms; Modern; house in Wheaton. incumbrance $4,500; rental $420 per month; exchange. EMIL H. SCHINTZ, 150 Randolph.

FOR SALE—CHEAP; an 8 room house; $2,000 lot; near Milwaukee and Armitage-avs. Owner, A. OLLENDORF, 585 Evergreen-av.

FOR SALE—80x115; West side of Ashland-av., between Cuyler and Jefferson-sts. OGDEN, SHELDON & COMPANY, 84 LaSalle-st.

FOR SALE—BARGAIN IN VACANT AND improved property around Garfield Park; exchange if wanted. JOHN J. BOYD, 40th-av. and Harrison-st.

FOR SALE—$6 000 BUYS 125X112 FT. S. E. cor. Chicago and 52d-ave.; fine location for stores or overlook this; absolute bargain. LEONARD P. ROACH, 79 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—9 ROOM HOUSE, 447H-AV., WEST station on Met. L. extension and Western Ave. Works, only $2,500; just the place for one of them. 1003 Ill. Trust & Savings Bank Bldg., Monroe-st.

FOR SALE—TWO TWO & R. FRAME FLAT bldgs., in first class condition; 5 rooms and bath; Robey; E. F. PESSEY, 431 70 Dearborn. Phone Central 6619.

FOR SALE—2 FLAT, STONE FRONT; WITH heat; oak floors and finish; price, $6,000.

DERBY & CO., 144 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—TWO 50 FOOT CORNERS, improved; on South Halsted-st.; bargains. H. G. ZUTTERMEISTER & CO., 813 S. Halsted-st.

REAL ESTATE—NORTH SIDE.

FOR SALE—NORTH EDGEWATER AND ROGers Park homes; 7, 8, and 10 rooms; each one completed; lots 40, 80, and 90 feet front, 120 to 150 deep; prices until Jan. 1st, 1907, $3,200, $5,000, and up to $12,000; terms to suit. Write for plans and information.

NELSON & LEWIN, Builders,
502 Rector Bldg., 125 Monroe-st.
Phone Central 5477.

FOR SALE—AN ELEGANT RESIDENCE IN best part of Sheridan Park; has 10 rooms, tile finish and doors; perfect condition; for half cash, $2,000 cash; $100 quarterly, for 5 years; balance to suit purchaser; price, $10,000.
BAIRD & WARNER,
1817 Evanston-av.
Main office, 152 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—BIG SNAP IN SHERIDAN PARK. Stone front, 2 flat building at terminus N. W. "L"; price, $5,750; mtg., $3,000; terms on equity, $1,000 cash; balance, $50 per month; will pay for property; will take $1,500 clear of incumbrance in part payment. E. F. ROWLEY, 1922 Evanston-av.

FOR SALE—NORTH SIDE, NEAR N. W. R. R. station, new 2 story modern flat bldg.; stone front; or exchange for small residence on North Side; price, $6,000. Our lands are close in. Owner, GEO. J. L. MONONIG, 2551 North Ashland-av.

FOR SALE—STONE FRONT 2 FLAT BRAY; $4,250. Elegant location, near Sheridan Pk. Beautiful yard and surroundings. 6 r. cor. house heat; must see; this week.
REGELIN JENSON & CO., 1206 Chamber of Commerce.

FOR SALE—ROGERS PARK VACANT, CORNER lot, 80 feet, with riparian rights; also 60 feet on Sheridan-road, low price if sold at once.
COCHRAN & McCLUER, Exclusive Agents,
107 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—ONLY $25,000 FOR 808-10 WEST Grove-av.; modern building; rents $3,000; only $10,000 cash required. THIS IS ALMOST AUCTION. 117 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—SALOON CORNER, NEAR ELSTON field and Belmont-av., saloon and 7 flats; $2,900; price, $12,600.
ENGELMEYER & CO., 105 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—ROGERS PARK—$5,000—NEARLY modern 9 room residence, with large business frontage; easy terms; might take a choice vacant lot in part payment. Address H 322 Tribune.

FOR SALE—BARGAINS—A NUMBER OF FINE 2 FLAT BUILDINGS LOCATED ON CORNERS IN EDGEWATER, MARINE DRIVE, COR. OF EVANSTON AND ARGYLE-STS.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—80x244 FEET ON Clark-st., near Diversey-blvd.; double front; suitable for flats. STRASSHEIM & CO., 1276 N. Clark-st.

FOR SALE—CLOSING AN ESTATE; 3 CHICO homes, Diversey-blvd. and Sheridan-drive, 2 Lincoln Park, Swedish-Von Coldita, 845 W. Dearborn-st. Cent. 2748.

FOR SALE—BELDEN-AV. NEAR "L" STAtion, 8 sty. br. st. front, 16 flats; 6-7 rooms; steam heat; clear; rents $60 per mo.; $6,000 cash.
ERNST STOCK, 374 E. Division-st.

FOR SALE—115X100 FEET, NEAR CORNER Sheffield-av. and Belmont-av.; suitable for flat building.
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FOR SALE—NOS. 101, 103, 105 WELLS-ST., land, 115.16, s. f., between Indiana and Ohio sts.; want offer.
OGDEN, SHELDON & CO., 84 Clark-st.

FOR SALE—THREE FLAT 5 ROOMS; RENTAL $420; price $3,500; $1,000 cash.
WILLIAM LUEHRE, 644 Lincoln-st.

FOR SALE—ROGERS PARK PROPERTY.
H. H. BIRD & SON, Rogers Park offices, 6 La Salle-st. Tel. 8111 Main. Branch, Rogers Park.

FOR SALE—RAVENSWOOD, SHERIDAN PARK, and Edgewater homes on monthly payments.
WILLIAM ZANDER & SON, 401, 146 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—6 FLATS, 1505 AND 1507 GRACE st., near Rokeby; want offer. WALTER T. DWIGHT, 107 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—ROGERS PARK—1 BLOCK FROM Evanston-av., 25 ft. lot; a snap. Address E 312, Tribune.

FOR SALE—N. SIDE RESIDENCES; BARgains; easy terms; get list.
TEMPEL & CO., 175 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—447 ELM-ST., 10 ROOM HOUSE; modern conveniences; lot 25x100; price $7,500. MRS. E. W. CASE, 107 Dearborn-st.

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FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN—8th WINTHROP-av., Edgewater, 11 room house; lot 50x180. MANCHESTER & CO., 1 Monroe-st.

FOR SALE—ROGERS PARK—57TH ST. P. O. R. R.; newly paved street; paid for; only $1,400. MULHOLAND & SNEELING, 79 Dearborn.

FOR SALE—FINEST BUILDING LOT ON residence ¾ value. Address E S 508, Tribune.

REAL ESTATE—NORTHWEST SIDE.

FOR SALE—ACRE LOTS IN OUR GRAYLAND subdivision on terms of $250 cash and $250 every three months. See our agent on N. 48th-av., just south of Milwaukee-av.; he will show you these exceptional bargains, or send for plat and full particulars.
KOESTER & ZANDER, 69 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—ELEGANT BOULEVARD 8 ROOM flat; $40 month; Humboldt-blvd.; references required. REGELIN, JENSON & CO., 1206 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—$1,000 LOT, $400 DOWN; YOU OWN deed; make 1st mortg.; build your house; 1 to 2d mortg., bal. payable monthly. Investigate.
H. McCORMICK, 5626 Halsted-st.

REAL ESTATE—MFG. PROPERTY.

FOR SALE — 6 STORY AND 2 STORY AND basement buildings and ground 100 ft. x 120 feet; floor space, 19,600 square feet. Possession July 1, 1907.
F. W. McKINNEY & S. H. HODGE,
Telephone Central 6861. Real Estate Valuators.

FOR SALE—WE LOCATE INDUSTRIES ON L. R. switch and river. We build for tenants on long time lease downtown, and sell on easy terms. Special attention to sash and door manufacturers.
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FOR SALE—FINEST BUILDING LOT ON residence ¾ value. Address E S 508, Tribune.

REAL ESTATE—SUBURBAN.

FOR SALE—LOTS AND HOUSES AND LOTS, in the wonderful manufacturing city of Chicago Heights, the greatest manufacturing population over 15,000; 27 miles from the city; 2 hours by the C. & E. I. R. R.; 54 factories now running; about 6,000 hands and more coming; about 6,000 houses; sewers, water, gas, electric lights now laid; electric car line from Chicago to Chicago Heights; 4 miles of work for everybody; $250 and upwards on easy terms; 6 per cent interest; will take you there any time and we will pay all expenses to see this fast growing city; for information call or write
HAMMOND, LENON & CO.,
First National Bank Bldg., Chicago.

FOR SALE—BY OWNER, MICHIGAN FARM of 160 acres, 3 miles from Lake Michigan; 2 miles from Lake Shore; large or small tracts, $5 per acre and up; easy terms; adding better for homes and investment; 10 years' time; 6 per cent; 15th; 30 years' time; free fare to purchasers. POSMIKOTA, Real Estate, call or write, 6 W. SWIGART, Attorney-at-Law, First National Bank Building.

FOR SALE—THEY GO OUT.
Auctions every Tuesday to see full granaries, fine buildings and well watered pastures in south North Dakota, located in our 100,000 acre tract of choice farming and grazing lands. Get facts from WM. H. BROWN & CO., 311 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—RAILROAD LANDS IN THE PECOS Valley of Texas, capable of irrigation from the celebrated artesian belt; 10 years' time; 6 per cent interest; $10 per acre and upward; prices and terms. The best for homes or investments. JAMES E. BRADLEY, 203 Monadnock Blk.

FOR SALE—STREET BY HYDE CO. S. DA-kota; 5 miles from Highmore; a rare bargain; cash or cash; price $12.50 per acre.
GEO. W. ROSE, 105 Washington-st., Chicago.

FOR SALE—WELL IMPROVED FARMS; $20 to $40 per acre; 10 to 160 acres; 5 R. R.'s; fully equipped, house and barn; all under cultivation; 2 acres of orchard; on Pine River, Ind.
JOSEPH T. McKNIGHT, 86 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—FINE, 160 ACRE WELL [TILE] drained farm; sacrifice sale; a rare opportunity. J. J. McFALL, Elma, Iowa.

FOR SALE—THE CHEAPEST GOOD LAND IN Iowa. Low prices and easy payments. Write, J. J. McFALL, Elma, Iowa.

FOR SALE—ONLY $20 FOR FINE 200 ACRE farm in beautiful lake. S. STOFFEL, West Bend, Ia.

FOR SALE—FARM OF 235 ACRES, BETWEEN Carroll and Glidden, Iowa; on R. R.; fine improvements; $60 per acre. Address Box 243, Nunda, Ill.

REAL ESTATE—COUNTRY.

FOR SALE—TEXAS LAND SALE—
1,000 acres rich farm land; large or small tracts; 5 years' time; 6 per cent interest; balance of land in timber; $5 to $15 per acre; 2 miles from railroad town. Booklet free.
JAMES E. BRADLEY, 203 Monadnock Blk.

FOR SALE—RGGERS PARK—57TH ST. P. O. R. R.; newly paved street; paid for; only $1,400. MULHOLAND & SNEELING, 79 Dearborn.

FOR SALE—WRITE ALBERT F. BRAYTON, Hubbard Woods, Chicago. I will tell you how I can sell you Marion pine land and farms. 82 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—GENTLEMAN'S home, 9 room house; hot water heat; 4½ acres, most unusual; $6,500. Address E R 509, Tribune.

FOR SALE—A VIRGIN TIMBER LANDS. with Alabama coal at 50 cents per acre. 7,000 ft. of it. VAN GILDER & BRO., 315 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—OKLAHOMA AND TEXAS LANDS; 160 acres, $4 and $5 monthly; each $200. BAKER MORGAN & EVANS, 140 Dearborn.

REAL ESTATE—FRUIT LANDS.

FOR SALE—ATTENTION, HOME SEEKERS. 320 acres Butte Co., Cal., near Marysville; 160 acres olives, figs, peaches; 240 acres valuable mineral springs; price $60,000; terms, $25,000 cash. Will soon pay for itself, and any one can run it. Other bargains. Write
C. C. SPOTSWOOD, Suite 507, 239 Dearborn-st., Chicago Ill.

FOR SALE—IN THE FINEST, WEST INDIES, fruit land. Acreage and terms to suit. The Land Co., 507 Monadnock, Chicago.

FOR SALE—20 ACRES, HOUSE, BARN, 10 acres cultivated, 10 pasture, $2,500.
EUGENE PRINDILLE, Lawton, Mich.

FOR SALE—ALABAMA FRUIT FARM AND timber lands. Huntsville Valley Land Co., 329 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—WE HAVE SOME GOOD BARGAINS in fruit farms, corn and see or write.
A. S. DOWNING, Paw Paw, Mich.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—STORY AND ONE-HALF COTTAGE with 30 or 37½ foot lot, six rooms downstairs or five living rooms upstairs; state price, terms and distance from transportation; condition of street, etc. Address H 318, Tribune. No communication unless full description is given.

WANTED—OWNERS HAVE YOU ANY WEST flat buildings east of Douglas Park that you want to sell? We have cash customers waiting. Please call or write
FOLLOW & PERLMAN, 274 W. 12th-st.

WANTED—FROM OWNERS—NORTH SIDE 3 flat building; unheated; buyers waiting.
HIBERNIAN BANK, Agt., Monroe and Clark-sts.

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE—GILT EDGE 6 per cent, industrials, for improved Chicago real estate. Address E S 171, Tribune.

WANTED—CHICAGO PROPERTY, IMPROVED or vacant; will pay cash and close deal quickly.
J. WATSON, 100 Washington-st.

WANTED—MODERN 2 FLAT BUILDING; GOOD close in or convenient to car; about $6,000. J. L. KLECKNER, 1 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—3 story stone front, with basement, 5 and 6 rooms, Logan square or Humboldt park; cash.
Savings Bank, 197 Milwaukee-av.

WANTED—BEST INCOME PROPERTY for cash; state particulars; North or South Side; will pay cash. Address H 387, Tribune.

WANTED—ONE SPOT CASH, MODERN 3 OR 6 flat building. Address E 507, Tribune.

WANTED—ONE STORY BUILDING CONTAINing 4 rooms, located on North Side.
FREDERICK H. HOTT, 163 Randolph-st.

WANTED—FOR CASH, BARGAINS IN 2 AND 3 flat houses; we act quick. RICHARD A. KLECK & CO., 1 Washington-st.

WANTED—GOOD, MODERN 2 FLAT BUILDING; must be cheap; will pay cash. Address E T 502, Tribune.

WANTED—3 OR 3 STORY FLAT, DETACHED or stone front, 12in.-st. to Washington, Center-av., or Grand-av. J. J. McFALL.

WANTED—FOR CASH, IMPROVED IN AUSten, Oak Park, Austin, Evanston or Chicago. Phone Austin 5043.

WANTED—BARGAINS, CITY PROPERTY. HOUGHTELING & CO., 100 Washington-st.

WANTED—FROM OWNER, STOVE HEATED flat building, business street, $12,000 to $15,000. DICKEY, Bennett Block.

WANTED—FROM OWNER—NORTH SIDE 2 OR 3 flat building; will pay cash. Address E S 204, Tribune.

WANTED—FOR CASH, LARGE OR SMALL, improved or unimproved; 98,500. Address E R 510, Tribune.

Real Estate Listed.

WANTED—WE HAVE CASH BUYERS WAITing for improved and vacant property in all sections of the city; 2 bids are greatly in demand; if you want to sell, yours list it with us.
JOHN J. FORBES & CO., 146 La Salle-st.

WANTED—OWNERS, IF YOU WANT TO SELL your vacant and improved property send us full particulars. We have cash customers waiting.
F. C. AMBERG & CO., 106 Washington-st.

WANTED—FOR CASH—HYDE PARK—2, 3, OR 6 flat bldgs.; customers waiting who buy quick if price is right.
HOLTON, SEELYE & CO., 204 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—YOUR NONPRODUCTIVE REAL ESTATE to sell or trade for choice income; send description or call. EULETTE & CO., 167 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—FOR CASH BUYERS—2 AND 3 flat bldgs. near N. W. "L"; must pay well. Quick deals. J. F. HECHT, 126 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—WE HAVE A SPECIAL FUND TO invest in Chicago bargains; prompt; action and quick deals. E. H. WOOLF & CO., 126 State-st.

REAL ESTATE TO EXCHANGE.

WILL EXCHANGE FOR A FARM OR WILD land, one large two story brick hotel, located in Aurora, Ill. All furniture complete throughout with good carpets, furniture, dishes, curtains, bar fixtures, etc.; not cheap, worn out stuff, but good first class furnishings, such as would be found in a first class $2 a day house. Address C. E. KING, Pittsville, Wis.

TO EXCHANGE—KANE CO. FARMS, NEAR Elgin, Ill., 160 acres, nice river front; clear; improvements, $110 per acre. 116 acres, one mile from station, well improved, $12,000. 45 acres, first class improvements, mile from station, price $5,000; will take same value in good Chicago income; can deal quick. J. V. MINK, Elgin, Ill.

FOR EXCHANGE—2 STORY STONE FRONT flat building, 5 and 6 rooms, hardwood finish; modern conveniences; price $5,500; incumbrance $3,500; will exchange equity for vacant or residence.
NEKELLI & LEONARDSON,
100 Washington-st.

WANT VACANT OR IMPROVED, WELL LOcated, FOR $18,000 EQUITY IN MODERN NEW 2 FLAT BLDG. NEAR ARMOUR-AT. ED EXPRESS STATION; RENTS $3,600; MTG. $15,000, 5%.
C. H. MULLIKEN, 108 DEARBORN-ST.

TO EXCHANGE—$35,000—NEW MODERN 12 flat building and lot 100x100; on Prairie-av., bet. 50th and 55th-sts.; now rented $6,900 per year; want clear land, farm or good clear lot; worth $25,000. It will please any one.
T. B. BOYD, 503, 145 La Salle-st.

FOR EXCHANGE—$7½X150 FEET ON LINDEN-av. near Dempsey-blvd. and 50x132 feet on Perry-st., near Irving Park-blvd., both clear, for flat building; will assume. STRASSHEIM & CO., 1276 N. Clark-st.

WANTED—CHOICE SUBDIVISION PROPERTY. West or Northwest, worth $100,000. Must have good transportation and clear. Will give clear business block. Choice location.
QUINLAN & TYSON, 70 Dearborn-st.

FOR EXCHANGE—571 ACRES, NEWAYGO CO., Michigan, fruit and vegetable lands; unimproved; fine trout stream through tract; price $10 acre; want clear vacant or equity improved.
WILL WEBSTER, 188 Madison-st., R. 507.

FOR EXCHANGE—CLEAR, 520 ACRES IMproved farm, Missouri; $20 per acre; $10,000 for good income property; will assume. RALPH E. SNOW & CO., 161 W. Madison-st.

TO EXCHANGE—Join us. CALUMET-AV. near 51st-st.; rents $2,960; mtg. $14,000; want residence, North Side, for equity.
C. H. MULLIKEN, 108 DEARBORN-ST.

TO EXCHANGE—FOR OLD IMPROVED OR VAcant 9 flat bldg., rent $4,050; close to Alley L, 47th and Indiana-av. cars; best investment on the market today. LEO F. WOLF & CO., 1420 Chamber of Commerce Bldg.

I OWN $34,000 WORTH OF HIGH CLASS UNINcumbered Chicago vacant; will exchange same for Dakota wheat lands. D. W. POTTER, 112 Dearborn-st.

TO EXCHANGE—FLATS, HOUSES, LOTS, north shore acres and homes; also Illinois farms and stock; clear; will trade; will buy for cash for owners. MURRAY & TERRY, 188 Madison-st., 300 ACRES IN WHITESIDE, 300 ACRES IN Ogle, 480 acres in Kankakee, and a lot more clear farms to exchange for city property. H. B. ALLEN, in person, 640 Unity Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—VACANT IN HYDE PARK FOR $17,000 equity in flat new building; rent $3,600. Address E 574, Tribune.

TO EXCHANGE—100 FEET ON KENESAW TERrace, near the lake, for a $10,000 house or North Side flat. GEO. J. L. MONONIG, 2551 North Ashland-av.

FOR EXCHANGE—120 ACRES 4 MILES KANkakee, improved, value $12,000, for 3 flat near Alley L. Lock Box 585, Kankakee, Ill.

STOCK OF GENERAL MERCHANDISE WANTed in exchange for improved Chicago real estate bringing a good rental. Address H 334, Tribune.

EXCHANGE—RANCH FOR CHICAGO PROPERty; will assume; also make loans. E. S. OLSON & CO., 163 E. Randolph-st.

TO EXCHANGE—PARK-AV. 3 FLAT FINE bldg.; rents $3,600; price, $4,500; price, $10,000. Address E S 171, Tribune.

FOR EXCHANGE—NEW 12 FLAT BLDG., B. S., cor.; rental, $2,400. Want quick deal.
WM. L. SHAW & CO., 100 Washington-st.

MY EXCHANGE LIST BIGGEST IN CHICAGO. Call or write if you have anything to exchange.
PEACOCK, 180 La Salle-st., Room 711.

TO EXCHANGE — LARGE HOUSE AND grounds, Palos Park. Want city property. Will assume. N. A. MAYER, 132 La Salle-st.

TO EXCHANGE—MY NEW 2 STORY GREEN brick building for Northwest Side vacant or improved property. ANDREWS, 949 Argyle-av.

EXCHANGE—CASH FOR INCOME PROPERty. Harry Helmick, 1159 1st Nat. Bank Bldg.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

Cochran & McClure
107 Dearborn-st.

Make loans on improved and vacant property; also building loans at lowest rates; quick service; prepayment privileges.

H. O. STONE & CO.,

10 phones, all Main 328. 209 La Salle-st.
NO COMMISSION: NO DELAY. LOANS ON CHICAGO and suburban real estate. Lowest rates.

WE MAKE LOANS AND PUT UP BUILDINGS COMPLETE. Balance of $100 to $500 SETS PLANS TO SELECT FROM; UNIFORM COURTESY TO ALL; EXPERIENCED, RESPONSIBLE BUILDERS.
ALLISON & GOLBECK, 115 Dearborn.

MONEY TO LOAN—
We have money on hand to loan at the lowest market rates on improved Chicago real estate.
WINSTON & COMPANY,
Tel. Cent. 4041. 1414 First Nat'l Bank Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN—
Prompt attention to all.
Building loans and prepayment privileges.
E. H. GUNN & RUDOLPH,
402 Chamber of Commerce Bldg.

FOR SALE—$5,000 MTG.; NEW 3 STY. FLAT; value $11,000. Also $2,000 mtg.; new flats; value $4,500; mtgs. are guaranteed by Title and Trust Co. to be a first lien on property. ALLISON, 508, 115 Dearborn-st.

MEAD & COE, Established 1867.
100 Washington-st.

Money to loan on improved real estate in Chicago and suburbs. Lowest rates and prompt attention.

JENNINGS COMPANY
Real Estate and Loan Trust
31 Monroe and Dearborn-sts.

MAKES BUILDING LOANS IN 24 HOURS.

FOR SALE—6 PER CENT FIRST MORTGAGES. $1,100; $1,200, $1,300, $2,000 $6,000. Send for list. SAM KNOWLES, 1 and 3 LaSalle-st.

WANTED—SECOND MORTGAGE LOAN OF $5500 on $35,000 property; 8 per cent commission, 7 per cent interest; improved; monthly payments. Address E S 408, Tribune.

FIRST MORTGAGE LOANS ON IMPROVED Chicago real estate promptly made by the Massachusetts Mutual Life Insurance Company.
O. E. FIFIELD, Mgr., 125 Adams-st.

CHICAGO SAVINGS REAL ESTATE LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY. MADISON-STS. Loans on improved Chicago real estate at reasonable rates. Building loans made.

FIRST MORTGAGE LOANS FOR SALE TO NET investor 5% to 5½%, secured by first class Chicago and suburban improved real estate.
GREENEBAUM & SONS, BANKERS.

LOANS MADE ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE. LOWEST RATES.
SPECIAL FUND TO LOAN IN SMALL amounts; frame bldgs. considered; we make no security; lowest rates; no delay; first mortgages for sale. BRATTSTROM & OLIN, 70 La Salle-st.

MONEY LOANED WITHOUT COMMISSION AT LOWEST RATES
ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE.
R. PRINDIVILLE, R. 617 Chi. Stock Exchange.

WANTED—TO BORROW $25,000 ON CITY IMproved property; value $65,000; rental $7,800. Address H 313, Tribune.

MONEY TO LOAN ON IMPROVED REAL ESTate at current rates of interest.
WM. D. KERFOOT & CO., 87 Washington-st.

WANTED—LOAN OF $3,500 ON MY HIGH grade 12 room brick residence; desirable location, Lake View. Address J J 307, Tribune.

J. WM. HOWARD & CO., 100 WASHINGTON-ST.
Money to loan on vacant and improved real estate; small or large amounts; at lowest rates.

SECOND MORTGAGE LOANS AT ONE-HALF regular rates made promptly; easy terms; no foreclosures. Room 905, 127 Dearborn-st.

$200 TO $50,000 TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE.
A. C. TISDELLE, BANKER.
94 La Salle-st.

$10,000 TO LOAN ON CITY INCOME, IN SUMS of $1,000 to $10,000. Answer in 24 hours.
JOSEPH T. McKNIGHT, 86 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—WELL SECURED 6% 1ST MORTgages, $300 upward. SAFE AND PROFITABLE.
BOLEN & STEWART, 140 Dearborn-st.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES ON IMproved Chicago real estate security.
JOHN B. KNIGHT & CO., 90 Washington-st.

CALLISTUS S. ENNIS & CO., 122 MONROE-ST.—Money to loan on first mortgages at lowest rates. Mortgages for sale from $1,000 up.

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE AT 5% and 1½% commission, including building loans. PETER VAN VLISSINGEN, 177 Washington-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON IMPROVED CHICAGO real estate at lowest rates. A. S. MALTMAN & CO., 1554 Wrightwood-av. Tel. North 358.

JOHN E. COLNON, 90 WASHINGTON-ST.—Loans on real estate; best terms; no delay; we pass on security. Building loans a specialty.

LAWYER HAS $15,000 TO LOAN ON PART OF loan on Chicago real estate. Address E R 511, Tribune.

MONEY LOANED ON REAL ESTATE—3500 and up.
MADDEN BROS., 204 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—FIRST MORTGAGE LOANS FROM $800 to $5,000; building & loan and 7 per cent.
BRATTSTROM & OLIN, 70 La Salle-st.

HAVE A SPECIAL FUND OF $40,000 TO LEND at once in a lump sum on improved
R. H. STONEHOUSE & CO., 79 La Salle-st.

SECOND MORTGAGE LOANS PROMPTLY made; easy terms; ½ regular rates. Henry & Isaacson, Chicago Opera House, 1st Clark-st., R. 504.

MONEY TO LOAN—ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE. Chicago improved real estate. FRED MILLER, s. e. cor. 5th-av. and Madison-st., Security Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN—IMPROVED AND VACANT property, at lowest rates. We pass on titles.
E. N. WEART & CO., 115 Dearborn-st.

SECOND MORTGAGE LOANS MADE PROMPTly. Lowest rates. Room 905, 127 Dearborn-st.

GEO. W. COBB & CO., 101 DEARBORN-ST.—Money to loan on mortgages at lowest rates.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

[Established 1873.]

Edgar M. Snow & Co.
101 WASHINGTON-ST.

REAL ESTATE AND MORTGAGE BROKERS. APPRAISERS OF REAL ESTATE.

Negotiate loans, collect rents, and pay taxes. Real estate bought, sold, leased, and managed on commission.
LOANS PROMPTLY MADE
on Chicago and suburban realty at lowest rates.

FOR SALE—FIRST MORTGAGE LOANS, AS follows:

Amount.	Term.	Int.	Value security
$ 300	3 years	6%	$ 600
500	2 years	6%	1,500
900	2 years	6%	3,000
1,700	4 years	6%	4,000
1,700	5 years	6%	5,200
2,000	5 years	6%	5,000
2,700	5 years	6%	6,500

C. L. CASWELL, 1244 First Nat. Bank Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN

On improved Chicago real estate at low rates. No delay and no attorney's fees. Call or address, COLONIAL TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK, 205 La Salle-st., n. e. corner Adams.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.
Advantageous prepayment privileges.
BUILDING LOANS.

ABSOLUTELY SAFE—3% TO 6%.
TITLE GUARANTEED.
FIRST MORTGAGE INVESTMENTS.
WM. C. HEINEMANN & CO., 92 LA SALLE-ST.

JOHN P. MARSH & COMPANY, BANKERS, 1020 TRIBUNE BUILDING.
HIGH GRADE MORTGAGES FOR SALE.
Represent large estates and loan the funds of several corporations and many individuals.
Money loaned on real estate in the North, West, and South Sides at the lowest rates.
BUILDING LOANS A SPECIALTY.

Baird & Warner,
90 La Salle-st.

Make loans on city and suburban property. Building loans; quick action. Lowest rates.

PERSONAL PROPERTY LOANS.

MONEY— MONEY— MONEY—
ARE YOU IN NEED OF MONEY?
IF SO, HOW MUCH DO YOU WANT AMOUNT YOU WISH FROM $20 TO $1,000 ON THE FOLLOWING SECURITY, LOCATED ANYWHERE IN CHICAGO:
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, CARRIAGES, WAGONS, WAREHOUSE RECEIPTS, DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELRY, ETC.
THE PROPERTY TO REMAIN UNDISTURBED IN YOUR POSSESSION. YOU CAN REPAY THE MONEY WHEN YOU MAKE APPLICATION AND WITH NO PUBLICITY. LOANS CAN BE PAID BACK AT ANY INSTALLMENT PAYMENT DAY. BORROWING AND EACH PAYMENT SO MADE WILL LESSEN THE COST OF THE LOAN. THERE ARE NO RESTRICTIONS OF ANY KIND. MOVING WHEN YOU WISH. NO CHARGES OF ANY KIND TAKEN OUT IN ADVANCE. YOU RECEIVE THE FULL AMOUNT OF THE LOAN IN CASH.
MAIN OFFICES OF
THE CHICAGO MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
175 BRANBORN-ST.
ROOMS 216 AND 217.

THE CHICAGO MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
180 W. MADISON-ST., ROOM 202.
S. E. COR. HALSTED-ST.

MONEY— —$15 TO $500
LOANS ON
FURNITURE, PIANOS, ETC.
RELIANCE LOAN CO.
100 WASHINGTON-ST., ROOM 504.
(TWO DOORS EAST OF STATE.)
PHONE: CENTRAL 2618.
Branch Office,
4632 STATE-ST., OAKLAND 1876.

CUT RATES ON PERSONAL AND PIANO loans: $25 for 70c a month $50 for $1.50 a month; $75 for $2 a month; $100 for $2.50 a month; in fact in a few days you have all advantages offered by others. Tel. 5493 Central.
MUTUAL SECURITY CO.,
Suite 1001 Tacoma Building, 4th floor.

MONEY LOANED ——— 1½%
CHICAGO STATE PAWNERS' SOCIETY, 707 Clark and Washington streets. Loans on diamonds, watches, jewelry, silverware, sealskins, revol

M'REYNOLDS FACES A JURY

TAKING OF TESTIMONY REGARDING HIS PRACTICES BEGUN.

State Accuses Former Grain Dealer of Fraud in Selling Corn Which Was Collateral for Loan—Trial Expected to Last a Week—Defendant and His Wife in Court and Often Talking in Low Tones Over Developments of the Trial.

The taking of testimony in the case of George S. McReynolds, former board of trade operator, who is accused of fraudulent practices in connection with his grain elevator business, was begun yesterday afternoon in Judge Mack's court.

Although nearly thirty indictments are pending against McReynolds, the state will attempt to make its case on one complaint, that of the Corn Exchange National bank, which holds one of the warehouse receipts of the McReynolds Elevator company. Other banks alleged to have been victimized may be called upon later to supplement the evidence to be given under the one indictment.

State Outlines Its Case.

After the completion of the jury Assistant State's Attorney Barbour early in the afternoon outlined the charges. He also explained how McReynolds notified all of the bankers holding receipts of the elevator company that he had emptied the elevators of all the grain and that he could pay them nothing on their receipts. This notification was made Jan. 18, 1906, when the company went into the hands of the receiver.

"The Corn Exchange National bank," said Mr. Barbour, "held one of the McReynolds receipts for 4,679 bushels of No. 2 yellow corn, and we will attempt to show that there were only 2,000 bushels of corn of all varieties in the South Chicago elevator on Jan. 18 last. The law says that the elevator companies must keep on hand grain to cover all receipts given to banks for loans. We will attempt to show that the grain was sold and sent out from the elevators, although some of the receipts given was canceled."

Elevator Employes on Stand.

Paul Blume and Fred Morgan, former employés at the elevator, testified concerning the grain on hand on Jan. 18 last. Blume said that there were a number of cars of corn in the yards at that time.

Little evidence of importance was brought out during the afternoon. Mr. and Mrs. McReynolds sat through the session, near the witness stand. They displayed no apparent anxiety over the case, although they talked in low tones frequently. W. J. Hynes, Colin C. B. Fyffe, and Joseph O. Morris appeared as attorneys for the defendant.

Attorney Barbour said the trial will last probably a week. It will be resumed this morning.

LORD & THOMAS HOLD ELECTION

Stockholders Choose Directors and Latter Make C. R. Erwin President and A. D. Lasker Secretary-Treasurer.

At a meeting of the stockholders of Lord & Thomas yesterday the following directors were elected: C. R. Erwin, A. D. Lasker, H. L. Kramer, James F. Ryan.

The directors then met and elected the following officers:

President—C. R. Erwin.
Vice president—H. L. Kramer.
Secretary and treasurer—A. D. Lasker.

Hot Springs, Ark.
Park Hotel now open. Special fall rates.

Friday, Nov. 30th.

Keep This Date Open.

We Announce a

Great Triple Purchase and Triple Sale of Men's and Boys' Clothing

3,300 Men's Overcoats
2,950 Men's Suits
From Werthan & Hanauer, 704-706 Broadway, N. Y.

4,500 Pairs Men's Trousers
From Rose Bros., 715 Broadway, N. Y.

2,500 Boys' & Youths' Overcoats
2,100 Boys' & Youths' Suits
From Julius Herrman & Co., 14-16 Washington Place, N. Y.

These enormous purchases, aggregating 15,350 garments, constitute the most remarkable offering we have ever announced in Men's and Boys' Wearing Apparel.

The Savings Average 45%!

Full particulars in Thursday's Tribune and Friday's Examiner.

All Charge Purchases Friday will be entered on December account.

Let Nothing Prevent Your Participation in This, the Greatest Sale of Clothing Ever Held in Chicago.

SIEGEL COOPER & CO
THE BIG STORE Chicago's Economy Center

Mandel Brothers

Continuing our great sale of smart tailored suits, $25

AGAIN and again we have replenished lines in this splendid selling event, adding hundreds of clever creations in order to keep pace with the demand. At this price we have set a new standard in suit selling that bids fair to equal our $25 coat business—you know what that means. *2d floor, State-st.*

The materials of these handsome suits are of the very best, and the tailoring is far superior to that of any tailor made suits ever offered at this price or near it.

They are made of fine English broadcloth in black and a large variety of new colors, and a few fancy mixtures. We have also included in this assortment all of our odd lots of suits, some of which have sold as high as $40. Choose today from this entire collection at

$25 $25

Private Exchange 10—Local No. 97 and 49.

Holiday gifts for Young America

IN securing your Christmas gifts for the little ones don't confine your purchases to those which give pleasure only, but visit our infants' wear section and obtain something which not only will afford great pleasure, but will also be useful as a protection from winter's chilly blasts. *3d floor, State-st.*

Moleskin, cheviot and chinchilla cloth coats, with full box back and double breasted front; two, three and four year sizes, priced at $5.

White bearskin bonnets, close fitting, trimmed with ribbon bow and beaver heads and edged with lace ruching; all sizes; priced at 1.50.

Infants' close-fitting velvet bonnets, in all colors, finished with self piping and ribbon ties, specially priced at $1.

Infants' knitted wool toques, in light and dark colors, just the thing to wear on cold days, prices from 25¢ to 50¢.

Infants' white wool knit drawer-leggins, with or without feet, in sizes from 6 months to 4 years, prices 95¢ to 1.25.

Men's Thanksgiving Neckwear

JUST a step inside the State street entrance you will find a world of novelties in cravats for men—the correct ideas for every occasion. The colorings are exceptionally varied and beautiful. As ever, the most popular shape is the four-in-hand, although a few folded squares are being shown. An excellent selection, prices 50c, $1, $1.50, $2, $2.50 and $3.

Thanksgiving special: A handsome line of 2, 2½ and 2¾ inch French seam four-in-hands, in white, grays and fancy light colored effects, actual $1 value, specially priced at 50¢.

An extensive line of men's mufflers and reefers, including fine stamped peau de crepe, at only $1.

Sample bath robes—a remarkable saving opportunity. $5 robes, at $3.50—$7 robes, at only $4.50.

Fashionable kid gloves for men

CORRECT styles for all occasions. Fashion's newest ideas, as brought out by the leading makers, including Trefousse, Fownes, Dent's, Adler and others. All of this season's most desirable shades and styles including tans, black, browns, English reds, etc., priced at $1 to 2.50. *First floor, State-st.*

Men's unlined, silk lined and fleece lined sample gloves, in suede and glace finish, at special sale price of $1.

Men's gloves, Fownes', Adler's and other reliable makes; unlined and silk lined, at sale price of 1.50.

Men's dress and street kid gloves, Trefousse, Dent's and Fownes' makes; price, pair, $2 and 2.50.

A full line of men's fur lined and automobile gloves; the prices range from 1.50 up to $25.

1.25 Marie Antoinette silks only 50¢

A beautiful pure silk fabric, in jacquard figures, a rich, lustrous fabric. The last shipment of the immense lot recently purchased will be placed on sale today. A good color assortment, including greens, grays, blues, old rose, helio, pense, etc., also black, 28 in. wide, 1.25 value, per yard, 50c. *First floor.*

Comfortable sweaters for the Thanksgiving football game

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3.75. 3.95

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VOLUME LXV.—NO.

TRYING TO CHECK THE ALIEN FLOOD

Coming Session of Congress to See Renewal of Contest Over Bill to Restrict Immigration.

HOUSE STANDS IN WAY

Effort Will Be Made to Restore Educational Test and Perhaps Increase the Head Tax.

BY RAYMOND.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 28.—[Special.] While the appropriations committees of the two houses of congress are working over the supply bills to run the government for another year, a conference committee representing the two houses will begin a series of sessions which may last for weeks and which are certain to emphasize the different views on the immigration question.

For years it has been the dream of restrictive officers to secure some practical restriction upon the tide of immigration into this country from the more undesirable classes in southeastern Europe. One president after another has recommended legislation of this character and bills frequently have been passed, but in each case the senate, owing to the timidity of some members of congress and to the strong foreign agitations of others.

The present immigration bill was passed by the senate, and when it came over to the house that body struck out all of the senate bill except the enacting clause and substituted a new measure, turned down its own committee, eliminated the educational clause entirely, left the head tax as it is at present, and provided for the creation of one of those useless commissions which are forever digging into governmental subjects and which seldom if ever develop anything of value in proportion to their cost.

See Peril in Illiteracy.

The whole purpose of the bill passed by the senate was to cut down immigration from southern Italy, Russia, and Austria-Hungary without in any way designating those countries in contravention of the favored nation clause in the usual treaties. When the students of the immigration problem were able to get their statistics together they discovered that the south Italians, Poles, Slovaks, and Russian Hebrews were not only extremely poor but generally were deficient in education. There is no test of the accuracy of the arriving immigrants which is at all accurate. The existing law does not compel the immigrant to show whether or not he can read or write. A record is kept at the immigration station, but it is based entirely upon the unsupported statements of the immigrants themselves. Many of them have been warned in regard to this question and insist that they can read or write Yiddish or in some obscure dialect, because they think in that way their chances for admission into this country will be brighter.

Taking their own statements, however, which are, of course, far within the truth, it is found that 56 per cent of the south Italians, 46 per cent of the Poles, 25 per cent of the Slovaks, and 23 per cent of the Hebrews are wholly illiterate. Making allowance for the obvious inaccuracy of these statistics, it is probable that 75 per cent of the south Italians would be classed as illiterate on an educational test, and the Hebrews, if Yiddish dialects were eliminated, would be found to be largely if not entirely illiterate according to modern standards. The significance of these figures is shown when one compares them with the fact that out of every 100 Germans there are only four who cannot read or write, only three Irish, and only one English and Scandinavian.

Coming in a Flood.

Many years ago immigration officials learned with alarm that there had begun a great racial movement from southeastern Europe to the United States. The Germans and Hebrews were driven out of their countries by religious and governmental persecution. They could not find a congenial home in Hungary, or in any minor principalities on the southwestern border of Russia. It was entirely natural that they should drift to England and the United States, and naturally chose the latter direction in spite of the greatly increased distance, on account, presumably, of the better chances in this country for a desperately poor man to earn his living.

Before the Jews began to come in large numbers, however, the south Italians started by tens of thousands for America. They were an agricultural people, but they have never gone into farming in this country to any large extent. They are good laborers and they find ready employment in the large cities, railroad camps, and last, and most numerously of all, in the coal mines of Pennsylvania and West Virginia. They have filled the tenement districts in New York and Boston and a quarter of a million or so of them are being dumped into this country every year.

Coming of the Slovaks.

After the Italian and Jewish wave had become fairly set toward this country there began a similar movement of the Slovak people. The Danubian provinces began to disgorge. The Cunard people found it possible to put steamers from Triest, and the Mediterranean steerage trade has within the last few years risen to extraordinary proportions. The great migration from southeastern Europe, which used to cross to take the German steamers, now comes almost exclusively by the direct line.

Taking the figures as compiled for the year ending June 30, 1906, it will be seen that there were 279,002 immigrants from Austria-Hungary, 221,479 from Italy, and 184,897 from Russia. The total immigration was 1,025,000. Of these, therefore, no less than 681,969 came from southeastern Europe and represented what may be called the illiterate races. Of the admissions of the immigrants themselves it is figured out that 239,069 were unable to read or write. It is the opinion of immigration officers that if a rigid test were to be applied it would be found that not less than 600,000, and probably more, would be classed as illiterates.

It does not follow that a man who can read and write is not a good addition to a country, provided he be of good moral character and has a certain amount of physical capacity for work. Other things being equal, however, he is not as good a man as his neighbor who can read.

Need of Educational Test.

The idea of an illiteracy test has been to keep out these undesirable immigrants from the southeast of Europe, not only because they were ignorant but because they are not of

(Continued on page 2, column 5.